the present art. by the author of the K, though he charges $J$ with error in mentioning it in this art. because مُزرَّة is used by a rájiz as meaning "intoxicated:" whereas $\mathbf{J}$ is not in error, but is right, in doing thus; for the $\dot{ } \dot{ }$ is radical accord. to the generality of the lexicologists and the authors on inflection, like the $س$ in قَرْوُ ; and the rajiz above referred to elided the $\dot{\mathcal{U}}$ in forming مُزرةٌ because he imagined it to be augmentative: (MF in art. :نرج) it signifies Wine; (S, K ; ) and is a Pers. word, (As, Sh, Seer, S., ) originally ;زركون, [i. e. (Sh, TA,) meaning "goldcoloured :" (As, Sh, Seer, Ṣ:) or it signifies, (Ṣ, $\mathbf{M g h}$,) or signifies also [like as docs عنَبُ, of which the primary signification is "grapes"], (K.) the grape-vine; ( $\mathrm{ISh}_{\mathbf{S}} \mathbf{S}, \mathbf{M g h}, \mathbf{K}$;) n. un. with $\bar{z}$; (ISh, TA ;) and pl. زَراجبين: : (Mgh :) it has this meaning in the dial. of Et-Táif: (ISh, TA in art. زرج:) or the shoots of a grape-vine: (Mgh, K:) thus in the dial. of Et-Táif and ElGhowr: (TA in the present art.:) or a shoot that is planted, of a grape-vine. (AḤ, TA.) -Also A certain red dye. (El-Jarmee, S, K. .) - And Water that remains or stagnates, or collects, or remains lung and becomes altered, or becomes yellon and altered, in a rock: ( $\mathbf{K}$ in art. زرج :) or clear water that remains or stagnates, \&c., in a mountain. (MF, TA.)

## زرد

 L, Mṣib,) or ${ }^{2}$; ; (TA ; [but this I find not in any other lexicon; $;$ ) or ${ }^{\prime}$, ( $\mathrm{j}, \mathrm{Mgh}$ ) or this also,
 the verb being mentioned by IDrd in the Jm , and ISd in the M, and IKtt! in the Af'al; but it is disapproved by Th, and asserted by his expositors to be vulgar; (TA;) and ${ }^{\circ}$

 tioned by 'Amr El-Mutarriz, but this is the most strange ; (TA ;) IIe swalloned (S, A, Mgh, Mṣb,
 water, (Mgh,) [and medicine; for] you say * صَغْبُ المُزْرْرِ (A, TA.) And one says of a man swearing,
 it; meaning, took it hastily; i.e. the oath].
 so in a copy of the $\mathbf{S}$, as well as ${ }^{2}$, , ) or (A, TA, [in my copy of the A written $\left.{ }_{3}^{2} \mathrm{j}, \mathrm{j}\right]$ ) inf. n.
 or عَصرُ عَلْقَهُ He took him, or
 (K,) inf. n. , (Ṣ, A,) He fabricated the coat of mail, by inserting the rings one into another ; i. q. السَّرْرٍ is like meaning the inserting (تَّانُلـ [an intrans. inf. n. here used as though it were trans., as is shown in the $S$ , [رسرد) of the rings of a coat of mail, one into another: (S:) [or, as Z says,] زَرْرد الدِّرْع means , because the coat of mail consists of narrow,
or close, rings : (A:) the $j$ is said to be a substitute for س. (L, TA.)
 his companion, and looked sternly, austerely, or morosely, at him; i.e. he contracted his eye in loohing at him, and did not open it until he had satisfied it with gazing at him. (A, TA.)

## 5 : see 1, in two places.

 places.
:زرْ :
 of the measure مَفْعُرْ, ( A, ) $A$ coat of mail; (S, A, K ; ) as also ${ }^{\dagger}{ }^{\circ} \rho j$, which is an inf. n. used as a subst. [and therefore used as a sing. and a pl., and applied, as is also $\ddot{\partial}$ ز to anythiny made of mail, a piece of mail, and rings in general, like
 with on the authority of IAth:) the pl. of $\nabla^{90 \%}$; is


زَرِد ${ }^{3}$ Quick in swalloning: (K:) but in the Nawádir el-A ạráb, food that is soft, and quich in descending [in the throat]. (TA.)

زرْرْة [The quantity that is snalloned at once; like جُزْرَ and and a morsel, or small mouthful:
 one thought that I was a morsel for him]. (A, TA.)

زردْانٍ $A$ guest : as though he throttled his companion. (A, TA.)
 to some, (TA,) so called because it swallows

 أُيُورِ, by its straitness. (K, TA.)
.زرِةٍ see : زَرِّيَّةٌ
 the throat of a camel is compressed, in order that he may not eject his cud therefrom and bespatter his rider. ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}$.$) The former word is also expl.$ in the K by مُمْنْقَةُ, [in some copies of the K ,

زِرْادَ The art of fabricating coats of mail ; (A, TA ;) as also سِراءةَ. (TA.)
; A strangler; or one who throttles, or squeezes the throat; syn. قَنَّ And $A$ fabricator of coats of mail; (S, $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{K}$;) as also سُرَّ. (TA.)
[The place of strangling or throttling;
 the throat, or gullet. (TA.)


 throat, or throttled him, or choked him,] meaning the, or it, straitened him. (A, TA.)
مزَرورد Strangled, throttled, or having his throat squeezed. (TA.) And, applied to the fauces [or throat], Squeezed, or compressed. (S.)

## ; زدمر

 squeezed his throat : ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}:$ ) or he throttled him;
 And He swallowed it. (K.)
. The place of swalloning : (S., K:) or the [or epiglottis]: ( $\mathbf{K}$ :) or, as some say, it is [the part] beneath the عُلْقُوْ [or mindpipe: or, app., the part beneath the head of the حلقوم]: and in $i t$, or upon it, is set the tongue: some say that the word is Pers. [in origin ; app. holding it to be arabicized from the Pers. the " windpipe"]. (T'A.)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { زرط } \\
& \text { سِرَاطْ see : زِرَاط. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## زرع



 $\because$ being changed into $s$ in order that it may agree with the $j,(\underset{S}{\mathrm{~K}}, \mathrm{~S}$ ) for, and $j$ are pronounced with the voice as well as the breath, whereas $ت$ is pronounced with the brenth only: (S,TA:) [or the latter verb, as appears from an explanation of it to be found below, may signify he sowed for himself.] They say, كَنْ زُرعٌ حَصْت [He who sows reaps]. (TA.) And [they use
 [ $I$ sowed wheat and barley]: and in like manner, [I sowed the trees; or sowed the seeds which should produce the trees: or it may signify I planted the trees]. (Ibn-Abi-l-Hadeed.) And
 ! TThy generosity and the goodness of thy disposition have sown love for thee in the hearts]. (TA.) And it is said in a trad., كُنْ كَ كَ
 [Whoso hath land,] let him sow it [or let him lend it, or give it, to his brother; and if he refuse, let him retain his land]. (TA.) - زَرعٌ الأرْْض
 $\ddagger$ He ploughed up, or tilled, or cultivated, the land, or ground, for soning. (Mgh, Msb.)
 ( $\ddagger$ When this nation shall employ itself altogether with agriculture and the affairs of the present world, and turn away from warring against unbelievers and the like, aid shall be withdrawn from it. (Mgh.) - زرعَة in ingnifies God caused it, or made it, to gron, vegetate, or

