thereof, and of the largeness of her udder, waddling,] as though she were mad, or possessed. (TA.)
ْرُ ; ; p pl. of q. v. [n. un. of ; ; ; like ,رُّمْ , but anomalous]. (JK.)

## , Lumps of bicstings. (IAạr, Ḳ.)

رُخْهُ, with damm, (TA, [analogously with the generality of words of similar meaning, but this fact may have occasioned some writer's adding " with damm,"] or رَخْمَهُ , (so in the JK, [if correct, app., as being likened to a white vulture,]) $A$ whiteness in the head of $a$ cwe or she-goat: (JK, TA:) and a dust-colour in her face, the rest of her being of any colour. (TA.)
 رُرْمْةٌ
[commonly applied to Marble: and sometimes to alabaster: the latter application is the more agreeable with the following explanation:] a certain white, soft stone: (JK, Ṣ, Mgh, K, TA:) what is of the colour of wine, or yellow, or dappled, is of the kinds of stones, ( $\mathbf{K}$, TA,) i. e., not [a sort] of رُّار: : (TA :) a nell-known kind of stone : (Msb:) n. un. with 0 [meaning a piece, or slab, \&c., thereof]. (Mgh, Mṣb.) [Sce also [.مرْمر
,رُمْ , applied to specch, (S, Mssb, K, ) \&c., (Mşb,) Soft, or gentle, and casy : (S,* K :) or [simply] easy : (Mṣb:) and, applied to the voice, soft, or gentle, plaintive, and melodious. (TA.)
 ( $\Lambda \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{JK}, \mathrm{K}$, ) Easy [and soft or gentle] in speech: ( $\mathbf{~ © ~} \mathrm{f}, \mathrm{K}:$ ) and in like manner, [a girl soft, or gentle, \&c., in voice]: (JK:) and in like manner also the first and second are applied to a [young gazelle such as is termed] . رحْشْف Gentle, gracious, or courteous, to his associates.' (TA.)
 Also A certain plant. (AḤn, K.)
;ُشَامَى A certain plant, ( $\mathbf{A} \mathbf{H} \mathrm{n}, \mathrm{K}$,) dịferent from the [app. خضضرة [ probably identify it], having a blossom of a pure white, and a white root, which the [wild] asses dig $u$, with their hoofs, and all the wild animals eat bccausc of its sncetness and pleasantness; and its places of growth are the sands: ( $\mathrm{A} \mathbf{H} \mathrm{n}, \mathrm{TA}:)$ or, as some say, (TA,) a kind of tree like the

 wind. (K.)
 inclined to favour him; or is affectionate to him. (Lh, TA.)
رَهْمَأً applied to a ewe or she-goat, Whose head is white, the rest being llack: ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}:$ ) the latter like
 former, a horse nhose face is white: (Mgh:) and
the latter, a ewe, or she-goat, having a whiteness on her head. (JK.)

 graph.
:رَرْهُوْرْ : see, in the former half of the para-

 graph.

## رخو


 (M, K, but in several copies of the latter (,رْغًا) or this is a simple subst., (Mṣb,) and kesr, ( $\mathbf{M}, \mathbf{K}$, ) which is extr., ( $M$, ) and some add
 or became, soft, yielding, flaccid, flabby, lax, slack, uncompact, crummy, fragile, frangible, brittle, friable, easily or quichly brohen; i.q.
 (Mṣb;) and ${ }^{*}$ استرخى signifies the same. (S.,* K.) _- رَرْهَ

 neously, like رُعى ]; (K, TA ;) the aor. [of the first and third] being يَرْمِوْ and [that of the second and fourth being] يَرْخَى ; (TA ;) said of life (عَشْش), + It was, or became, ample, unstraitened, or plentiful, in its means, or circumstances: (Msb, $\mathbf{K}$ :*) or said of a man, inf. n. رَخَة , t he was, or became, in an ample, an unstraitened, or a plentiful, state of life. (TK.)
2. تَرْمِيَةُ الشَّىْ بِالشّى The mixing of the thing
 mixed; like $\underset{\sim}{\dot{\tau}}$ رُ which is mentioned in this sense in the present art. in the $\mathbf{J K}$, app. for زَخَّى .]
3. راخار: sec 4, in three places. - Also, inf. n.
 remote, \&c., from him: or he made, or caused, him, or it, to be, or become, distant, rcmote, \&c.]. $(\mathrm{K})=$. And راخحت She (a woman, TA) nas, or became, near to bringing forth. (K, TA.)
4. ارخاه He made it, or rendered it, soft, yield-
ing, faccid, fabby, lax, slack, uncompact, crummy, fragile, frangible, brittle, friable, easily or quickly
 You say, ارخِى الرِّبَأًا [He relaxed, or slachened, the tie, or bónd]; (M, TA ;) and 'راخاه́, inf. n.
 Rclax thou, or slacken thou, his cord with which he is being strangled]; meaning +make thou his circumstances ample and easy to him ; case him; reliceve him; or grant him a delay. (TA. [See a
 قَيْدْهُ Make thou his shackle, or shachles, wide, or ample, not strait, to him. (TA.) And át لَّ [lit. Relax thou, or slacken thou, to him the rope]; meaning $\ddagger$ give thou to him ample scope for using his own judyment, or discretion, in the disposal, or managenent, of his affairs, so that he may go whither he pleases. (TA.) And He lengthenced the horse's rope. (K.) And ارخى لَّ الطِوَلَ (lit. IIe rela:xed, or slachencd, his tethor]; meaning the left him to his own affair. (A, TA.) And ارضى [lit. He slackened, or loosened, his turban]; meaning the became, or felt, in a state of security or safety, tranquil, or at ease; (K, TA ;) because the turbans are not slackened, or loosened, (,لَّ تُرْْمَيْ) in difficulty, or hardship. (TA.) And
 let down, or lowered, the reil, or curtain, $\mathcal{S c}$. (S, K.) And ارخى ثِيَابْهُ عَلَى رِجْلَيْهِ [IIc let, or made, his clothes hang down loosely upon his legs] in riding and in sitting [\&c.]. (TA in art. رسل, رسل, ارم:

 enjoy an casy, ample, or unstraitemed, life, or a life of ease and plenty. (T, TA.) -ارشخت, said of a she-camel, [app. for ارخت صَلْدها, i. e. She relaxed the part on either side of her tail, vir-
 [the part on either side of her tail became relaxed; or] her صَلَوَانِ [or parts on the right and left of her tail] gaped, [or recelled from cach other,] on the occasion of bringing forth. (T, TA.) - إرْةٍ also signifies $A$ sort of running: (S :) or vehement running: ( $\mathbf{K}$ :) or running excecding what is termed تُقْرِبُ: (J K, K : [sce 2 in art. قَبُ:]) or running (حُضْ ) that is not ardent, or not impetuous: (A, TA :) or gentleness in running: (Ham p. 158 :) accord. to Az, الإرْْهَاءً الأَعْْلَى means The most vehement [running termed] حُضْر; and
 [app. as meaning He rose in his runniny]; and is from رُ رُهَاء؛ as an epithet applied to wind. (TA.) - You say also, ارخى دَابَّتَهُ ${ }^{\prime \prime}$, mcaning He made his beast to go the pace, or in the manner, termed إرْه, explained above: (Lth, $\mathbf{K}:$ ) [or,] accord. to A'Obeyd, الإرْْاءً signifies the leaving a horse to follow his own eager desire in running, without fatiguing him. (S.)
6. تراخىى He (a horse) remitted, or flagged, in his running; or nas, or became, remiss, or

