bound the camel with the redundant part of his nose-rein upon his [the camel's] arm. (K, TA.) also signifies تَذْرِيعْ __ [See also تَذْرِيعْ The tinging a captive's fore arm with crocus, or with خُلُوق, as a sign of slaughter; which was done in the time before Mohammad. (Meyd, cited by Freytag.) - [See also the act. and pass. part. ns., below.]

3. مَذَارَعَة signifies The selling by measure with the cubit; not by number, and without والجُزافُ ,knowing the measure. (K.) [In the CK, والجُزافُ is put by mistake for والجزاف.] You say, بعثه I sold to him the garment, or piece الثُّوْبَ مُذَارَعَةً of cloth, by measure with the cubit. (TA.) -See also 1, in two places. ___, (TA,) inf. n. مذارعة (K, TA,) + I mixed with him in familiar, or social, intercourse; or became intimate with him: or I became copartner with him; or shared with him : syn. خَالُطْتُه. (K,* TA.)

4. إِذْرَاع (Ķ,) inf. n. إِذْرَاع (Ṣ:) see 1, first sentence. _ 1 He exceeded the due bounds, or just limits, in speech, or talk; (S, K, TA;) he talked much; (Ṣ, TA;) as also * تذرّع: (Ṣ, Mṣb,* K, TA:) J says, [in the S,] I am of opinion that it has originated from the stretching forth of the fore arm; for he who talks much sometimes does أُذْرَعَ ذِرَاعَيْهِ ـــ (TA.) ـــ أَذْرَعَ ذِرَاعَيْهِ لَــ (that; and ISd says the like. (TA.) ـــ أَذْرَعَ فِرَاعَيْهِ الجُبَّةِ الجُبَّةِ (K, TA,) and extended, (TA,) his fore arms from beneath the jubbeh : (K, TA :) or أذرع ذراعيه and الرَّعُهما , [the latter with the s unpointed,] he drew forth his fore arms from the sleeves of a narrow-sleeved jubbeh: (Mgh:) the latter verb being of the measure افتعل; (Mgh, K;) like (Mgh, الذَّكُرُ (TA,) or الدَّكُرُ (Mgh,) from الدَّكُرُ (TA,) والْكُرُ 'TA:) the former accord. to one relation, the latter accord. to another, occurring in a trad. (Mgh, TA.) __ الارع also signifies IIe seized with the fore arm. (K.) _ مَا أَذْرَعُهَا _ [How long, or large, is she in the fore arm!] is [from الذراع, أَحْنَك being] of the same [anomalous] class as He اذرع قَيْنُه = (TA.) الشَّاتَيْنِ He (a man) emitted, or ejected, his vomit. (TA.)

5: see 1; first and second sentences: __ and see also signifies The measuring a thing with the fore arm. (S, K.) [See also 1.] A poet says, (S,) namely Keys Ibn-El-Khatcem El-Ansárce, (TA,)

[Thou seest the fragments of the hard and pliant spears thrown as though they were what is seen in the measuring, with the fore arm, of rods of palm-sticks in the hands of the females who pare them]: (Ṣ, TA:) or, accord. to As, تَنْرَعُ فَلَانْ signifies Such a one put the palm-sticks الجويد upon his fore arm, and pared them : and خرصان means, originally, rods of palm-sticks: and

is pl. of شَاطبة ; meaning a woman who peels the عَسِيب, and then throws it to the who removes all that is upon it with her knife until she has left it slender, when she throws it back to the شاطبة. (TA.) _ Also, The splitting (which is intrans., but I think it is a تَشُقَّى) mistake for تَشْقيق, which is trans.,]) of a thing into several oblong pieces of the measure of the تَذَرَّعَت الْهَرَّاةُ __ (Ibn-'Abbad, K.) تَذَرَّعَت الْهَرَّاةُ The woman split palm-leaves to make of them a mat. (IDrd, K.) Thus some explain the saying of Ibn-El-Khateem, quoted above. (TA.) -The camels came to drink of تَذُرَّعَت الإبلُ الكُرْعَ the rain-water and waded in it with their arms. (K.) = تنرع بِنُرِيعَة He obtained, or sought to obtain, access, or intimacy; or he ingratiated himself, or sought to ingratiate himself; by a means of doing so. (S, K, TA.) You say, also, He obtained, or sought to obtain, access to him; &c. (TA.)

8. اِدْرَعَ or اِدْرَعَ sec 4.

10. استفرع به He concealed, or protected, himself by it, (namely a thing, TA,) and made it a [q. v.] for him. (Ibn-'Abbad, K.)

, in its primary acceptation, has the signification explained in the first sentence of this article. (S, TA.) - [Hence, it is used in the sense of] ‡ Power, or ability; as also * ذراع (TA;) or a man's reach, or extent of power or ability. (Msb.) And hence the phrases, ضَاقَ بالأَمْر ذَرْعُهُ and أضَاقَ بالأُمْر ذَرْعًا K,) and (جَرَاعُهُ بالأُمْرِ فَرُعًا , (K,) إِذَرَاعُهُ اللهُ K,) in which the last word is in the accus. case as an explicative, for the original form of the phrase is that first mentioned, (TA,) and sometimes they said الزاعا (S, TA,) # He was unable to do, or accomplish, the thing, or affair; as though meaning, he stretched forth his arm to it and it did not reach it; (S, TA;*) or these phrases are thus used because he who is short in the fore arm will not reach that which he who is long therein reaches, nor will the power of the former equal that of the latter; therefore they are proverbially applied to him whose power falls short of the attainment, or accomplishment, of an affair: (TA:) or he lacked strength, or power, or ability, to do, or accomplish, the thing, or affair, and found not any way of escape from what was disagreeable therein: (K:) or he was unable to bear, or endure, or undertake, the thing, or affair. (Msb.) You say also, مَا لِي بِهِ ذَرْعُ , and أَوْرُاعُ , and أَدْرُاعُ , t I have not power, or ability, to do it. (TA.) And كُسُرُ ذَلِكُ مِنْ ذَرْعِي dered, prevented, or withheld, me from doing that which I desired. (TA.) And اقصد بذرعك Deal thou gently with thyself; moderate thyself; restrain thyself; i. q. اَرْبَعُ عَلَى نَفْسك ; (Ṣ, TA;) and let not thy soul, or mind, carry thee beyond thy measure or extent [of power or ability]. (TA.) And أَبْطُرْتُ فُلَانًا ذَرْعَهُ I imposed upon such a one more than he was able to do: (S, TA:) Msb) of middling measure; (Msb;) and this is

but ذرع also signifies † the body : and [accord. to Means ! He wasted my body, أَبْطُرُني ذَرْعي and cut off my means of subsistence. (TA.) [See also art. بطر] You likewise say, رُجُلُ and الدَّرْعِ [and مِعْبُ النِّرَاعِ * [الدَّرْعِ A man having ample] strength, and power, and might in war or fight, courage, valour, or provess. (TA. [See also [.رَحْبُ [...]) And ضعيفُ الذَّرْعِ And أَرْحُبُ __ And hence, فُلَانْ خَالَى النَّرْعِ \$ Such a one has his heart devoid of anxieties, or solicitudes, and griefs; because the heart is sometimes one of the seats of power: or it may mean, agreeably with the original signification of , such a one is free from the causes of occupation which require the stretching forth of the fore arm and extending of the hand. (Har p. 131.) And and أَرْجُلُ وَاسِعُ النَّرْعِ, and أَرْجُلُ وَاسِعُ النَّرْعِ النَّرْعِ liberal, in disposition. (K.) And حُبْر في ذَرْعي † Its occurrence, or befalling, was of great moment, momentous, grievous, or distressing, to me. (TA.) __ נرع also signifies The measure of anything: and نَخْلَةٌ ذَرْعُ رَجُلِ, A palm-tree of the measure of the stature of a man. (TA.)

A coveting; desiring eagerly; or lusting. (S, K.) [Perhaps an inf. n. of which the verb is ذريعة See also ذرع

see ذَرِيعْ: see ذَرِيعْ; in two places. __ † That journeys by night and by day. (K.) — † Longtongued with evil speech. (K.) = † Good in social, or familiar, intercourse. (K, TA.)

ذَريعَةُ see ذُرْعَةُ

(ISd, K) + A woman دَرَاع * (S, K) عَرَاع (S) light, or active, with the hands in spinning: (S, K:) or one who spins much; who has ability to do so. (TA.)

ذراع, of a man, (Msb,) [The part] from the elbow to the extremities of the fingers; (Mgh, Msb;) the fore arm; syn. ساعد [q. v.; thus of the leg]: (Lth, K:) and [[the space] from the extremity of the elbow to the extremity of the middle finger: (M, Mgh,* K: [in the last of which, the space is plainly shown to be meant, like as the part is shown in the Msb to be meant in the explanation cited above from that work and the Mgh: see also : عريب:]) in both these senses, sometimes masc., (K,) accord. to Kh: (TA:) J says, (TA,) as relating to the arm, it is masc. and fem.; but Sb says that it is fem.: (S, TA:) [Mtr says,] it is fem.: (Mgh:) [Fei says,] the measure so called is in most instances fem.: accord. to ISk, it is fem.; but some of the Arabs make it masc.: Fr says that it is fem.; but that some of [the tribe named] 'Okl make it masc.: As did not know an instance of its being masc.: and Zj says that such an instance is extr.; not choice: (Msb:) the measure thus called, [i. e. the cubit,] (Msb,) the or cubit which is divided into fractions], (Mgh,) is six قَبْضَات [or fists] (Mgh,