person or place,] is like نَجَشَ الصَّيْدَ. (Ibn-'Abbád.)

2 : see 1.

5. تببت : see 1, in three places. Also, and J. It became collected; or it collected itself: or the former, it became collected, or it collected itself, from several places : syns. تَجَمَّعَ I. (K.) And تَببت القُوْم The company of men became collected as an army, or a military force; or collected itself into an army, or a military force. (TA.)

8: see 1, in two places : = and see 5.

ذَبَاشَة i.q. خَبَاشَة ; (Ṣ, Ķ;) i.e., What is collected, of men, and of property: (Ṣ, TA:) a company, or body, of men, not of one tribe : (TA, in art. جبش) and what one gains or earns, and collects, of property : pl. فَبَاشَاتٌ. (TA.)

Ane who collects; and who gains, or earns, or seeks sustenance: (S:) or who does so much; (Lth, K, TA;) and who exercises art, craft, cunning, or skill, in the management of his affairs, for his family, or household. (Lth, TA.)

مَبْبُوش Collected; and gained or earned. (S, * TA.)

1. (S, Msb, K,) aor. - and -, (Msb, K,) but the latter is of rare occurrence, (Msb,) inf. n. (S, K,) of that whereof the aor. is =, and of that whereof the aor. is 2; (TA;) or of the latter only, that of the former being فَبُطٌ ; (Msb ;) He, or it, (said of water &c., Msb,) descended : (S, Msb, K :) and the descended, or went down, or went down a declivity; and it sloped down; syn. إنْحَدَر; (TA;) and * انْجَدَر signifies the same as this last; or the became lowered, or degraded; syn. i, (K;) being quasi-pass. of * أَهْبَطُه, (S, TA,) and it may be also of أُهْبَطُه as is said in the M. (TA.) You say, هَبَطْنًا في [We descended a difficult declivity]. (A, in art. مَبْطُ الوَادِي And (هَبُطُ الوَادِي), (Bd, ii. 58 and Msb,) [as though it were trans., for inf. n. مُبوط (Msb.) We descended into the valley. (Bd, Msb.) And and He came forth from it. (Bd, ubi supra.) It is said in the Kur, ii. 58, إهبطوا مصرًا Descend ye into Misr : (Bd :) accord. to one reading, Inder. (Bd, TA.) You say also أَبَطُ بَلَد كُذًا He entered such a town or country. (K.) And I removed him from هَبَطْتُ مِنْ مَوْضِعِ إلَى مَوْضِعِ a place to a place. (Msb.) _____ also signifies t The falling into evil: (K, TA :) and t the being, or becoming, low, abject, mean, or vile: (TA:) and the suffering loss, or diminution. (K, TA.)

honourable station. (TA.) [See also 7, mentioned above.] And مَبَطَ فَلَانُ Such a one became low, abject, mean, or vile. (TA.) And He became mean, or abject, مُبَطَ مِنَ الحَشْيَة and lowly, or submissive, from fear. (TA.) [See Kur, ii. 69.] And مَبَطُ القَوْم, aor. -, 1 The people, or company of men, became in a state of abasement and diminution. (TA.) Whence the نَسْأَلُكَ .e. اللَّهُوَ عَبْطًا لاَ هَبْطًا (S, TA,) i. e. t O God,] الغَبْطَةَ وُنَعُودُ بِكَ مِنْ أَنْ نَبْبِطَ عَنْ حَالِنَا we ask of Thee a good state, or condition, and we put our trust in Thee for preservation that we may not become brought down from our state]: (S:) mentioned [and explained] before, in art. هبطا , q. v. (TA.) [But in this instance, غبط may be regarded as the inf. n. of the trans. v. to be mentioned below.] You say also, هبطت إبلى , aor. , inf. n. مُنُوطٌ , + My camels, and my sheep, or goats, suffered loss, or diminution : and in the same sense and is said of flesh, and of fat, and of fatness. (TA.) And هَبَط تُهَن السَّلْعَة t The price of the commodity, or article of merchandise, became diminished, or lessened, (S. Msb. K, TA,) below its former full rate; (Msb;) became lowered, or abated. (TA.) And هَبْط العدل + The counterpoising portion of the load became adjusted or arranged, made even, or made easy, upon the camel. (TA.) . هُبَطَه (S, Msb, K,) aor. 2, (K,) inf. n. مُبطّ, (S,) He made him, or it, (namely water, &c., Msb.) to descend; (S. Msb.) K;) [he sent, or cast, him, or it, down;] as also هَبَطَتْهُمُ السَّنَةُ إلى You say, (٢.) اهبطه ا The year of dearth, or drought, caused الأمصار them to go down to the cities, or great towns] (A, in art. هَبَطَه بَلَدَ كَذَا And المسر.) And هَبَطَه بَلَدَ كَذَا He, or it, caused him to enter such a town or country. (K.) [And مَبْطَ به عَلَى مَكَانِ He, or it, made him to alight upon a place: see an ex. voce زَخَة.] ___ t He lowered him, or degraded him, from his state, or condition; (Fr;) as also * اهبطه ; (Fr. S;) i.e., God did so; (Fr;) or a man: (S:) it (time, or fortune,) caused his wealth, and his goodness or beneficence, to go array, after he had abounded therein. (TA.) _ هَبَطُ الْمَرْضُ لَحْمَهُ _ The disease rendered him lean; emaciated him: (S, K:) or diminished his flesh. (TA.) ____ بَعَنَ السَّلْعَة, (Ṣ, Ķ,) inf. n. هَبُطٌ, (Ķ,) ‡ He (God, K, or a man, S) diminished, or lessened, the price of the commodity, or article of merchandise; (S, K;) he lowered, or abated, it; (TA;) as also said of a man: (A'Obeyd, S, M:) or he diminished somewhat from the فبط من الثَّمن price; and sometimes tand is used in this sense. (Msb.) مَبَطَ العدل _ + He adjusted or arranged, made even, or made easy, the counter-

You say, مَنْوَلَتَه the fell from his poising portion of the load upon the camel. honourable station. (TA.) [See also 7, mentioned above.] And فَبَطَ فَلَانًا Such a one one. (K.)

4: see هَبَطَه, in five places.

5: 7: } see مَبَطٌ, first sentence.

A low, or depressed, piece of land or ground; (Mgh, Ķ;) contr. of صَعْدَة. (Mgh.)

A declivity, or declinal place: a place of descent, or by which one descends; (S, Msb, K;) a place which brings one down from a higher to a lower place. (Az, TA.)

t Lean, or emaciated, by reason of disease; as also نصبوط: (K:) both are applied to a camel, signifying *mhose fatness has become diminished*; as also نصبوط: (TA:) and the first, to a she-camel, signifying lean, and lank in the belly; (AO, S;) or to a wild bull, to which a she-camel is likened in respect of her swiftness, and her briskness, liveliness, or sprightliness : (IB:) and the second signifies rendered lean, or emaciated, by disease, so that his flesh quivers. (TA.)

act. part. n. of 1, both intrans. and trans.] The rájiz says,

[Nothing surprised me hut the wolf sending down upon the tents his flock of sheep, or goats, fifty or more in number]: he means مُبِطًا قَوْطَه so says ISd: or he may mean هَابِطًا عَلَى قَوْطَه [descending upon his flock, &c..]; making لمابطا trans. by ellipsis: (TA:) جناح (TA:) معابط See also مُبِيطُ of a wolf. (TA, in art. مُبِيطُ

مَبْطُ الوَحْي [The place of descent of revelation;] a name of Mekkah. (Msb, TA.)

t A man whose state, or condition has become unsound. (TA.) __ See also مُبيط , in two places.

هبع], &c. See Supplement.]

هبط