 K, TA,) meaning $+a$ sheep, or goat, lean, or emaciated: (TA :) from [رَرْورْ, or perhaps or both, as meaning] clouds (سَّابَ) that have discharged their water. (JK.)
; رُّ, applied to a bird, That does not prey: (K:) or the bird called غُرْنُوق. (JK.) =Also A large number. ( J K, K.)
 ing, or searching, [to find what is best to be done; ] who follows mere opinion; as also "رعْمَانُ. (JK, K.)
أرْمر More [and most] fruitful, or plentiful, or abundant in herbage or in the goods or conveniences or comforts of life: [as though meaning more, and most, natered by rain such as is termed نَزْلْنَا بِغُلَانٍ فَكُنَّا فِى أرْمَهِ , so in the saying [: رِمْهَة [We alighted at the dwelling of such a one, and we were in the more fruitful, \&c., of the two sides of his place of abode; meaning, and we were entertained by him in the best, or most bountiful, manner]. (S.)
-
 follows.-Also] A certain application for wounds; ( $\mathbf{S}$;) a soft plaster or dressing, (K, TA, ) the softest of medicaments, (TA,) [i. e. an unguent, or the like,] with which a wound is plastered, dressed, overspread, or anointed: (K, TA:) [pl. as above:] it is an arabicized word [from the
 some say,] because of its softness. (K.) You say, [The places watered by the drizzling and lasting rains of the early morning-clouds are the soft plasters, or unguents, of the deserts]. (A, TA.)

## رهن

1. inf. n. رْهُ , (Ṣ, TA,) or (Mṣb, ) It (a thing, Ş, Mṣh, TA) continued, subsisted, lasted, endured, remained, or remained fixed or stationary; it was, or became, permanent, constant, firm, steady, steadfast, stable, fixed, fast, settled, or established. (S, $\mathrm{Mgh}_{\mathrm{g}} \mathbf{M s ̣ b}, \mathrm{K}, \mathrm{TA}$.) This is the primary signification. (Mgh, TA.") — Hence, (Mgh,) رَّنْ بِالْتَكَانِ $\ddagger$ IIe remained, stayed, dwelt, or abode, in the place. (A, Mgh, TA.) - And رْهن , (JK, Ṣ, Ḳ,) aor. =, (K, TA,) or ${ }^{\prime}$, (JK, [but this I think to be a mistake,]) inf. n. رُمُونُ, (K, ) said of a man, and of a camel,(J K,Ṣ,* TA,) and of any beast, (TA,) He was, or became, lean, or emaciated; (JK,Ş, K, TA;) and fatigued, tired, weary, or jaded. (J K, TA.) Yousay, رَكِّ He rode until he became lean, or
 see 4, first signification. - [Hence,] as a lawterm, رُّ signifies The putting, or placing, an article of real property [to remain] as a pledge, or security, or making it to be such, for a debt that is obligatory or that will become obligatory.

 TA) [and رُرْينَة, q. v. voce روهنة) ; and $\downarrow$ - الشِّ (S. K ; ) all signify the same; (S., He deposited the thing with him (Msb, Ḳ) [as a pledge] to be in lien of that which he had taken, or received, from him: (K:) [i. e. he pledged the thing to him, or with him :] and رَنْتُ المَتَاعْ , بالدّيْنِ, inf. n. I 1 , restricted the commodity, or placed it in custody, for, or by reason of, the debt; and ارهنتهُ ${ }^{\text {l }}$ is a dial. var. thereof, but of rare occurrence, and disallowed by those who are held in esteem: (Msb:) for, properly, they say, (Mssb,) أرْمَنْتُ زَيْدًا الدَّوْبُ signifies $I$ gave to Zeyd the garment, or piece of cloth, in order that he should deposit it as a pledge (Mssb, $\mathrm{K}^{*}$ ) with some one. (Mṣb.) 'Abd-Allah IbnHemmám Es-Saloolee says, (S.) or Hemmám Ibn-Murrah, (TA,)

[And when I dreaded their nails, I escaped, and gave them, or left with them, as a pledge, Málik]: thus, says $T h$, all relate the verse, except $A s$, who
 pledge, Málik]: he likens this phrase to the saying قُْهُتُ وَأَرْكُ وَجْهْ ; and this is a good way of explaining it; for the $g$ is that which is a denotative of state; the meaning being صَاكًّا وْجْهُ: [accord. to the former reading, in the opinion of Th,] the poet means I left Málik remaining nith them; not as a pledge; because [when the leaving a thing as a pledge is meant, in his opinion,] one
 TA.) [See, however, 4.] You say also, رُهْ inf. n. رُّن, meaning He made him, or it, to be a pledge in lieu of him, or it : a poet, asserted by IJ to be a pagan, says,

* إرْهَنْ بَنِيكَ عَنهرْ أرْهنْ بَنِّ
$*$
[Make thou thy sons to be pledges in lieu of them: in that case I will make my sons to be pledges:
 made my tongue to be as though it were a pledge to him, to be restrained, or to be used, for his sake or benefit]: in this case one should not say
 garment, or piece of cloth, [\&c.,] as well as رَنْتُهُ. (TA.)
 ,مُرْاهُنَةٌ (S,) or (Mṣb,) or both, (K, and so in a copy of the $\mathbf{S}$, ) I laid a bet, or wager, or stake, with such a one, for such a thing, (S, Msb, K, ${ }^{*}$ ) mostly (TA) said in relation to horses running a race, (JK, TA,*) to be taken by him who should outstrip, or overcome. (Mṣb.) The inf. ns. also signify $\ddagger$ The contending [of two persons] to outstrip [in a race] upon horses, (K, TA,) and othervise. (TA.) Hence the prov.,


4. ارمن He made (a thing, Mṣb) to continue, subsist, last, endure, remain, or remain fixed or stationary; to be, or become, permanent, canstant, firm, steady, steadfast, stable, fixed, fast, settled, or established; (S.,* Mgh,* Mṣb, $\mathbf{K}$; ${ }^{*}$ ) and
proved: (TA :) and also he found it to be so.
 and الشَّرَّابَ, (T, © , TA,) and الَّالَ, (TA,) $\ddagger H_{e}$ continued, or made permanent, to them the food, (T, Ş, K, TA,) and the beverage, (T, S, TA, ) and the property. (TA.) [And accord. to an explanation of أرْبَنْتُ (referring to dates), by 'Alee IbnHamzeh, cited in a marginal note in a copy of the S, in art. أرمَنْ ,وهب signifies He prepared food, and continued it, or made it permanent.] -_ ارمنáas used by some in another sense of رُّ ر: :] see 1 , in six places. [That it is allowable to use it thus may be inferred from phrases here following.] — You say, أرَهنْتُ مَالى I staked my
 gave, of their own free will, what the party approved, whatever were its amount, to be to them a stake at a race. (TA.) And أرْهِنْ ,وَلِّى (S K, K.,*) inf. n. children to be as a stake for him, or it. (S., K..") And ارهنá +1 IIe resigned him to death. (IAar,TA.) And ارهن المَّيّتْ القَبْرْ $\ddagger$ He deposited the dead body in the grave [as a pledge to be rendered up on the day of resurrection]. (K, TA.) - Accord. to AZ, (S, TA, in one copy of the $\mathbf{S}$ it is A'Obeyd,) أَرْهْتُ فِى السِّلْعْعَ 1 significs $I$ bought the commodity for a dear, or an excessive, price; (Ṣ, K, TA ;) gave largely for it until I obtained it : (TA:) accord. to ISk, I paid in advance for the commodity; syn. أُمْنَفْتُ ; (S, TA;) and in the T it is said, [and in like manner in the JK,j that ارهن فِى كَذَا وَكَنَا signifies أرْهنَهُ signifies أَسْلْفَهُ, as though it meant he lent him a sum of money \&c.:] accord. to Er-Rághib, the proper meaning [of modity before [the full payment of $]$ the price, and so making it to be pledged for the completion of its price. (TA.) = ارهنهُ also signifies $H e$, or
 him lean, or emaciated. (TA.) And لفّلشُ ارهن قوَّتَهُ God neakened him; syn. أوْنَهْهُ (JK.)
5. تراهنا They two laid bets, wagers, or stakes, each with the other ; syn. تَوْضَعَا الرُّهُونَ. (TA.) And تراهن القَوْمٌ The party contended together, every one of them laying a bet, wager, or stake, in order that the person outstripping should take the whole when he overcame. (Mṣb.)
6. ارتهن مْنهُ He took, or received, from him a pledge. '(Ḳ.) [Or] ارتهنهُ ITe took, or received, it as a pledge: ( $\mathrm{JK}, \mathrm{Mgh}:$ ) or ارتهنهُ مِنهُ he took, or received, it from him; namely, a pledge. (Mṣb.) — [Accord. to Freytag, ارتهنه esignifies He had him, or held him, as a pledge to him for it. And ísion $H e$, or it, was given as a pledge. But for neither of these has he mentioned any authority.]
7. [استرهنaُ He asked him, or desired him, to pledge a thing with him: and, to give a pledge.]
 me, or desired me, to pledge such a thing, or to
