مُ $\ddagger$ Naked. (K, TA.) - $\ddagger$ An aged man : because he finds his garments heavy to him, and throws them from him. (TA.)

## قشط

1. قُشَطَ, (M, Mṣb, TA,) aor. $=$, (Mṣb, ) inf. n.
 (M, Mṣb,) by Yaạkoob, (M,) to be a dial. var. of the latter; (M, Msb;) of the dial. of Temeem and Asad; the latter being of the dial. of Keys; the a not being a substitute for the 5 ; $(\mathrm{M} ;) \boldsymbol{H e}$ removed, put off, took off, or stripped off, (M, $\mathbf{M s p},{ }^{*} \underset{\sim}{\mathbf{K}}$, ) a thing ; ( $\mathbf{M}, \mathbf{M s p b}_{\text {; }}$ ) as, for instance, the housing, or covering, from (عَ) a horse; ( M ; ) and a roof [from a chamber or the like]. (TA.) And قِشَاطْ, [inf. n. of the pass. form قُشَطُ, It was, or became, removed, \&cc.,] is syn. with,

 Kur, [lxxxi. 11,] accord. to the reading of 'AbdAllah Ibn-Mes'ood, وَإِذا الشَّهَاتَ قُشَطَتْ , with (M,) meaning the same as كُشُطَتْ , i. e. And when the heaven shall be remored from its place, like as a roof is removed from its place. ( $\mathrm{Zj}_{\mathrm{j}}$.) You say also, قَشَطَ الدَّابَّة [He removed the housing, or covering, from the beast of carriage]; the verb thus used, also, being a dial. var. of كَشَشَ ; and - قَّقّطها, inf. n.
 or plundered. (TA.) - قَشُطْ also signifies The act of beating, [app. so as to excoriate,] with a staff, or stick. (Yaakoob, K.)
2: see 1, in two places.
5: see 7.
 became clear; became free from clouds or mists. (K., TA.)
قُشْطُ a dial. var. of قُقْطْ q.v. (TA.)
 candy]. (TA.) - [In the present day, applied to Cream.]

ق قشَّا A great spoiler, despoiler, or plunderer ; one who spoils, despoils, or plunders, much, or frequently; syn. سَّاّب. (TA.)

مُقَشَّطْ : see
 - مُقَّ or covering, removed from it]. (TA.) You say
 dexpwiled, or plundered. (TA.)

## قشعر

Q. 4. ${ }^{\text {. }}$, said of the skin, (S, K, ) It quaked; sliuddered; was, or became, affected by a tremor, quaking, or quivering. (K.) [And in like manner said of a man, (see the part. n., below,) i. e. He qualied, or shuddered.] - It (the skin) dried up
(قَفْ) by reason of mange, or scab. (TA.) -
 inclining to that of dust, or ashes, (إربّدَّ contracted, by reason of drought. (TA.) اقشعرّت السَّنةُ (K,* TA:)
(S, K) A tremor, qualing, or quivering, of the shin seized him. (K.)
Rough to the touch; (\%ُشَاعِرْ (K, accord. to the TA :) or rough, and advanced in
 (CK, and a MS. copy of the K.)
مُقْشُعِرُ, applied to a man, [Having a qualing or shuddering of the skin,] has for its pl. قَشَاعرُ, without the ofecause it is augmentative. (S.)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { قشف ] } \\
& \text { قشهـ } \\
& \text { See Supplement.] }
\end{aligned}
$$

 (M, Mṣb,) He cut it ; (S, Mṣb;) or he clipped $i t$, or shore $i t$, or cut off from it; (A, K;) namely, hair, (S. M, A, K.) and wool, (M,) and plumage, (A,) and a nail of a finger or toc ; (M,
 (M, A, ) and, by permutation, قصّصهُ (M:) or these two forms have an intensive signification:
 pared the nail and the like. (Mṣb.) - Also, $H_{e}$ (a weaver) cut off from it, namely, a garment, or piece of cloth, its unwoven end, or extremity, consisting of warp without woof. (M.) - And He cut off the extremities of his ears. (I Aąr, M.) قُصِيهِ occurs in a trad., as meaning, Take thou from the extremities of his enrs. (TA.) [But this may be from the root ${ }^{\text {a , q. v.] - }}$ And [hence,] قَصَ اللهُ حَطْايَاهُ + God diminished, or took or deducted from, [the account of $]$ his sins. (TA, from a trad.) = قَّصَ أَتَرْهُ A, Mṣb, K., aor. =, (M, TA,) inf. n. قَصضص, (Ṣ, M, A, O, L, K,) in [some of] the copies of the K قصصمصض, but the former is the right, (TA,) and قُصّ (T, M, K,) He folloned, or followed after, his trach, or footsteps, in pursuit ; endeavoured to trace him, or track him; (S, M, A, Mspb, K, \&c.;) or he did so by degrees: (TA:) or by night : or at any time: (M, TA:) which last is the correct explanation: (TA:) and قَصَّ engnifies the same, (A, TA,) and so اقتصّ اثتره, (S, K,)
 form of the same. (TA.) You say, فَرْجَ فُلَانِ
 or following after, the footsteps of such a one, in pursuit. (TA.) And it is said in the Kur, [xviii. 63,] (S, ) (S, K (S.

And they both returned by the way by which they had come, retracing their footsteps. (K, TA.) - [And hence,] (S, M, Mgb,*
 TA,) inf. n. قَصْض, (M, TA,) or this is a subst. put in the place of the inf. n . so that it has become predominant over it, (Ṣ,) and ${ }^{2}$ قُ, (M, TA,) or the latter only is the inf. n., and the former is [only] a subst., ( $\mathrm{Mgb}_{\mathrm{g}}$ ) He related to him the piece of nens, or information, (S, M, M§sb, and the tradition, or story, and the dream, ( A, ) in its proper manner (عَلْى وَجْهِهُ): (Ṣ, Msb:) or he made it known [to him]: (K : اقتصصض الـَدِيتَ he related the tradition, or story, in its proper manner (عَلَى وجْهِهِ); (S., K, TA ;) as though he followed its traces, in pursuit, and related it accordingly: (TA :) [i. e., he pursued the course of the tradition, or story:] and تقصّصص النَبَبر ke pursued, or sought after, the particulars of the nens, or information, gradually, and deliberately. (M.) قَصَّ is also said to signify He recited, or delivered, a [discourse such as is termed] ${ }^{2}$. (TA.) And it is said in the Kur, [xii. 3,] نَتْنُ نَتُقُ عَلْيْكْ اَحْسْنَ المَصَصِ We explain unto thee with the best explanation : (K, TA:) or, as some say, قَصٌ
 (TA.) And in a trad. respecting the Children of
 accord. to different relations: meaning, When they relied upon words, and neglected works, they perished: or nhen they periwhed, by neglecting works, they inclined to, and relied upun, stories. (TA.) $=$ قَصَّهُ عَلَى المَوْتِ لمَ مِنْ الهُوْتِ : see 4.

 plastered, or built, (TA,) a house, (S, K, TA,) and a tomb, which it is forbiden to do, (A,TA,) with gypsum ; (TA ;) syn. (Ṣ, K: ) of the dial. of El-Hijíz. (TA, art. جمص.)
3. قُقصّهُ, (Msb,) inf. n. مُقَاصَّةُ (A, Mgh, Msbb) and is the more common,] $H e$ (the relation of a slain man, A, Mgh, TA, or one who has been wounded, Mgh , [or mutilated,]) retaliated upon him by slaying. him, or noounding hime, ( $\mathbf{S},^{\bullet} \mathbf{M g h}, \mathrm{M} \$ \mathrm{~b}$, $\mathbf{K}$, ) or mutilating him, ( $\mathbf{S},{ }^{*} \mathbf{M g}, \mathrm{~K}^{*}$, ) so as to make him quit, or even, with kim. (Mgh.) See also 8. - Hence, (A, Mgh,) $\ddagger$ He made him quit, or even, with himself: used in a general way(Mgh.) You say, قاصّ صَاحْبٌ, (Ṣ, Mgh, Mṣb,* $\mathbf{K}$, ) inf. ns. as above, ( Mgb ) $\ddagger$ He made his fellow quit, or even, with him, ( $\mathbf{M g h}$,) in a reckoning, (S. $, \mathbf{M g h}, \mathbf{K}$,) or other thing, (S, K, ) by withholding from him the like of what the latter owed to him; (Mgh ;) he made a debt which his fellon owed him to be as a requital of a whe debt which he owed his fellow: [but Fei adds,] this is taken from إِقْصَاصُ الأَثَّرْ : and hence the former signification, relating to retaliation of slaughter and

