Boox I.]
the two rings of the $[$ shackle called $]$ غُل : (M, O, $\mathbf{K}$ :) so termed because of its sound. (0.) Also A she-ostrich. (Har p. 408.)
زَزَّآرْ
 Playing; or a player. (0.)

 K,* TA;) what is called in Persian نَأى [now generally meaning a flute]; (marginal note in a
 latter, by many pronounced jُزَّارَّ so pronounced in Egypt, is applied to a double reed-pipe, figured and described in my work on

 pl. of the first, (S, A,) and of the last two, مَزامِ. (S,** A.) It is related in a trad., that Mohammad, on hearing Aboo-Moosà El-Ash'aree reciting,
 $\ddagger$ [Verily thou hast been gifted with a pipe like that of David himself]; likening the sweetness of his voice and melody to the sound of the مزمْا; (TA;) as though he had musical pipes in his throat: or مزامير آل داوود is here the same as
 signifies [The Psalms of David;] nhat David
 as (يُتَغنَّى likened the utmost sweetness of voice in reciting: and $\bar{\Pi}$ is said to be here redundant or pleonastic; meaning the person: (TA:) or (so in the TA, but in the K " مزامير داوود signifies kinds of prayer, or supplication : it is pl. of of مَزْمْوْرْ the K.)

! Shrinking, and abject, or ignominious, in his own estimation. (K, TA.) [See also its verb.]

> زمرد
:2, ${ }^{2}$ :

## زمر3

 TA,) and accord. to some joj with the unpointed , (TA,) or, accord. to IK $t$, this is a mistranscription, and Ass says that it is correctly written with the pointed 3, (Mgb,) [The emerald: avcord. to some] i.q. زَبْجبَز; (Ṣ, L, Mṣb, K ;) but Et-Teyfáshee [rightly] says that the زبرجد is a different kind of stone: [see this word:] and Ibn-Sáid El-Anşaree says that the mine of the ( (TA:) several authors say that the 3 jiffers from the زيرجبل in being more green: (MF, TA:) it is an arabicized word [from the Pers. ;زُمْرْ $]$ : (S, L, Msp, K:) [a coll. gen. n.:] n. un. with $\mathbf{0}$. (Mg̣b.)
زمع - زمر

## زمع

1. زُزبعَ, aor. =, inf. n. He became confounded, or perplexed, and unable to see his right course; or he became bereft of his reason or intellect ; in consequence of fear: (S., Mṣb,* ${ }_{\mathbf{K}}$ :") he feared, or was afraid: ( $\mathrm{K}:$ ) he nas impatient; or had not sufficient strength to bear what befell him, and found not patience: ( $\mathrm{L}:$ ) he became disquieted, disturbed, agitated, flurried, or in a state of commotion. (Lh.) $=$ , الأرْنَبُ, aor. = , (TA,) inf. n. (Lth, K, TA, The hare was light, or active, and quick, or swift : (Lth, K, TA :) and ازمعت it ran, (Ṣ, TA,) and was light, or active. (TA.) And زَمْع
 K.) Thus the verb has two contr. significations. (K.) And He went with short steps; as also "تزمّع. (TA.)

## 2: see the next paragraph.

 the former accord. to Ks.; the latter accord. to Kh, but disallowed by Ks; both, however, are authorized by Fr , as meaning the same, like
 (TA;) I determined, resolved, or decided, upon the affair: ( $\mathrm{Fr}, \mathrm{S}, \mathbf{K}:$ ) my determination, resolution, or decision, became fixed upon the affair, (Lth or $\mathrm{Kh}, \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{TA}$,) to execute it, or perform it, of necessity : (Lth, TA:) or I kept constantly, firmly, steadily, steadfastly, or fixedly, to the affair : syn. (K : ) and (Ibn-'Abbád, $\underset{\text { K, }}{ }$ [in the CK written without teshdeed,]) followed by عَلَى before the object, inf. n. تَزْمِبع, (TA,) signifies the same: (Ibn'Abbád, K:) ازمع may be formed by transposition from, or the $j$ may be a substitute for.
 determined, rcsolved, or decided, upon going, journeying, or departing. (Mgh.) = See also 1. = [The grape-vine, or its branch,]
 ;ij] (ISh, Ḳ, TA,) and its fruit-stalk was near ازمع النّبْتُ And The herbage made its first appearance in a scattered state: ( $\mathrm{S}:$ :) or was not all of it equal, or uniform, but consisted of scattered portions, (K, TA,) at its first appearance, (TA,) one part surpassing another. (K, TA.)

## 5 : see 1, last sentence.


 former, and] signifies $A$ certain excrescence behind the cloven hoof: ( $\mathrm{AZ}, \mathrm{S}, \mathrm{M} \underset{\mathrm{b}}{\mathrm{b},{ }^{*} \mathrm{~K}: \text { ) or a }}$ thing like the nails of sheep or goats, in the part between the shank and foot; every leg having upon it two of the things thus termed (زَمَعْتَانِ), as though they were formed of pieces of horn: (Lth, $\mathbb{K}:$ ) or a certain excrescence projecting above the hoof of the sheep or goat : (TA :) or the pendent hairs in the linder part of the hind leg, or hind foot, of the sheep or goat, and of the
gazelle, and of the hare: (K:) [the pl. of $\downarrow$ \&ienj is jo joccurring in the $S$ art., and in the K in art. j , \&cc.), and] the pl.
 as being compared to the زَز (L,) زَّ also signifies + The lower, or baser, or the lowest, or basest, or the refuse, of mankind:
 meaning $+H e$ is of the last of them; ( $\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{L} ;$ ) and of their followers. (L.) - Also, i. e. ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{j}$ The hairs behind the fetlock $[-j o i n t]$; (K;) and so
 $\ddagger$ Knots, gems, or buds, in the places whence the racemes of the grape-vine come forth: (ISh, K , TA :) accord. to Et-Táifee, (L in art. (S) [the n. un.] زلْ jignifies the knot, or gem, in the place whence the raceme of grapes grows forth: (L ubi supra, and TA:) or, as some say, the berry when it is like the head of a young ant;
 (TA:) and t the gem of a leaf: ( L in art. S :)
 within them of the raceme of the grape-vine. (TA voce . Aكافُور.) Also + An excrescence, or a redundance, ( the epithet [applied to him who has such] is $\downarrow$. أزمٌ. (K.) - And Scattered portions of herbage, here and there; like portions of clouds in the sky. (TA.)

زَزمْ: four places.

ز Penetrating energy, or sharpness, vigorousness, and effectiveness, in the performance of an affair, and determination, resolution, or de-
 ( $\mathrm{K}:$ ) and courage, such that when one has determined, resolved, or decided, upon an affair, he does not turn from it: ( $\mathbf{K}$ :) and good judgment, with boldness to undertake affairs, (K, TA,) such that when one purposes an affair, he acts with a penetrating energy, or sharpness, vigorousness, and effectiveness, in performing it: (TA:) or courage, and great boldness : (S:) and quickness, and hastiness. (S, K.)

زُمِّنا: see the next preceding paragraph.
. زَمْمِيْ : Also A hare that runs with
short steps, as though it ran upon its ${ }^{\text {T, }}$ ( $\mathbf{A}, \mathrm{T}, \mathrm{S}, \mathbf{K}$, ) i. e. the pendent hairs on the hinder parts of its hind legs: (T, TA:) or such as, when
 (K, TA,) and with short steps, (TA,) in order that its foot-marks may not be traced: (K, TA :) and (K, TA, but in the CK "or") such as is quick, or swift, and brisk, or sprightly. (K, TA.)
; A man sharp, vigorous, or effective, in determination, resolution, or decision: ( $\mathrm{Mgh}:$ ) a courageous man, who, when he has determined, resolved, or decided, upon an affair, does not turn from it: (Lth, K: [in the CK, يزْمْ is a mistake

