disordered, distempered, sick, or ill; or having a disease, disorder, \&cc.: (Lth, Sh, T, Ş, M, K:) the former is [originally an inf. n., and therefore is] also applied to a woman; (A, TA;) or it is [originally
 tioned in the $\mathbf{A}$ as applied to a woman, as well as :17\% ; (TA;) and the dual is



 with : (K :) or, accord. to the O, $\mathbf{O}$, of the measure فَعْيز, applied to a man; and of the measure فَعْعَلْ, applied to a woman : or, accord. to
 man; and ديْ a woman. (TA.) The saying, in a trad.,
 his oath shall be, that he did not sell to thee] a girl having a disease, or vice, or the like: and similar to this is the saying, رُّ الدّاءَ بِدِائه That nhich had a vice, or the like, nas returned because of the vice, \&c., therenf. (Mgh.)

|  | see the next preceding paragrap |
| :---: | :---: |
| (أُوْ: |  |

دوج

1. دُرَّ, (IAạr, K, (IAar,) aor. inf. n. ذو, He (a man, IAar) served, or did service. (IAạr, K.)
 The folloners of an army. (K.) =Also A small want : (K :) or a want [absolutely]; i.q. as some say: (TA:) or it is an imitative sequent
 that art.]) It is said in a trad., هَ تَرْكْتُ مِ [1 left not a nant nor a small rant: or a want of any kind: or] this means I left not any act of disobedience to nhich I was enticed. (TA voce عَاْمَة

## دوح

 *إدا; (A,TA;) The tree became great. (A, K.) - اندا (, ( $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{K}$, ) and , تدوّح (TA,) , (so in a copy of the A,) His belly became swollen, or inflated, (A,) or big, ( $\mathbf{K}$, ) and hung down, ( $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{K}$, ) by reason of fatness
 (TA.) And داحت سررْهرْ Their navels became swollen, and hung down]. (TA.)
2. دوَّ, inf. n. تَدْوِيُ, He dispersed, or scattered his property ; ( $\mathrm{L}, \mathbf{K}$;) as also ديّح. (L.) $=$ See also 1 .

4: and 5: and 7: see 1.
© Variegated, decorated, or embellished, work, [or gengaws,] which one waves about to children, and with which one sooths, pacifies, or quiets, them: (S, $\mathbf{K}:$ ) [a coll. gen. n.: n. un. with 0, meaning a piece of such work, or a gengav:]
 is a gengan, or gaudy toy]. (S, K.) [And hence,] $\downarrow$ [as a proper name] means + The norld, or present state of existence: so said AbooHamzeh the Soofee, in explanation of the saying,

[Were it not for my loving the world, death would be to me ease]: and AA confirmed this. (T, TA.) - And A kind of variegated, or figured, cloth or garment. (A, K.) [In this sense also it is a coll. gen. n.: n. un. with o.] You say, نُلْنٍ يَلْبْنُ الدَّاَ Such a one mears variegated, or figured, garments. (A,TA.) And
 variegated, or figured, garment]. (A,TA.) A bracelet consisting of several distinct portions like the strands of a rope, twisted together. (K.) — Lines, or streaks, upon a bull fc. (K.) The species of perfume called (K.)
: دوَح : see Also A very large tent of


دَامَةُ : see in four places.
 spreading branches, (TA,) of whatever kind it
 this is the coll. gen. n. of the n. un. 1


 or دَوْابُحُ signifies great trees, one of which is called ${ }^{2}$, 2 , and its sing., though it be not used,
 مَنْ ذَوْحَة الكَرْمِ $\ddagger$ [Such a one is of a great generous stock]. (Á, TA.) — Also A great [tent of the kind called] مِظلَّة. (TA. [See also ذوْة.])
زوَّاْ وَ Very tall: so in a trad. in which it is said, قَمْ مِنْ عَذْ دَوَّامِ فِى الجَنَّة [How many a very tall palm-tree is there in Paradise!]. (TA.)
. وْوْحْةٌ :شَجْرَّ ذَابِتَةٌ : see

بَطْنٍ مُنْدَاْ A prominent, round belly : or a wide belly, low by reason of fatness. (TA.)

## دوخ

 !وْ ( L, ) He (a man, S, A) was, or became, submissive, or abject, ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{A}, \mathbf{L}, \mathbf{K}$, ) and lonly, or humble. (A, L.) - [Also $+I t$ (a man's head) mas, or became, giddy, or vertiginous: used in
this sense in the present day, and probably in ancient times: see 2.] $=$ As a trans. verb: see 2.
2. دوّخ, (S., K,) inf. n. 号 © subdued a country, and obtained dominion over its inhabitants; as also ${ }^{\boldsymbol{\prime}} \boldsymbol{c}^{\prime},(\underset{\sim}{\mathbf{S}}, \mathbf{K}$,$) aor. and$ inf. n. as above; (TA;) and دريّن, (K,) inf. n. تَدַِْــِنْ : (TA:) and he subdued, or subjugated, a people. (L.) And, (S, A, K,) as also دیّنـ, (As, Ṣ,) and "ادإ, (L,) He rendered (a man, S, L, or people, A) submissive, or abject, (S, A, $\dot{\mathrm{L}}, \mathrm{K}$, ) and lonly, or humble: ( $\mathrm{A}:$ :) and in like manner a camel. (L.) - $\ddagger$ He trod a land much: (A:) or he traversed a country until he knew it and became acquainted with its roads. (L.) ! It (heat) weakened a man. (A, TA.) $-+I t$ (pain) made a man's head giddy, or vertiginous. (L.)

## 4: see 2.



## دود

 [sec. pers. يَدَارُ ; (Ṣ, M, Mṣb, K ; ;
 (Msb ;) inf. n. دُوْ ; (M, L, K ; [in my copy of the Mṣb $\dot{j}$, which, $I$ doubt not, is a mistrans-

 Mṣb, K, ) inf. n. تِّوْويز ; (Mṣb ;) and (M, L , and so in some copies of the $\mathbf{K}$; [sce its
 of the $\mathbf{K}$ ٪َيَّر [which is app. a mistranscription];) It (corn, or food, ذُعْار) had in it A, L, Mṣb, K) or سُوس (S., L) [i. e. worms, grubs, or maggots]; and became eaten thercby. (L.)
 conjure thee, $O$ wound, that thou increase not nor breed worms,] is a form of conjuration used by the Arabs. (A.)
2. دوّد: see above. = Also He played with

4. اداد: see 1 , in two places.
a word of well-known signification, [ Worms, grubs, maggots, and the like; including molluscs; as a coll. gen. n : and, as a simple gen. n ., the worm, grub, maggot, \&c. :] pl. of دُودة [or rather, as already said, and as is implied in several of the lexicons, ذُورْ is a coll. gen. n. ; therefore دُورْ is the $\mathrm{n} . \mathrm{un}$. thereof] : and the pl. of ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{g}$
 to be pl. of دُودة : and in the L, as from the T,
 ever, I regard as a mistake; for I do not find it in the T; but I there find added, after دِيدَاْ, " and 'ُودذانْ is a tribe of Benoo-Asad."]) J says that the dim. is $\uparrow$, $\boldsymbol{y}$, and that by rule it should be دُوَيّْةٌ: but this is a mistake [unless it be meant that


