of life]: (M:) or lengthen thou my term of life. (TA.) You say also, أَ فَي عُمْرِهُ مُتَنَقَّنَ \$ [In his life is length: see 5]. (A, TA.) — The pl., in the accus. case, also signifies † Time after time. So in the saying of the poet,

عَيْنَيَّ جُودًا عَبْرَةً أَنْفَاسًا

O my two eyes, pour forth a flow of tears time after time]. (S.) = نَفُسُ is also a subst. put in the place of the proper inf. n. of نَقْسُ; and is so used in the two following sayings, (K, TA,) لاَ تَسبُوا الرِّيحَ فَإِنَّهَا مِنْ (TA.) لاَ تَسبُوا الرِّيحَ فَإِنَّهَا مِنْ i. e. ‡ [Revile not ye the wind, for] it is a means whereby the Compassionate removes grief, or sorrow, or anxiety, (K, TA,) and raises the clouds, (TA,) and scatters the rain, and dispels dearth, or drought. (K, TA.) And I perceive your أُجِدُ نَفَسَ رَبِّكُمْ مِنْ قِبَلِ اليَهَٰنِ Lord's removal of grief, &c., from the direction of El-Yemen: meaning, through the aid and hospitality of the people of El-Medeeneh, who were of El-Yemen ; (K, TA;) i. e., of the Ansár, who were of [the tribe of] El-Azd, from El-Yemen. (TA.) It is [said by some to be] a metaphor, from نَفْسُ الهُوَاءِ, which the act of breathing draws back into the inside, so that its heat becomes cooled and moderated: or from which one scents, so that thereby he refreshes himself: or from نَفَسُ الرَّوْضَة. (TA.) You also say, مَا لِي نَفَسُّ, meaning, There is not for me any removal, or clearing away, of grief. (A.) = It is also used as an epithet, signifying + Long; (AZ, K;) applied to speech, (K,) and to writing, or book, or letter. (AZ, K.)

مُنْسَفٌ, (Ṣ, Mgh, Ķ,) with damm, (Ķ,) [in a copy of the Ṣ, مُسْلُقُ, إ Delay; syn. مُسْلُقُ; (Ṣ, Mgh, Ķ;) and ample space, syn. مُسَّعُ (TA.) Ex. مُسَّعُ إِلرُّمْرِ نُفُسَفُ إِلرَّمْرِ نُفُسَفُ إِلرَّمْرِ نُفُسَفُ إِلرَّمْرِ نُفُسَفُ أَلَا الرَّمْرِ نُفُسَفُ in this affair, a delay, and ample space]. (Ṣ, Mgh,* TA.) See also نَفُسُ .

الْفُسَى Relating to the نَفْسَى, or soul, &c. : vital: and sensual; as also الْفُسَانِثَى الْفُسَانِثَى

انفُسَانُ (Th,Ṣ, M, Mgh, Mṣb, K, &c.) and انفُسَانُ and (M, K) † A woman in the state following childbirth: (Ṣ, M,* Mgh,* Mṣb,* K:) or bringing forth: and pregnant: and menstruating: (Th, M:) and المُنفَسُونَةُ (Ā:) [see نُفَسَوُنَةُ (Ā:) [see عُمَرُاوُانِ and so أَنفُوسَةُ (Ā:) [see عُمَرُاوُانِ as in نِفَسُونَةً (Ṣ:) pl. نفاسٌ (Ṣ, M, Mgh, Mṣh, K,) like as المُعَمَّرَةُ (Ṣ, Mṣb, K,) the only other instance of the kind, (Ṣ, K,) and المُغَلَّسُ (Ṣ, K,) and

(M, K,) which is also the only instance of the kind except نُقْسُ (K,) and نُقُسُ and نُقُسُ (K,) and نُقُسُ (K) and نُقُسُ (K) and نُقُسُ (K) and نُقُسُ (K) and نُقُسُ (K, and نُقُسُ (K, and أَقُسُ (S, M, K) and [accord. to analogy, of نَوَافُسُ [,نَافَسُ (K.)

. نَفُوسٌ see : نَفْسَانِیٌّ or رَنَفْسَانِّ . نَفُوسٌ and : نَفْسَقُ see : نَفْسَانِیُّ

"blood." (Msb, TA.) See ... نفست signifying "blood." (Msb, TA.) See ... [And The state of impurity consequent upon childbirth. See 5, in art. على ... — Also, † The blood that comes forth immediately after the child: an inf. n. used as a subst. (Mgh.) — A poet says, (namely, Ows Ibn-Hajar, O, in art. ,

لَنَا صَرْحَةٌ ثُمَّ إِسْكَاتَةً كُمَّ إِسْكَاتَةً

[We utter a cry; then keep a short silence; like as when one that has never yet brought forth experiences resistance and difficulty in giving birth to a child, or young one]; meaning, بوَلَدِ. (Ṣ.)

i An envious man: (M, TA:) tone who looks with an evil eye, with injurious intent, at the property of others: (M, A, TA:) as also الفُسَانُ (TA,) or الفُسَانُ (A.)

A thing high in estimation; of high account; excellent; (Lh, M, Msb, TA;) [highly prized; precious; valuable; and therefore (TA) desired with emulation, or in much request; (S, K, TA;) good, goodly, or excellent, in its kind; (TA;) and نافسٌ * signifies the same, (M,) and so : مَنْفُوسٌ لا Lh, M, A, Msh, K,) and , مُنْفُسٌ لا does (K:) it signifies thus when applied to property, as well as other things; as also پُمنْفسٌ (Lh, M:) and, when so applied, of which one is avaricious, or tenacious : (M :) or مُنْفَسُّ , so applied, abundant; much; (K;) as also أَفْنَنُ ؛ (Fr, K:) and أنافس, a thing of high account or estimation, and an object of desire: (TA:) this last is also applied, in like manner, to a man; as also نَفِيسَ and the pl. [of either] is نفاسٌ (M, TA) You also say, أَمْرُ مَنْفُوسٌ فيه , meaning, A thing that is desired. (M.) And شَيْءٌ مُتَنَافَسٌ ♦ فيه A thing emulously desired, or in much request. (A.) __ Also, [as an epithet in which the quality of a subst. predominates,] Much property; (S, A, لِفُلَانِ مُنْفِسٌ, (Ş.) You say, مُنْفِسٌ ﴿ K;) and so and نَفِيسُ Such a one has much property. (Ş.) نَفِيسٌ and مَا يَسُرُّني بِهِذَا الأَمْرِ مَنْفِسٌ And [Much property does not rejoice me with this affair]. (S.)

see نَفِيسٌ; for the latter, throughout.

أَنْفُوسُ : see بَفْيُسُ , in two places. = ‡ Brought forth; born. (Ṣ, M, A, Mṣb, Ķ.) It is said in a trad., مَا مِنْ نَفْسٍ مَنْفُوسَة إِلَّا وَقَدْ كُتِبَ مَكَانُهَا إِلَّا وَالنَّارِ مَا مَنْ نَفْسٍ مَنْفُوسَة إِلَّا وَقَدْ كُتِبَ مَكَانُهَا إِلَا الْقَارِ مَا مَنْ نَفْسٍ مَنْفُوسَة إِلَّا وَقَدْ كُتِبَ مَكَانُهَا وَ النَّارِ وَالنَّارِ النَّارِ وَالنَّارِ عَنْ الْجَنَّة أَوِ النَّارِ its place in Paradise or Hell has been written]. (Ṣ.) مِنْفُوسَةُ مِنْفُوسَةُ مِنْفُوسَةُ عَلَى عَنْفُوسَةُ مِنْ كَانَادُ عَلَى الْجَنْسَانُ عَلَى الْجَنْسَانُ عَلَى الْجَنْسَانُ عَلَيْ عَلَى الْجَنْسَانُ عَلَى الْجَنْسَالُولُوسَةُ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْجَنْسَانُ عَلَى الْجُنْسَانُ عَلَى الْجَنْسَانُ عَلَى الْجَنْسَانُ عَلَى الْجَنْسَانُ عَلَى الْجَنْسَانُ عَلَى الْجَنْسُونُ الْجَنْسَانُ عَلَى الْجَنْسَانُ عَلَى الْجَنْسَانُ عَلَى الْجَنْسَانُ عَلَى الْجَنْسَانُ عَلَى الْجَنْسَلَى الْجَنْسَانُ عَلَى الْجَنْسَانُ عَلَى الْجَنْسُ عَلَى الْجَنْسَانُ عَلَى الْجَنْسُ عَلَى الْجَنْسُ عَلَى الْجَنْسَانُ عَلَى الْعَلَى الْجَنْسُ عَلَى الْجَنْسُ عَلَى الْجَنْسَانُ عَلَى الْجَاسُ عَلَى الْجَنْسُ عَلَى الْجَنْسُ عَلَى الْجَنْسُ عَلَى الْجَنْسُ عَلَى الْجَنْسُ عَلَى الْجَنْسُلُولُ الْعَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَا

___ A place of passage of the breath.] ___ . سَحُرْ See also . . . See also

or having a soul: (so in a copy of the M:) an epithet applied to everything having lungs. (\$, TA.) غَائطٌ مُتَنَفِّسُ لَمُ لَمُ اللهُ عَامُطُ مُتَنَفِّسُ لَمُ اللهُ عَلَيْكُ مُتَنَفِّسُ لَمُ اللهُ ال

. نَفِيسٌ see : شَيْءٌ مُتَنَافَسٌ فيه

نفش

1. نَفْشُ, (Ṣ, A,) aor. -, (Ṣ,) inf. n. نَفْشُ, (Ṣ, A, Ķ,) He separated, or plucked asunder, or loosened, a thing, with his fingers, so that it became spread, or sparse, or dispersed; (A, Ķ;) as also intensive signification: and accord. to some, the former signifies he separated a thing not difficult to separate, such as cotton and wool: or he pulled