what is called عَلَى; (L;) i.q. نَضْخُ, with respect to rain. (Sh.) مَانَ وَاللَهُ اللهُ اللهُ

i and أَنْفَ لَهُ اللّٰ اللّٰهُ اللّٰلِمُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ الل

. نَضُوحُ see : نُضَحِيَّةُ

تَفُوحُ مَزَادَةً نَضُوحُ لَمَ that sweats, or exudes its mater. (TA.) مزادة مُنوعُ لَمُ لَمُ عَلَيْهُ لَمُ اللهُ اللهُ

غَيْثُ Sweat. (Ṣ.) _ See نَضْيَدُ

He who drives the camel that carries water from a well &c., for irrigating land, (Ṣ, Ķ,) and waters palm-trees [&c.]. (Ṣ.) — See قُوسٌ نَضُوحٌ.

. مِنْضَحَةُ see : نَضَّاحَةُ

بَانَافَ بَافَ بَافَا بَافَ بَافَا بَافَ

رَبُّ مَنْضَخَةٌ (L, K) as also مِنْضَخَةٌ (IAar, L,) vulg. أَرَّاقَةٌ (Az,) i. q. رُرَّاقَةٌ (IAar, L, [in

what is called مَنْ ; (L;) i.q. نَضْعَا , with respect to rain. (Sh.) مالًا (Or scarty scattered shower of rain. (Sh.) والكناف A rain between two rains; better than some copies of the K أَنْ i.e. An instrument made of copper or brass for shooting forth naphtha [into a besieged place: mentioned in several histories]. (L.)

نضخ 1. مُضَخَفُ, aor. ع, [and =, see below], inf. n. نَصْخ, He sprinkled him, or it, [with water شُخْ : (K:) AZ says, نَضْحُهُ signifies the act of sprinkling, like عُثْن ; these two words being syn.: you say نُضُغُنّ, aor. ذُنْفُنْ: (S:) or the former signifies less than the latter: (K:) so most say: (L:) or the former signifies what is unintentional; and the latter, what is intentional: (IAar, L:) As says, that the latter is the act of man: (L:) and the former, he says, signifies more than the latter, and has no pret. nor aor.: and Aboo-'Othmán Et-Towwazee says, that the former signifies the mark, or effect, that remains upon a garment or other thing, and that the act is termed مُنْضُحُ , with - unpointed: (S:) As says, that نَضْنُ has no verb nor act. part. n.; and A'Obeyd says, that it has no pret. nor aor. ascribed to any authority : or you say نَضَخْتُ الثُّوْبُ, aor. and ج, inf. n. نَضْغُ, I wetted the garment; and it signifies more than نُضْخُتُ. (Msb.) inf. n. نُضَخَانٌ, Her (a she-camel's) armpits were sprinkled with pitch. (S, L, from a verse of El-Katamee.) اَصَابُهُ نَضْخٌ مِنْ كَذَا sprinkling, more [or less] than what is termed نَضَخْنَاهُمْ _ (As, S.) رَفْ (K,) ,نضحنا النَّبْلَ فِيهِمْ Yz, Ṣ,) and ,بِالنَّبْلِ i. q. نضحناهم, (Yz, S,) We [shot at them and] sprinkled them with arrows; or scattered arrows among them; (Yz, S, K;) meaning, our enemies. (K.) _ نَضْخُ , (inf. n. نَضْخُ , L,) It (water) boiled forth vehemently (in gushing, L,) from its source, (L, K,) or boiled up vehemently. (Aboo-'Alee, L, K.)

- 3. انضاغ and بنضاغ and بنضاغ They sprinkled each other. (Ş, K.)
 - 8. انتضن It (water) became sprinkled. (Ṣ, Ķ.)
- 9. انضاغ ا and انضاغ It (water) poured out, or forth. (TA.)

11: see 9.

A mark, or effect, that remains upon a garment or other thing, (Aboo-'Othmán Et-Towwazee, S, K,) as the body, (TA,) from perfume, (K,) or mire, or a soil or pollution: (TA:) or from blood, and saffron, and mud, and the like: فَنْ being with water, and with anything thin, such as vinegar and the like. (AA.) [See also

A rain; a shower of rain. (Ṣ, Ķ.)

عَيْثُ نَضَّاخُ A copious rain. Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ.) ___ غَيْثُ نَضَّاخُهُ A copious spring of water: (Ṣ:) or a spring that boils forth, or gushes forth (Ṣ, Mṣb) copiously. (Mṣb.) __ نَضَّاخُهُ النَّفْرَى __ A she-camel that sweats copiously in the part called دُفرى, behind the ear. (L.)

، مُنْضَخُةُ vulgo مِنْضَخُةُ , [in the TA مِنْضَخُةُ , أَرْرَافَة , vulgo أَرْسَخُهُ , vulgo , vul

نضد

1. نَضْدَ , aor. - , (Ṣ, Ķ, &c.,) inf. n. نَضْدَ ; (Ṣ, L, Mṣb;) and أَنْ نَظْد , (L, K,) inf. n. تَنْضِدُ ; (Ṣ, L;) or the latter has an intensive signification; (Ṣ, L;) He put goods, household-goods, or commodities, (مَنَاع , Ṣ, L, K,) one upon another: (Ṣ, L, Mṣb, Ķ:) or put, or set, them together, (T, A, L,) in regular order, or piled up: (A:) both verbs signify the same: (L, Ķ:) or the latter, he put them one upon another [or side by side] compactly. (Ṣ, L.) — [You say,] نَصْدُتُ اللَّبِنَ عَلَى المَيْتِ [I placed the crude bricks in order against the corpse, to support it; as it is laid upon its right side, or so inclined that the face is towards Mekkeh]. (L.)

- 2. تَنْضِيدٌ, inf. n. تَنْضِيدٌ, He [God] made a person's teeth to be disposed in regular order. (A.)

 See 1.
- 5. تنظّدت الأُسْنَانُ The teeth were disposed in regular order. (A.)

Goods, household-goods, or commodities, put one upon another: (S, L, K:) or, put, or set, together, (A, L,) in regular order, or piled up: (A:) or the best thereof: (L, K:) or such things in general: but the first meaning is the most appropriate: (L:) pl. أَنْضَادُ . (Ṣ, L.) ___ I saw a number رَأَيْتُ نَضَدًا مِنَ الثِّيَابِ والفُوش of garments, or pieces of cloth, and of beds, or the like, put together in regular order, or piled up. (A.) _ See نَضْدَ _ . نَضْدَةُ A couch-frame, or a raised couch, (سرير) upon which goods, householdgoods, or commodities, are put one upon another, (S, L, K,) or put, or set, together, in regular order, or piled up: (A, L:) or simply, a couchframe, or raised couch; (سرير;) so called because the things so termed are generally put upon it: (L, Msb:) or a ..., or a thing resembling this, upon which garments and household-goods are put, one upon another, or together. (L.) ___ لَّفُدُ \$ Glory; honour; dignity; might; or power; (A;) eminence; or nobility. (K.)