it. (ISd, Mṣb, TA.) - قُرُب, aor. 2, inf. n. قُرْبَ signifies also +He formed an opinion that was near to certainty. (MF.) - In the phrase قَرَبَتِ [meaning The sun was, or became, near to setting], like قَرْبت), the is asserted by Yaapkoob to be a substitute for ك. (TA.) $=$ , قَرْبَ, aor. s, inf. n. He (a man) journeyed to water, there being between him and it a night's journey. (Ș, O.) [See also أقْرَبِ الـَـَوْرٌ Or, O
 [q.v.], meaning They, after pasturing their camels in the tract betneen them and the wateringplace, and journeying on during a part of the time until there remained betnceen them and the water a night, or an evening, hastened in their
 of the $\mathbf{K}$ الحِبلَ and in others الإِبَل قَرْبَتِ , قَربُ ; aor. 2, (TA; inf. i. i. e. The camels journeyed by night in order to arrive at the water on the morrow: ( $\mathrm{K},{ }^{*}$ TA:) and [a man says, of
 And قَرَبْتُ الّْاءَ, aor. 2, inf. n. so in the Fs [of Th, meaning $I$ journeyed to the water by night in order to reach it on the following morning]. (TA.) [Or] you say, قَرَبُوا الهَآتا, meaning They sought, or sought to attain, the water. (A.) And [hence] one says, فُلَانْ يُقْرُبُ عَاجَتَهُ, meaning + Such a one seehs, or seeks to attain, the object of his want; from the seeking, or seeking to attain, the water: and bence the saying, in a trad., " ' We not seeking thereby [aught] save our praising God: thus expl. by El-Khațtábee. (Az, TA.) [Hence,
 has sought to accomplish an affair, $I$ hnow not
 يَّهُ $\ddagger$ [Such a one seeks to accomplish an affair that will not be easy to him]. (A.) فُلْانُ يَمْربُ means + Such a one seeks, desires, or aims at, [the accomplishment of] an affair, when he does a deed, or says a saying, with that


 [q.v.]: (S, O, K:) or the former, (accord. to the $\mathbf{K}$,) or $\bar{\downarrow}$ the latter, (accord. to the $\mathbf{S}$ and TA,) he made for the snord a قَرَاب: : (S, K, TA:) or $\downarrow$ the latter has both of these significations: ( $\mathrm{O}:$ ) or the former verb is said of a sword or of a knife in the former sense; and in like manner * the latter verb in the latter sense : or the former phrase signifies he made for the sword a قَرِاب; and the latter phrase, he put the sword into its
 meaning he made a قِرَاب. (TA.) = قَرْبٌ [as an inf. n. of which the verb is also signifies The feeding a guest with the أقوْاب ( 0, K, TA) meaning flanks [of an animal or of animals, pl. of قَرُّربٌ or
with kesr to the , (0,) like فُرْ (K,) [aor. : , inf. n. app. $\quad$ قَرَرب,] $H e$ (a man, TA) had a complaint ( $\mathbf{O}, \mathbf{K}$ ) of his قُربّ or
 former this verb is only indicated by the mention of its inf. n., ]) inf. n. تَتْرِيبُ. ( $0, \mathbf{K}_{\text {K }}$.)
2. قرّبُ, inf. n. تَقْرِيبُ, He made, or caused, to be, or become, near, caused to approach, or brought, or drevv, near, him, or it. (S., O, Msb.*) [Hence the phrase َقَرَبَ آللهُ دَارَك , which see in what follows.] - [And hence, He made him to be a near associate; he made him an object of, or took him into, favour: and (agreeably with an explanation of the pass. in the Ham p. 184) he made him, or rendered him, an object of honour.] One says, قَرَّهُ مِنْهُ meaning He (a king, or a governor, or prince, [or any other person who was either a superioror an equal,]) made him to be to him a قرْبَان, i. e. [a near associate, or] a consessor, or a particular, or special, associate or
 in the Kur li. 27, means He presented it, or offered it, to them: ( $\mathrm{Jel}:$ ) or he placed it, or put it, before them. (Bب̣.) And one says also, قرّب [He brought, or placed, his adversary before the Sultán]. (Mgh in art. رفع.)
 God, an offering, or oblation]. (S., O : in the Mṣb, حَيَّاَ ألهُّ وَقَرَبَ ['ارَرُ [May God preserve thee alive, or prolong thy life, and make thine abode to be near]: (A, O, $\mathbf{K}$ :) one says thus of a host to a visitor. (TA.) - And التَّْرِيبُ signifies also The denoting nearness. (Mughnee and $\mathbf{K}^{*}$ voce ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{g}$, and Kull pp. 82 and 83 and 124.) Thus what is termed [The diminutive denoting nearness]
 [" My house is a little before the mosque"]. (Kull p. 124.) - And The advancing an argument in such a manner as renders the desired conclusion a necessary cansequence. (MF.) - And A certain sort of عَ a horse: ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{O}$ :) one says, of a horse, inf. n. تَقْرِّبْ, (S., A, O,) meaning he raised his fore legs together and put them down together (S, 0, ↔*) in running: (S, $0:$ ) or he ran [as though] pelting the ground [with his hoofs]: (AZ, TA:) and it is also said of other animals than the horse: but not of the camel : (MF;) [one sort of] التقريب is [a rate] less than الـُوْضر; (Ṣ, A, O;) and more than الــَبَبـبُ: (El-Ámidee, MF:) there are two sorts of تقربب, called أَعلى [which is a gallop] and il [which is a canter]: (S, O:) the former is termed التَّعْنَبَبَّةُ ; and the
 in two places.

 (Mṣb.) See 1, near the midule of the paragraph. —One says of a vensel, (S, O, K,) قارب أن
 became, near to beinj full]: : [thus used] is the verb from قَرْبَانُ [q. v.], and قُرْبُ is not used in its stead. (Sb, TA.) And one says also, [It was, or became, nearly equal, or it nearly a mounted, to what would fill it]. (Mṣb.). And قارب قُدْرٌ [It was, or became, nearly equal, or equivalent, to its quantity, or ainount; or it was, or became, nearly equivalent to it $]$. ( K , TA.) [And hence the term أفعالُ المُقَارَبْة The verls of appropinquation; as قاربـ الخَطْوْ $H e$ made the stepping to be contracted; syn. בَانَاهُ ; (AZ, K, TA ;) [i. e. he made short steps : made his steps to be near together ;] said of a horse. (TA.) And قَارب كَرَمَهُ [He made the several portions of his speech, i. e. he made his words, to be near together; so that it means he uttered his speech rapidly]. (K. in art. وط;\&c.) And [He made the words to follow one another nearly, or to be near together, in the act of praise, or the like.]
 [I made the tmo affairs, or events, to be nearly uninterrupted]. (T, Ş, Mṣb, all in art. قاربهُ -ا.دنو also signifies He thought him, or it, to be near. (Ham p. 634.) And قارب الأمرْ He thought the thing. (MF.) - And $\mathrm{He}_{\mathrm{e}}$ interchanged with him good, or pleasing, speech. ( O , K, TA.) - And قارب, He مِى الأمرِ He pursued the right, or just, or middle, course, neither exceeding it nor falling short of it, in the affair. ( $\mathrm{O}, \stackrel{\mathrm{K}}{\mathbf{Y}}$, TA.) - And قَارْتُهُ فِى البَّهْعٌ [app. meaning, in like manner, I pursued a middle course with him in selling, or buying, with respect to the price denanded or offered, neither exceeding what was just nor falling short of it], (S, O, ) inf. n .
 The raising the leg [or legs, of a woman,] for the purpose of عمْتَ. (K.)

4: see 1, second quarter. - [Hence,] أقرْبَتر, (S, A, O, K, said of the pregnant, (A, TA,) or of a woman, and of a mare, and of a ewe or goat, (S, O, TA,) and also of an ass, (Lth, TA,) but [app.] not [properly] of a camel, (Lth, S.,* O, * TA,) [though it is sometimes said of a camel, as in the $\mathbf{S}$ and $\mathbf{O}$ voce غُغهوس, and in the O and K in art. \& ,] She was, or became, near to bringing forth. (Lth, S, A, O, K.) - And اقرب said of a colt, and of a young camel, (K, TA,) \&c., (TA,) He was, or became, near to the age of shedding his central incisors; (K, TA;) and likewise, to that of shedding other teeth. (TA.) - And He nearly filled a vessel. (S., O,
 of Aboo-Hureyreh, meaning $I$ will indeed perform to you the like of, or what will be nearly the same as, the praying of the Apostle of God.

