مَعْتَشَرُ *Naked.* (K, TA.) — ‡An aged man : because he finds his garments heavy to him, and throws them from him. (TA.)

1. قَشَط (M, Msb, TA,) aor. -, (Msb,) inf. n. قَشْطٌ, (M, Msb, K,) i. q. كَشَطٌ, (M, K,\*) said (M, Msb,) by Yaakoob, (M,) to be a dial. var. of the latter; (M, Msb;) of the dial. of Temeem and Asad; the latter being of the dial. of Keys; the inot being a substitute for the i; (M;) He removed, put off, took off, or stripped off, (M, Msb, K,) a thing ; (M, Msb;) as, for instance, the housing, or covering, from (عن) a horse; (M;) and a roof [from a chamber or the like]. قَسْط Inf. n. of the pass. form , قَشَاط (TA.) It was, or became, removed, &c.,] is syn. with, (K,) being a dial. var. of, (M,) كشاط (M, K,) in the sense of إنكشاف. (TA.) It is said in the Kur, [lxxxi. 11,] accord. to the reading of 'Abd-Allah Ibn-Mes'ood, وَإِذَا السَّمَاءَ فُسْطَتْ, with ق, with (M,) meaning the same as تُشطَت, i. e. And when the heaven shall be removed from its place, like as a roof is removed from its place. (Zj.) You say also, قَشَطَ الدَابَة [He removed the housing, or covering, from the beast of carriage]; the verb thus used, also, being a dial. var. of تُسْط ; and inf. n. قَشْطها , signifies the same. (TA.) And أَشَطَ \* الرَّجُلُ The man was spoiled, despoiled, or plundered. (TA.) \_\_ also signifies The act of beating, [app. so as to excoriate,] with a staff, or stick. (Yaakoob, K.)

2: see 1, in two places.

5: see 7.

7. العَشَطت , and العَشَطت, tThe shy became clear; became free from clouds or mists. (K,\* TA.)

a dial. var. of قَسْطُ q. v. (TA.)

a dial. var. of قَنْدَة [app. meaning Sugarcandy]. (TA.) \_ [In the present day, applied to Cream.]

in two places. مُقْشُوط see : مُقَشَّط

and [مَقْشُوط عَنْهَا الجُلَّ for دَابَةً مَقْشُوط عَنْهَا الجُلَّ [A beast of carriage having its housing, or covering, removed from it]. (TA.) You say also, لَجُلُ مُقَشَّطٌ, meaning A man spoiled, despoiled, or plundered. (TA.)

Q. 4. إَنْ شَعَرٌ, said of the skin, (S, K,) It quaked; shuddered; was, or became, affected by a tremor, quaking, or quivering. (K.) [And in like manner said of a man, (see the part. n., below,) i. e. He quaked, or shuddered.] — It (the skin) dried up

by reason of mange, or scab. (TA.) \_\_\_\_\_ The earth became of a colour التُشَعَرْت الأَرْضُ inclining to that of dust, or ashes, (أَرْبَدْت), and contracted, by reason of drought. (TA.) \_\_\_\_ the year became one of drought. (K,\* TA:)

أَخَذَتُهُ قَشَعْرِيرَةَ (S, K) A tremor, quaking, or quivering, of the skin seized him. (K.)

تَشَاعر Rough to the touch; نَحَشِنُ المَسَّى (K, accord. to the TA:) or rough, and advanced in years; نَحْشِنُ مُسِنُّ, with the art. الخَشِنُ المُسِنُّ, (CK, and a MS. copy of the K.)

مَقْشَعَر, applied to a man, [Having a quaking or shuddering of the shin,] has for its pl. فَشَاعر, without the a because it is augmentative. (§.)

قص

1. قُصَّه (S, M, A, Msb, K,) aor. -, inf. n. قُصَّه (M, Msb.) He cut it; (S, Msb;) or he clipped it, or shore it, or cut off from it; (A, K;) namely, hair, (S, M, A, K,) and wool, (M,) and plumage, (A,) and a nail of a finger or toe; (M, K;) with the مقص q. v.: (A, K:) as also (M:) : قصاه, (M, A,) and, by permutation, قصصه or these two forms have an intensive signification: or you say, قَصَيت الظُّفُر وَنُحَوْه meaning, I pared the nail and the like. (Msb.) \_ Also, He (a weaver) cut off from it, namely, a garment, or piece of cloth, its unwoven end, or extremity, consisting of warp without woof. (M.) \_\_\_ And He cut off the extremities of his ears. (IAar, M.) قصيه occurs in a trad., as meaning, Take thou from the extremities of his ears. (TA.) [But this may be from the root , q. v.] ---And [hence,] قَصْ ٱلله خَطَايَاه + God diminished, or took or deducted from, [the account of] his sins. (TA, from a trad.) = قَصْ أَثَرُهُ , (S, M, A, Msb, K,) aor. -, (M, TA,) inf. n. قَصَص (S, M, A, O, L, K,) in [some of] the copies of the K قصيص, but the former is the right, (TA,) and قص, (T, M, K,) He followed, or followed after, his track, or footsteps, in pursuit; endeavoured to trace him, or track him; (S, M, A, Msb, K, &c.;) or he did so by degrees: (TA:) or by night: or at any time: (M, TA:) which last is the correct explanation : (TA :) and isignifics the same, (A, TA,) and so اقتص اثره (S, K,) and قَس is a dial. : تقصّص اثره (S, M, K :) and قَس form of the same. (TA.) You say, خرج فلان Such a one went forth following, قَصَصًا فِي أَثَرِ فَلَانِ or following after, the footsteps of such a one, in pursuit. (TA.) And it is said in the Kur, (٢, Ķ) فَأَرْتُدًا عَلَى آثَارِهِمَا قَـصَصًا (٢, ٤) [xviii. 63, أربي) [BOUK I.

And they both returned by the way by which they had come, retracing their footsteps. (K, TA.) . (Ş, M, Mşb,) , قَصْ عَلَيْه الخَبَر [And hence,] -K, \*) and الرويا, and الرويا, (A,) aor. -, (M, TA,) inf. n. قَصَص (M, TA,) or this is a subst. put in the place of the inf. n. so that it has become predominant over it, (Ş,) and قُصّ (M, TA,) or the latter only is the inf. n., and the former is [only] a subst., (Msb,) He related to him the piece of news, or information, (S, M, Msb,) and the tradition, or story, and the dream, (A,) in its proper manner (عَلَى وَجْهِه): (Ş, Mşb:) or he made it known [to him]: (K :) and الحديث الحديث he related the tradition, or story, in its proper manner (عَلَى وَجْهِه); (Ş, K, TA;) as though he followed its traces, in pursuit, and related it accordingly : (TA :) [i. e., he pursued the course of the tradition, or story :] and تقصص الخبر he pursued, or sought after, the particulars of the news, or information, gradually, and deliberately. (M.) is also said to signify He recited, or delivered, a [discourse such as is termed] خطبة. (TA.) And it is said in the Kur, [xii. 3,] نَحْنُ نَعْصُ We explain unto thee with عليك أحسن القصص the best explanation : (K, TA :) or, as some say, is the inf. n. of the verb used in this sense, and قَصَصْ is a subst. [syn. with قَصَصْ is a subst. [syn. with (TA.) And in a trad. respecting the Children of : لَها هَلَكُوا قَصوا ٥٢ : لَها قَصُوا هَلَكُوا , Israel it is suid, المَا عَلَمُوا accord. to different relations: meaning, When they relied upon words, and neglected works, they perished: or when they perished, by neglecting works, they inclined to, and relied upon, stories. (TA.) = بَعْمَةُ عَلَى الْهُوْتِ عَلَى عَلَى الْهُوْتَ (TA.) . وَقُصَّهُ الْهُوْتَ (TA.) . وَقُصَّهُ عَلَى الْهُوْتِ عَلَى الْمُوْتِ عَلَى الْهُوْتِ عَلَى الْمُوْتِ عَلَى الْهُوْتِ عَلَى الْهُوْتِ عَلَى الْمُوْتِ مَالْمُونَ مَالْمُونَ مَالْلُولْتُ مَالْمُونَ مَعْلَى مُوْتُ مَالْمُولْتُ عَلَى الْمُولْتُ الْمُولْتُ لَعُولْتُ عَلَى الْمُولْتُ عَلَى لَالْمُولْتُ الْمُولْتُ مَالْلُولْ لَ

3. مُقَاصَة (Msb.) inf. n. مُقَاصَة (A, Mgh, Msb) and قصاص, (Ş, A, Mgh, Msb, K,) [which latter is the more common,] He (the relation of a slain man, A, Mgh, TA, or one who has been wounded, Mgh, [or mutilated,]) retaliated upon him by slaying him, or wounding him, (S, Mgh, Msb, K,) or mutilating him, (S,\* Msb, K,\*) so as to make him quit, or even, with kim. (Mgh.) See also 8. \_ Hence, (A, Mgh,) ; He made him quit, or even, with himself: used in a general way. (Mgh.) You say, قاص صاحبة, (Ş, Mgh, Mşb,\* K,) inf. ns. as above, (Msb,) ; He made his fellow quit, or even, with him, (Mgh,) in a reckoning, (S, Mgh, K,) or other thing, (S, K,) by withholding from him the like of what the latter owed to him; (Mgh;) he made a debt which his fellow owed him to be as a requital of a like debt which he owed his fellow : [but Fei adds, ] this is taken from إَقْتِصَاصُ الأَثَر: and hence the former signification, relating to retaliation of slaughter and

قشط

قشعر