also signifies ! A thing, or an affair, that is clear, or free from dubiousness or confusedness; (Th, T and TA in art. زریب;) like the milk so termed. (TA in art. ریب. See an ex. in that art.)

: see the next preceding paragraph.

مروب A vessel, (T, S,) or receptacle, (A,) or skin, (M, K,) in which milk is made to be such as is termed رأئب. (T, S, M, A, K.) [See also

مُرِيبُ Haring much milh such as is termed مُرِيبُ. (Har p. 416.)

Milk that has not as yet been churned, and that is in the skin, not having had its butter taken from it. (As, T.) \_ And \_ And \_ A shin in which milk has been made such as is termed رائب: (M, K:) or a skin that is wrapped up [in order that its milk may thicken more quickly by its being kept warm] until it attains the fit time for the churning. (S.) It is said in a (T, S, M, A,) أَهْوَنُ مَظْلُومِ سَقَاءٌ مُرَوَّبٌ meaning [The lightest in estimation] of what is drunk, or given to be drunk, [of milk,] before its butter comes forth from it (As, T) [is that in] a shin that is wrapped up &c., as expl. above: (S:) [or the least to be exteemed of the wronged is he who remains quiet, or inert, like milk not yet in a state of fermentation: ] AZ mentions it as applied to him who is low, abject, or contemptible; who is held to be weak: and he says that means " I gave [the milk of] the skin to be drunk before it had attained to maturity [so as to be fit for the process of churning]:" (T:) or مروب signifies not churned, but having in it its ferment; and the prov. is applied to him who is constrained to do something that is difficult, and to become in a state of abasement, or ignominy, and does not manifest any disapproval. (Meyd.)

## روث

1. رَاتُ, (T, S, M, &c.,) aor. رَاتُ, (T, A, Mṣb,) inf. n. رَوْتُ, (T, M, A, Mṣb,) said of a horse (Ṣ,Mṣb, Ķ) and the like, (Mṣb,) [i. e.] of a solid-hoofed animal (T, M, A) of any kind, (T,) He dunged. (M, Mṣb.\*) It is said in a prov., اَحُشُكُ وَتَرُوثِينَنى (Ṣ,) or أَحُشُكُ وَتَرُوثِينَى . (TA in art. حش, in which it is explained.)

رُوْنَةُ, (T, Ṣ, M, &c.,) originally an inf. n., (Mṣb,) The dung (M, Mṣb\*) of the horse (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ) and the lihe, (Mṣb,) [i.e.] of a solid-hoofed animal (T, M, A, Mgh) of any hind: (T, Mgh:) [a coll. gen. n.:] n. un. ﴿وَثُونُهُ : (Ṣ, Mṣb, K:) and pl. وَرُونُهُ أَنْ (Ṣ, M, A, Mgh, Ķ.)

see what next precedes. — Also The end, or tip, (Ṣ, M, A, K,) of the nose, (M,) [i.e.,] of the hose, (Ṣ, M, A, K,) of the nose, (e.,] if [or lower portion, i.e. lobule, of the nose], (Ṣ, A, K,) where the blood that flows from the nostrils drops, or drips: (M, A:) or the fore part of the nose altogether: (M:) or the end, or tip, of the nose, in the fore part thereof. (TA.)

You say, خَانَ يَضْرِبُ بِلْسَانِهُ رَوْنَهُ اَنْهُهُ, (Ṣ, TA,)

meaning [Such a one strikes with his tongue] the tip of his nose, or the tip of his nose in the fore part thereof. (TA.) It is said in a trad. that the mulct for mutilating a person by depriving him of this part is a third of the whole price of blood. (TA.) — And + The bill of the eagle: Aboo-Kebeer El-Hudhalee terms the eagle's bill رُوْلَةُ السَّافِيُّ , occurring in a trad., is expl. as meaning + The upper part [of the hilt] of the sword, that is next to the little finger of the person grasping it. (TA.) — Also The remains of the culms of wheat in the sieve, when it is sifted. (K. [Not found by SM in any other lexicon.])

and أَمُونُ (M, K) The part whence the مَرَاتُ (or dung) issues; (M;) the خُوران [i. e. the rectum, or the tuel,] of a horse. (K.)

see what next precedes.

A man having a large nose. (A, TA.)

## روج

1. رَأْحَ , (Ṣ, A, Mṣb, K,) aor. يُرُوخِ , (Ṣ, A, Mṣb,) inf. n. (S, A, K,) or this is a simple subst., and the inf. n. is روج, (Msb,) It (a thing, S, or a commodity, Msb) had an easy, or a ready, sale; was, or became, saleable; easy, or ready, of sale; or in much demand. (S,\* A,\* Msb, K.\*) \_\_ And , inf. n. رَاجَتِ الدَّرَاهِمُ, The dirhems, or money, passed, or had currency, among men, in buying and selling. (Msh, TA.) \_ And راج الأمر, inf. n. and رواج accord. to IKoot, The thing, or affair, was, or became, quick, speedy, or expeditious: (L, Msb:) or came quickly. (MF.) And راح It was, or became, present, or ready, and prepared: so in the saying, خُذُ مَا رَاجِ [Take thou what is present, or ready, and prepared]. راجت الرِّيح \_ . See also 2. \_\_ راجت الرِّيح \_ . (K,) or روجت ال , (Msb, [app. a mistranscription, unless روجت be meant,]) The wind was, or became, confused, (Msb, K,) not continuing from one direction, (Msb,) so that one knew not whence it came. (K.)

2. رَجِعَ, (Ṣ, A, Mṣb, Ṣ,) inf. n. رَجِعَ, (A, Mṣb, Ṣ,) He made a commodity to have an easy, or a ready, sale; to be saleable; easy, or ready, of sale; or in much demand. (Ṣ, A, K.\*) — He made money to pass, or be current. (Ṣ.\* A,\* Mṣb.) — رَجِعَ الشَّعَ أَنَّ الْمُورُ فَرَاحٍ وَ الْمُورُ فَرَاحٍ وَ الْمُورُ وَلَامٍ وَ الْمُورُ وَ الْمُورُ وَلَامٍ وَ الْمُورُ وَ وَ الْمُورُ وَ وَ الْمُورُ وَ وَالْمُورُ وَ الْمُورُ وَ الْمُورُ وَ الْمُورُ وَ الْمُورُ وَ الْمُورُ وَالْمُورُ وَالْ

dust continued, or went round, upon, or over, the head of the camel; syn. . (TA.)

5. נעבה He [app. a camel] went round about the watering-trough, or tanh, thirsting, and not getting to it. (K.)

رُجَةٌ IIaste, quickness, speed, or expedition. (IAar.)

The state, or quality, of having an easy, or a ready, sale; of being saleable; or in much demand. (Msb.)

[app. applied to a camel] Going round about the watering-trough, or tank, thirsting, and not getting to it. (K.)

A confused thing or affair. (TA.)

Such a one is a person who makes commodities to have an easy, or a ready, sale; to be saleable; easy, or ready, of sale; or in much demand: or who makes money to pass, or be current. (S.)

## وح

1. رَاح , (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ḳ,) sec. pers. رَاح , (Mṣb,) aor. يَرَاحُ, (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ḳ,) inf. n. ريحُ ; (Ḳ;) and aor. يروح, (Mab, TA,) inf. n. روح, (Mab,) or ; (TA;) It (a day) was violently windy. رُوُّوحْ , inf. n. يُرُوحُ , aor. راح , inf. n. It (a day) was one of good, or pleasant, wind. (TA.) \_\_ روح , inf. n. روح , It was, or became, cool and pleasant [by means of the wind]. (L.) It (a house, or tent, the door being opened,) [was, or became, aired by the wind; or] was entered by the mind. (L.) راح الشَّجْر The trees felt the wind. (AHn, K.) [See also another meaning below.] \_ [Hence, perhaps,] راح, aor. inf. n. رَاح, + He was, or became, brisk, lively, sprightly, active, agile, prompt, or quich; [as though he felt the wind and was refreshed by it;] (L;) as also לוב (S, A, L, K:) (it;) and signify the same : (Ş, L, K : [in the CK, is erroneously put for الارتياح and the (a man) became light, or active, and راح للشَّى: (Msb.) You say, شَمَّر. (Msb.) and إِلَى الشَّى and † ارتاح به and [إلَى الشَّى and + IIe was, or became, brish, lively, &c, as above, at the thing, [or betook himself with brishness, liveliness, &c., to the thing,] and was rejoiced by it. (Lth, TA.) A poet says,

## ا وَزَعَمْتَ أَنَّكَ لَا تَرَاحُ إِلَى النِّسَا

we we we we we will the street of the stre