عِنْدُهُ زُبُلٌ مِنْ تَمْرِ Msb, TA.) One says, زَنَابِيلُ and ازنابيل With him are palm-leaf-bashets of dates]. (TA.) = For the first, see also زبل

ercepings. (Msb in art. زُبَالَةُ hence, Anything; like زبال and زبال One says, (,TA, السِّقاءِ K,) and البِنُّرِ (,X) أَلِيثُور (,X) أَمَا فِي الإِنَاءِ j, i. e. [There is not in the vessel, or the well, and the water-skin or milk-skin, anything. (S, K, TA.)

زَبُّالْ A collector of زِبُّل (Msb:) one whose occupation is to carry زبْل. (TA.) [In the present day it means A scavenger, or dust man.]

زَبيلُ sec زَبيلُ.

and زَأْبُلُ and زَأْبُلُ and زَأْبُلُ and زَأْبُلُ and زَأْبُلُ but mostly without ., (Ķ,) [applied to a man,] Short.

A calamity, or misfortune : (Ibn-'Abbad, (TA.) زَابَلُ .اَمَ (TA.)

زَنْبِيلٌ and زُنْبِيلٌ; and the pl. زُنْبِيلٌ see زَنْبِيلٌ, in four places.

(Ş, Mşb, K) مَزْبُلَةُ (Ş, Mgh, Mşb, K) مَزْبَلَةُ A place of زبل : (S, Mgh, Mah, K:) a place arhere زبل is thrown down: (M, K:) pl. مزابل

1. زَبْنَ به (Msh, TA,) and زَبْنَ به, (TA,) aor. -, (Mab, TA,) inf. n. زبن, (S, M, Mgh, Mab, K,) He pushed it, or thrust it; or pushed it, or thrust it, away; (S,\* Mgh,\* Msb, K,\* TA;) namely, a thing: (Msb, TA:) or a thing from another thing. (M,\* TA.) You say of a she-camel, تَزْبن She pushes, or thrusts, or she pushes, or thrusts, away, her milher. (Mgh, Msb, TA.) And رُبَنَتْ بثَفنات رجْلها or رُبَنتْ بثُفنات رجْلها (جَم), (TA,) She (a camel) struck with her stifle-joints (TA) on the occasion of being milked: زَبْنُ being [generally] with the stifle-joints; and رَحُفْ , with the hind leg; and خُبط, with the fore leg. (S, TA.) And She (a camel) pushes, تُزْبِنُ وَلَدَهَا عَنْ ضَرْعَهَا بِرِجْلَهَا or thrusts, away her young one from her udder with her hind leg. (M, TA.) And زَبْنُهُم He pushed, or thrust, them away; put them away, or removed them from their place. (TA.) And of war, or battle, (تُحْرِبنُ النَّاسَ,) one says, تَزْبِنُ النَّاسَ meaning \$ It dashes men [one against another], and pushes, or thrusts, them. (S, TA.) \_ And inf. n. as above, + Thou , زَبَنْتُ عَنَّا هَدِيَّتَكَ وَمَعْرُوفَكَ hast turned away from us thy present and thy bounty, or favour: accord. to Lh, properly meaning thou hast turned them away from thy neighbours and acquaintance to others: or, accord. to the A, ; thou hast withdrawn, and withheld, from us thy present &c. (TA.) \_\_\_ زَبْن also signifies The selling any fruit upon its trees for [other] fruit by measure: (K:) whence الْهُزَابَنَةُ الْهُ (see 3): it has been forbidden, because of the fraud, or deceit, and the ignorance, attending it: and is thus termed because either of the two parties, when

from the obligation that he has imposed upon him. (TA.)

3. رَابِنَهُ (TA,) i.q. رَابِنَهُ (TA,) أَرابِنَهُ رَابِنَهُ [He contended, or strove, with him in pushing, or thrusting, or in pushing, or thrusting, away; or he pushed him, &c., being pushed &c. by him; or he pushed against him]. (K.) \_ مزابنة signifies [also] The selling dates (S, Mgh, Msb, K) in their fresh ripe state (S, K) upon the heads of the palm-trees for dried dates (S, Mgh, Msb, K) by measure; (Mgh, Msb;) which is forbidden, because it is a sale by conjecture, [or] without measuring and without weighing: (S, TA:) it is from الزَّبْنُ; because it leads to contention and mutual repulsion: (Mgh:) and in like manner, the selling any fruit upon its trees for fruit by measure: see 1, last sentence: (TA:) accord. to Málik, any selling or buying of a thing by conjecture, not knowing its measure nor its number nor its weight, for something named of that which is measured and weighed and numbered: or the selling of a thing known for a thing unknown of its kind: or the selling of a thing unknown for a thing unknown of its kind: or a buying and selling in rrhich is a mutual endeavour to endamage, or overreach, (بَيْعُ مُغَابِنَة,) in a hind in which endamaging, or overreaching, is not allowable; (K;) because, in this case, he who is endamaged, or overreached, desires to annul the sale, and he who endamages, or overreaches, desires to make it take effect, so they repel one another, and contend.

4. ازبنوا بيُوتَهُمْ They removed their tents from the road, or way. (TA.)

5: see 10, in two places.

6. تزابنوا i. q. تدافعوا They contended, or strove, together, in pushing, or thrusting, or in pushing, or thrusting, away; or they pushed, &c., one another; or pushed against one another]. (TA.)

7. انزبنوا They removed, withdrew, or retired to a distance. (K.)

10. استزبنه ¡ [i. e. treated him as such;] meaning a simpleton, or fool; one much, or often, endamaged, or overreached, defrauded, or deceived; as also \* تزبنه : (Mgh:) تَغَبَّنُهُ and اسْتَغْبَنَهُ are like تزبَّنهُ \* and استزبنهُ [both app. meaning he esteemed him غبين, i. e. weak in judgment, and therefore liable to be endamaged, or overreached, defrauded, or deceived; both signify "he تضعفه and تضعفه esteemed him ضَعيف, i. e. weak "]; or like استَغْبَاهُ and تُغيّاه [both app. meaning he esteemed him unintelligent, or one having little intelligence]. (TA.)

A tent, or house, (بَيْتُ) standing apart from the [other] tents or houses: (K:) as though it were pushed from them. (TA.) - See also A narrow standing-place, upon مُقَامَ زَبَّنٍ .... زَبنَ which a man cannot stand by reason of its narrowness and slipperiness. (TA.) - [In one place in the CK, الزَّبن is erroncously put for [.الزّبِنَ

زَبْنُ: see زَبْنُ . Also A want, or thing who is endamaged, or defrauded, (رُبُنْ see زَبْنُ

he repents, repels the other [if able to do so] | wanted : you say, اقَدُ أَغَذَ زِبْنَهُ مِنَ الهَال [He has taken] what he wanted [of the property], (K,) and من الطّعام [of the food]. (TA.)

> زبن A side; a lateral, or an adjacent, part or and زَبْن † ,and so, app. زَبْن † and ﴿ يُنَّا مِنْ قُوْمِهِ , with وَبُنَّا مِنْ قَوْمِهِ , for] you say ; وَبُنْ ♦ fet-ḥ, [as well as زُبنًا , with two fet-ḥahs,] and زُبنًا with kesr, meaning He alighted aside, or apart, from his people, or party; as though he were thrust from their place: scarcely ever, or never, used otherwise than as an adv. n. [of place] or as a denotative of state. (TA.) = Also A piece of على) cloth [shaped] after the fashion of the tent a kind of curtained حَجُلَة ), like the حَجُلة canopy prepared for a bride]. (K.)

> in the الزَّبْنُ, (K, TA,) like كَتِفْ, (TA, [رَبِنْ in the CK being a mistranscription for الزَّبِنُ,]) Vehcment in pushing, or thrusting; and so إنين الم (K,\* TA.)

غَرُبَانِيَةً see غُرِبُنِيَةً غُرَبَانِيَةً see غُرِبُنِي . زَبنُ see زُبنُ.

The hind leg of a she-camel: (TA:) the hind legs of the she-camel are called زبنتاها (K, TA) because she pushes, or thrusts, with them. (TA.)

One who pushes, or thrusts, or who pushes, or thrusts, away, [or who pushes &c. much or vehemently, or who is wont to push &c.,] a thing. (Msb.) A she-camel that pushes, or thrusts, or that pushes, or thrusts, away, (Mgh, Msb, K,) or that kicks, or strikes, and pushes, &c., (S, TA,) her milher, (S, Mgh, Msb, K,\*) with her hind leg (Msb) [or with her stifle-joint: see 1]: or that is wont, or accustomed, to push, &c., her milher. (TA.) Hence, (A,) one says (Ṣ, A, Mṣb, Ķ) meaning ‡ A difficult, or stubborn, war or battle; likened to the she-camel termed زبون: (A, TA:) or that dashes men [one against another], and pushes, or thrusts, them: (S:) or in which one portion pushes, or thrusts, or pushes or thrusts away, another, by reason of multitudinousness: (K:) or it is thus called because it repels the valiant men from advancing, through fear of death. (Msb.) - As meaning غَبِي [i. c. † Unintelligent, or having little intelligence], and and hence, as will be رمعامل syn. with حريفً seen from what follows, app. here used in the sense of +a dealer with others in buying and selling, a meaning which often has, though, as I have shown in art. حرف, I do not know any authority for assigning this meaning to عُرِيفُ], (S, K, [the latter explanation thus written in my copies of the S and in my MS. copy of the K and in the CK, but in the TA, and hence in the TK, خريف, which has no meaning, that I know of, appropriate in this instance,]) it is post-classical, (K,) not of the language of the people of the desert: (S:) it signifies \$ a simpleton, or fool,