when they are more than double the number of the Muslims. (KT.) = : see .

7: see , in two places.

8. هَارَ see هَارَ, last signification. __ It (a thing, S) perished. (S, K.)

A man plunging, or falling, or who plunges, or falls, into an affair with little care [for the consequences thereof]. (S.) See 5.

ھوس

Somewhat of madness, or insanity, or diabolical possession, (S, A, K,) in the head: (A:) or a vertigo, or giddiness, and confused noise, in the head. (A, TA.) — Hence used by the vulgar to signify Hope. (TA.)

Affected with somewhat of madness, or insanity, or diabolical possession. (Ibn-'Abbád, K.) — A man who talks to himself. (A.) — Sometimes, One who is affected with melancholy, and with vain, or unprofitable, suggestions. (TA.) — And One who occupies himself with the science of alchemy. (TA.)

هوش

1. هُوشٌ , aor. يَهُوشُ , inf. n. هُوشٌ , (Ş, A, Msb,) It (a company of men) was, or became, in a state of conflict and faction, sedition, discord, or dissension: (Msb:) he, or it, (a number of people,) fell into a bad state, or state of disorder or disturbance; as also هُوِشٌ, like غُوسٌ; [indicating that its aor. is -, and its inf. n. as above;] and * تہوش: (TA:) it (a company of men, S, A) mas, or became, roused, or excited; (A, TA;) in a state of commotion, agitation, convulsion, tumult, or disturbance; (S, A, TA;) and in like manner, مُوَّشُّم, said of the belly, it was, or became, in a state of commotion, agitation, &c., by reason of leanness: (S:) or هُوشٌ, like سُمِعٌ, [see above,] (K,) aor. -, inf. n. هُوشْ, (TK,) he (a man, TK) was, or became in a state of commotion, agitation, &c.; or his belly became small, syn. صُغْر , (K, TA, [or empty, (صُغْر being perhaps a mistranscription for op, for it is said in

another part of this art. in the TA that الهُوشُ signifies "the belly's being empty,")] by reason of leanness; from IF: (TA:) or it (the belly) became so. (IF, TA.) __ الأبل , (JK, TA,) or الخَيْلُ, (A,) أَفَى الْغَارَة, (JK, A,) aor. (JK, TA,) The camels, هُوثْن (JK,) inf. n. تُهُوثُن (JK, TA,) or the horses, (A,) took fright, and ran away at random, (JK, A, TA,) and became dispersed, (TA,) or separated themselves, (JK,) and went to and fro, (JK, A,) in the hostile sudden attach made by a party of armed horsemen. (JK, A, TA.) _ الهُشْتُ إِلَى فُلاَن _ became agile or brisk, and advanced towards such a one. (TA.) And هُلُ الحَرْبِ بَعْضُهُمْ لِبَعْض The warriors became agile or brish, and hastened. one to another ; [in like manner] * تهاوشوا. (A.) Also, [aor. and] inf. n. as above, He collected: and mixed, or confused, or confounded. (TA.) You say, مُشْتُ مَالًا حَرَامًا I collected unlawful wealth. (Sgh, TA.) And هُوْشَهُو and مُوْشَهُو He mixed, or confused, or confounded, them; and collected them hence and thence. (A.) See also 2.

2. هُوْشَ: see 1, first sentence: — and see 5.

— Also, هُوْشَةُ I occasioned variance between them, or among them. (Mṣb.) And هُوْشُ He created, or excited, disorder, disturbance, discord, or dissension, between them, or among them. (TA.) — And hence, (Mṣb.) مُوْشَ, (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ḳ,) inf. n. مُوْشَ, (Ḳ,) He mixed, confused, or confusuded, (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ḳ, TA,) a company of men, (Ṣ, TA,) one with another; (TA;) and general rules; (Mṣb;) and anything. (Ṣ.) See also 1, last sentence: and see مُوْشَتَ الرِّبِّ بِالرَّبِ بِالرَّبِابِ الرَّبِّ بِالرَّبِ بِالرَّبِ بِالرَّبِ لِعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَ

3. هُوْشُهُوْ He mixed, mingled, or consorted, with them: (K:) or did so to create, or excite, disorder, disturbance, discord, or dissension; or to make mischief: (TA:) and مُهَاوُشُهُ signifies conflicting; like مُهَاوُشُهُ. (TA, art. مُنَاوَشُهُ.)

5. تہوشوا : see 1, first sentence. — Also تہوشوا They mixed, or mingled, together; or became mixed, confused, or confounded, together; as also أَسُوسُوا ; (K;) and أَسُوسُوا عَلَيْه (JK, TA.) — And تہوشوا عَلَيْه They collected themselves together against him. (IF, Msb, K.)

6. تهاوشوا: see 1, near the end: __ and see 5.

A large number: (S, K:) or, as the women of Temeem say, a multitude of men; and of beasts of carriage; as also بُوشُ : (Aboo'Admán:) and men collected together in war. (TA.) You say, الهَانِّش الهَانِّش He came

with multitude, or the multitude; (K;) like as you say, جَاءَ بالبَوْشِ البَائش (TA.)

Conflict and faction, sedition, discord, or dissension: (A'Obevd, S, A, Msb, K:) excitement: commotion, agitation, convulsion, tumult, or disturbance : (S, A, K :) and confusion : (A, Msb, K:) and أَهُوَاتُهُ is like هُوَاتُهُ ; (TA;) or signifies war. (JK.) You say, وَقَعَتْ هُوشَةٌ في [Conflict and faction, &c., happened in the market]. (A.) And it is said in a trad., (S, TA) إِيَّاكُمْ وَهَوْشَاتِ اللَّيْلِ وَهَوْشَاتِ الأَسْوَاقِ Ben'are ye of the misfortunes, calamities, or evil accidents, of night; and of the wrong courses, and trickery and robbery, of the markets. (TA.) , thus related by Th, but not explained by him, is thought by ISd to mean The confusion of the market, and the defrauding there practised in buying and selling. (TA.) See also هَيْشَةُ in two places.

A mixed, or confused, assembly, company, or assemblage, of men; ('Arrám;) as also فَوَاشَاتُ (K,* TA:) and مُواشَاتُ (the pl. of the former,] collections of men, and of camels, (S, K,) mixed, or confounded, together: (S:) and what is collected of unlawful wealth or property; (K,* TA;) and of lawful. (TA.) See also هُوشَةُ See also

. هَوَاشَةٌ see : هَويشَةٌ

and هُوَّاشُهُ Camels unlawfully collected: (JK:) or the latter, camels taken from this and that place: (TA:) and the latter also, camels taking fright and running away at random. (JK.) See also هُوَّاتُسُّهُ.

[مَانَشُةُ see إِبِلْ هَوَانَشُ = . هَوْشُ see إِبِلْ هَوَانَشُ . [pl. of and running away at random, in a state of confusion, attacked by a party of armed horsemen: (Lth:) or taking fright and running away at random, (JK, A,) separating themselves, (JK,) and going to and fro. (JK, A.) See also هَانَشُةُ . [pl. of and given away at running away at random, attacked by a party of armed horsemen: (Lth:) or taking fright and running away at random, (JK, A,) separating themselves, (JK,) and going to and great viper. (TA.)

or any wealth, or property, (Ṣ,) that is gotten by unlawful means, (JK, Ṣ,) such as force and theft and the like: (Ṣ:) pl. of مُهُوشُّ : (A:) or as though pl. of this latter word, as signifying collected; and mixed, confused, or confounded. (TA.) It is said in a trad., مَنْ أَصَابَ مَالًا مِنْ مَالِكُمْ مِنْ أَصَابَ مَالًا مِنْ مَالِهُ مِنْ أَصَابَ مَالًا مِنْ مَالِمُ مِنْ أَصَابَ مِنْ أَصَابَ مَالْمُ مِنْ أَصَابَ مَالًا مِنْ مَالِمُ مِنْ أَصَابَ مَالِمُ مِنْ أَصَابَ مَالًا مِنْ مَالُونُ مِنْ أَصَابَ مَالِمُ مِنْ أَصَابَ مَالَعُمْ مِنْ أَصَابَ مَالِمُ مِنْ أَصَابَ مَالِمُ مِنْ أَصَابَ مِنْ أَصَابَ مَالَعُمْ مِنْ أَصَابَ مَالِمُ مَالِمُ مَالِمُ مَالِمُ مَالِمُ مِنْ أَصَابَ مَالِمُ مِنْ مَالِمُ مَالِمُ مَالِمُ مِنْ مَالِمُ مِنْ مَالِمُ مَالِمُ مِنْ مَالِمُ مُنْ مِنْ مَالِمُ مَالِمُ مِنْ مَالِمُ مِنْ مَالِمُ مِنْ مَالِمُ مِنْ مَالِمُ مِنْ مَالِمُ مِنْ مِنْ مَالِمُ مِنْ مِنْ مَالِمُ مِنْ مِنْ مَالِمُ مِنْ مَالِمُ مِنْ مَالِمُ مِنْ مِنْ مَالِمُ مِنْ مِنْ مَالِمُ مِنْ مِنْ مَالِمُ مِنْ مَالِمُ مِنْ مَالِمُ مِنْ مِنْ