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THE TRDP USER MANUAL CONSISTS OF THE FOLLMWING SECTIOLS:  
SECTION 1. TRDP INTRODUCTION  
SECTION 2. TRDP GENERAL USE DOCUMENTATION  
SECTION 3. TRDP UPDATE PROGRAM (UPD2TR)

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93SECTION 1. TRDP INTRODUCTION  
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1. WHAT IS TRDP
2. TRDP REQUIREMENTS
3. DISCLAIMERS
4. CONTENTS OF A TRDP PACKAGE
5. THE TRDP PACKAGE
1. WHAT IS TRDP

TRDP IS A NAME FOR A PDP-11 DIAGNOSTIC PACKAGE AVAILABLE ON MULTIMEDIA, INCLUDES TR79F DIAGNOSTIC PACKAGE (9 TRACK MAGTAPE).

THE TRDP PACKAGES CONTAIN PDP-11 FAMILY DIAGNOSTIC PROGRAMS ON MEDIA OTHER THAN PAPER TAPE. TRDP PACKAGES HAVE THE FOLLOWING ADVANTAGES:

- A. MORE COMPACT STORAGE MEDIA.
- B. EASY AND CONVENIENT MEANS OF LOADING PROGRAMS UNDER KEYBOARD CONTROL.
- C. MEANS ARE PROVIDED FOR UPDATING AND MODIFYING PROGRAMS.
- D. POSSIBLE TO SEQUENTIALLY RUN A SERIES OF PROGRAMS THROUGH USE OF THE "CHAIN MODE" FEATURE. (PROGRAMS MUST BE CHAINABLE).

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2. TRDP REQUIREMENTS  
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2.1 ALL TRDP PACKAGES REQUIRE:

- A. PDP-11 PROCESSOR WITH AT LEAST 16K STORAGE.
- B. CONSOLE DEVICE
- C. TR79F DIAGNOSTIC PACKAGE MEDIA:

2.2

THE ABOVE REQUIREMENTS ARE FOR LOADING AND RUNNING DIAGNOSTIC PROGRAMS ALREADY STORED IN THE DIAGNOSTIC PACKAGE MEDIA. THEY ARE ALSO SUFFICIENT FOR IMPLEMENTING PERMANENT PATCHES ON PROGRAMS WHEN REQUIRED. TO UPDATE A DIAGNOSTIC PACKAGE, THAT IS ADD NEW PROGRAMS OR NEW VERSIONS OF PROGRAMS TO THE PACKAGE, THE FOLLOWING HARDWARE IS REQUIRED:

- A. PC11 HIGH SPEED READER, OR
- B. ASR 33 OR ASR 35 TELETYPE.

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OPTIONAL HARDWARE:

- A. BOOTSTRAP ROM FOR THE TR79F  
IT MAKES LOADING THE TRDP MONITOR MORE CONVENIENT.

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1413.       DISCLAIMERS  
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- 3.1       THE TRDP PACKAGES HAVE BEEN DESIGNED FOR DIAGNOSTIC PURPOSES ONLY. THE TRDP SOFTWARE IS NOT INTENDED TO BE COMPATIBLE WITH ANY OTHER PDP-11 FAMILY SOFTWARE. ANY NON-DIAGNOSTIC USES OF THE SOFTWARE, OR USES OF THE SOFTWARE IN OTHER THAN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THIS DOCUMENT ARE NOT SUPPORTED.
- 3.2       THE TRDP PACKAGES ARE BINARY PACKAGES ONLY. THEY PROVIDE THE PDP-11 FAMILY DIAGNOSTIC PROGRAMS IN THE MEDIA DESCRIBED. DOCUMENTATION FOR EACH OF THE PROGRAMS STORED IN A TRDP PACKAGE MUST BE OBTAINED SEPARATELY, FROM SOFTWARE DISTRIBUTION CENTER (SDC). HOWEVER, THIS DOCUMENTATION MUST BE OBTAINED AT THE SAME TIME AS THE PACKAGE, IN ORDER TO INSURE THAT THE DOCUMENTS AND THE PROGRAMS ARE AT THE SAME REVISION LEVEL.

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4. CONTENTS OF A TRDP PACKAGE  
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THE BASIC PARTS OF A TRDP PACKAGE ARE:

- A. A CONTROL PROGRAM REFERRED TO AS THE "MONITOR". THE MONITOR PROVIDES THE MEANS TO LOAD PROGRAMS UNDER KEYBOARD CONTROL, TO OBTAIN A DIRECTORY OF CONTENTS OF THE TRDP MEDIUM (DISK, MAGTAPE, ETC).
- B. TRDP UPDATE PROGRAM #2 (UPD2TR). A 6.5K PROGRAM THAT PROVIDES A MORE COMPREHE SET OF COMMANDS THAT PROVIDE MORE CONVENIENCE AND EASE OF UPDATING THE TRDP PACKAGE.

5. THE TRDP PACKAGE  
-----

THE TRDP PACKAGE PROVIDES THE PDP-11 FAMILY DIAGNOSTICS ON 9 TRACK MAGTAPE (TR79F). THE PACKAGE CONSISTS OF THE FOLLOWING ITEMS THAT MUST BE ORDERED INDIVIDUALLY:

- MAINDEC-11-DMQXA TRDP USER MANUAL (THIS DOCUMENT).
- MAINDEC-11-DMZZH-A-MB9 TRDP-TRDP TR79F DIAGNOSTIC PACKAGE (9 TRACK).



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SECTION 2. TRDP GENERAL USE DOCUMENTATION  
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- 1.1 LOADING TRDP MONITOR
- 2. USE PROCEDURES
- 2.1 SETTING THE CONSOLE FILL COUNT
- 2.2 OBTAINING A DIRECTORY
- 2.3 LOADING AND RUNNING PROGRAMS
- 2.4 CHAIN MODE OPERATION
- 2.4.1 CHAIN PROGRAM COMMANDS
- 2.4.2 MAKING A CHAIN
- 2.4.3 RUNNING A CHAIN
- 3. ERRORS
- 3.1 TRDP RESIDENT MONITOR ERRORS

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1.1      LOADING TRDP MONITOR  
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THE TRDP MONITOR CAN BE LOADED BY BMB873-S1,  
OR VIA A "TOGGLE-IN" PROCEDURE.  
THE TOGGLE-IN PROCEDURE IS ONLY VALID FOR THE TR79F.

1.1.1    VIA BOOTSTRAP LOADER  
-----

- A. MOUNT THE TRDP TAPE ON DRIVE 0 AND MAKE READY.
- B. REWIND DRIVE 0 TO "BOT" AND SET "ON-LINE"
- C. LOAD BMB873-S1 STARTING ADDRESS 173536
- D. PRESS START
- E. GO TO 1.4.3 STEP A.

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## 1.1.2 VIA "TOGGLE-IN" PROCEDURE

- A. MOUNT TROP TAPE ON DRIVE 0 AND MAKE READY.
- B. REWIND DRIVE 0 TO "BOT" AND SET "ON-LINE".  
DRIVE SHOULD BE A LOAD POINT
- C. TOGGLE IN PROGRAM
- D. STARTING ADDRESS AT LOCATION 10000
- E. WAIT UNTILL DRIVE & CPU HALT
- F. LOAD START ADDRESS AT LOCATION ZERO (0) PRESS START KEY

010000	012700	164000	START:	MOV	#164000,R0	
010004	012701	164002		MOV	#164002,R1	
010010	012702	164004		MOV	#164004,R2	
010014	012703	164006		MOV	#164006,R3	
010020	012706	077776		MOV	#77776,SP	;MTBAR
010024	000005			RESET		
010026	004767	000070		JSR	PC,READY	
010032	005011		BURST:	CLR	R1	
010034	010012			MOV	R0,R2	
010036	012710	000005		MOV	#5,R0	
010042	004767	000054		JSR	PC,READY	
010046	032711	000020		BIT	#20,R1	
010052	005011			CLR	R1	
010054	012710	000005		MOV	#5,R0	
010060	004767	000036		JSR	PC,READY	
010064	005004		1S:	CLR	R4	
010066	010413		REED:	MOV	R4,R3	
010070	012712	174000		MOV	#-2048.,R2	
010074	005011			CLR	R1	
010076	012710	000005		MOV	#5,R0	
010102	004767	000014		JSR	PC,READY	
010106	010405		3S:	MOV	R4,R5	
010110	112524		PACK:	MOVB	(R5)+,(R4)+	
010112	005205			INC	R5	
010114	020513			CMP	R5,R3	
010116	001374			BNE	PACK	
010120	000000			HALT		
010122	032710	000200	READY:	BIT	#200,R0	
010126	001775			BEQ	READY	
010130	032710	100000		BIT	#100000,R0	
010134	001404			BEQ	RTN	
010136	032711	011000		BIT	#11000,R1	
010142	001001			BNE	RTN	
010144	000000		TAPERR:	HALT		
010146	000207		RTN:	RTS	PC	

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1.1.3 COMMON PROCEDURE  
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- A. THE MONITOR IS LOADED FROM MEDIUM.
- B. THE MONITOR TYPES THE FOLLOWING MESSAGE AND IS THEN READY TO ACCEPT KEYBOARD COMMANDS.  
XXXXX-X TRDP - TR79F MONITOR NNK RESTART: XXXXXX  
(HELP MESSAGE)

WHERE: NNK IS THE SYSTEM'S STORAGE UP TO 28K.  
XXXXXX IS THE MONITOR'S RESTART ADDRESS.  
THE DOT (.) INDICATES THE MONITOR IS READY TO ACCEPT COMMANDS.

- C. THE HELP MESSAGE MAY BE ELIMINATED BY TYPING CTL C.
- D. GO TO SECTION 2. USE PROCEDURES.

NOTE: <CR> MEANS PRESSING THE "RETURN" KEY ON KEYBOARD.

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3612. USE PROCEDURES  
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THE USE PROCEDURES THAT FOLLOW APPLY TO TRDP

2.1 SET THE FILL COUNT  
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THE TTY OUTPUT ROUTINE OF THE UPDATE PROGRAM NORMALLY OUTPUTS 14(8) FILLER CHARACTERS AFTER A CARRIAGE RETURN, IN ORDER TO INSURE THAT THE LA30S TERMINAL PRINTS CORRECTLY, HOWEVER, ON TERMINALS OTHER THAN THE LA30S THE FILLER CHARACTERS ARE NOT REQUIRED AND ARE TIME CONSUMING AND ANNOYING. THE NUMBER OF FILLER CHARACTERS OUTPUT CAN BE CHANGED BY MEANS OF THE "F" COMMAND. THE F COMMAND SHOULD BE THE FIRST COMMAND ISSUED IN ORDER TO PROPERLY SET UP THE CONSOL. TYPE:

F&lt;CR&gt;

000014 1

;THE 000014 IS TYPED BY THE PROGRAM AND  
;INDICATES THE CURRENT FILLER COUNT. THE 1  
;INDICATES THE USER TYPED A FILLER COUNT OF 1.

2.2 OBTAINING A DIRECTORY  
-----

TO OBTAIN A DIRECTORY TYPE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

D&lt;CR&gt; TO OBTAIN DIRECTORY ON CONSOLE TERMINAL, OR

D/F&lt;CR&gt; TO OBTAIN SHORT DIRECTORY ON CONSOLE TERMINAL,

D/L&lt;CR&gt; TO OBTAIN DIRECTORY ON LINE PRINTER. LINE PRINTER MUST BE PRESENT ON SYSTEM. NO CHECK IS MADE FOR IT.

THE DIRECTORY CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

FILNAM.EXT PROGRAM NAME AND EXTENSION ASSIGNED. .BIN, .BIC, AND .SAV, ARE THE ONLY VALID EXTENSIONS FOR TRDP MONITOR USE.

NOTE: .BIN IS A BINARY FILE  
.BIC IS A CHAINABLE BINARY FILE  
.SAV IS A CORE IMAGE FILE.

LENGTH NUMBER OF BLOCKS USED. DECIMAL NUMBER. (DISK).

START STARTING BLOCK NUMBER. OCTAL NUMBER. (DISK AND DECTAPE).

DATE DATE WHEN PROGRAM WAS PUT ON MEDIUM.

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3982.3 LOADING AND RUNNING PROGRAMS

A. TYPE "R" AND THE PROGRAM NAME (UP TO 6 CHARACTERS). DO NOT TYPE THE EXTENSION (.BIN, .BIC,). THIS WILL LOAD AND RUN THE PROGRAM. TO JUST LOAD THE PROGRAM TYPE "L" AND THE PROGRAM NAME. ONCE LOADED TYPING A "S" WILL START THE PROGRAM.

B. DEPRESS THE CTL AND C KEYS.

IF A TYPING ERROR IS MADE, DEPRESS THE CTRL AND C KEYS AT SAME TIME. A DOT (.) WILL BE TYPED. RETYPE "R" AND THE PROGRAM NAME.

C. THE DESIRED PROGRAM IS LOADED, A DOT TYPED, AND,

1. THE PROGRAM SELF STARTS IF IT IS SELF STARTING, OR
2. THE PROGRAM IS STARTED AT LOC 000200 IF THE PROGRAM NAME WAS ENDED WITH AN ALTMODE CHARACTER, OR
3. THE MONITOR WAITS FOR ANOTHER COMMAND. THE PROGRAM JUST LOADED MUST BE STARTED MANUALLY BY TYPING S PROGRAM NAME <CR>.

D. TO LOAD ANOTHER PROGRAM AFTER RUNNING THE PREVIOUSLY LOADED PROGRAM, RESTART THE MONITOR AT THE RESTART ADDRESS, OR RELOAD THE MONITOR AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 1.

E. POSSIBLE ERRORS ARE DESCRIBED IN SECTION 3.

CAUTION: WHEN LOADING DIAGNOSTICS THAT TEST THE TROP MEDIUM CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO INSURE THAT THE MEDIUM IS NOT ACCIDENTALLY DESTROYED. THAT IS THE REASON THAT THE MEDIUM MUST BE WRITE-LOCKED. REMOVE IT IF IT IS DESIRED TO TEST THAT DRIVE.

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4332.4 CHAIN MODE OPERATION  
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CHAIN MODE OPERATION CONSISTS OF THE SEQUENTIAL EXECUTION OF PROGRAMS WITHOUT OPERATOR INTERVENTION. ONLY PROGRAMS THAT HAVE BEEN MODIFIED TO RUN IN CHAIN MODE CAN BE CHAINED. CHAINABLE PROGRAMS ARE IDENTIFIED IN THE DIRECTORY BY THE EXTENSION .BIC.  
NOTE: .BIC IS A CHAINABLE BINARY FILE.

TO RUN CHAIN MODE, THE TRDP MONITOR REQUIRES A FILE INDICATING THE PROGRAMS TO RUN, AND THE NUMBER OF TIMES EACH PROGRAM MUST EXECUTE BEFORE GOING ON TO THE NEXT PROGRAM IN THE TABLE.

A CHAIN FILE MAY BE GENERATED BY USING THE XTECO TEXT EDITOR, AND THE USER MUST PUT A .CCC EXTENSION ON THE CHAIN FILE.  
TO SUMMARIZE:

1. CHAIN MODE RUNS CHAINABLE PROGRAMS ONLY. (.BIC EXTENSIONS).
2. A CHAIN FILE INDICATES THE PROGRAMS TO RUN AND THEIR PASS COUNTS.
3. ONLY PROGRAMS RESIDENT ON THE SAME MEDIUM DRIVE CAN BE CHAINED.
4. THE CHAIN FILE MUST BE ON THE SAME MEDIUM WITH A .CCC EXTENSION.

NOTE: THE .CCC EXTENSION INDICATES A CHAIN FILE

CHAIN MODE IS ENTERED BY TYPING:

C FILENAME<CR> (WHILE IN MONITOR MODE).

WHERE:

C IS THE "CHAIN" COMMAND  
FILENAME IS THE VALUE OF THE ASCII FILE THAT CONTAINS THE MONITOR COMMANDS TO BE EXECUTED. THE FILE MUST HAVE A ".CCC" EXTENSION.

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4632.4.1 MAKING A CHAIN ASCII FILE

THE CHAIN ASCII FILE MAY BE CREATED BY RUNNING THE XTECO PROGRAM AND USING THE TEXT EDITOR TO CREATE THE ASCII CHAIN FILE. THE CHAIN FILE MAY CONTAIN ANY OF THE COMMANDS SUPPORTED UNDER THE TRDP MONITOR. THE COMMANDS IN THE ASCII FILE ARE EXECUTED IN THE ORDER IN WHICH THEY ARE ENTERED AND RUN AS A BATCH MODE.  
EXAMPLE OF A CHAIN FILE;

```
;CPU.CCC
;THIS CHAIN FILE EXERCISES THE XYZ PROCESSOR WITH T1-T13..
.
R DOAA/1000           ;RUN T1 1000 TIMES<CR>
R DOBA/1000           ;RUN T2 1000 TIMES<CR>
R DOCA/1000           ;RUN T3 1000 TIMES<CR>
R DODA/1000           ;RUN T4 1000 TIMES<CR>
R DOEA/1000           ;RUN T5 1000 TIMES<CR>
R DOFA/1000           ;RUN T6 1000 TIMES<CR>
R DOGA/1000           ;RUN T7 1000 TIMES<CR>
R DOHA/1000           ;RUN T8 1000 TIMES<CR>
R DOJA/1000           ;RUN T9 1000 TIMES<CR>
R DOKA/1000           ;RUN T10 1000 TIMES<CR>
R DOLA/1000           ;RUN T11 1000 TIMES<CR>
R DOMA/1000           ;RUN T12 1000 TIMES<CR>
L DONA                ;LOAD T13<CR>
S/1000<CR>           ;START IT, RUN 1000 TIMES<CR>
C CPU                 ;RESUBMIT CHAIN FILE AGAIN.
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5022.4.2 RUNNING A CHAIN  
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TO EXECUTE A CHAIN FILE THE USER TYPES;

C FILNAM<CR> OR  
C FILNAM/QV<CR>

IN THE FIRST CASE THE PASS COUNT SPECIFIED IN THE CHAIN FILE IS USED BY THE TRDP MONITOR TO DETERMINE THE NUMBER OF PASSES TO EXECUTE EACH PROGRAM. IN THE SECOND CASE THE PASS COUNT IS NOT USED AND EACH PROGRAM IS EXECUTED ONLY ONCE. THE /QV SWITCH PROVIDES A SINGLE EXECUTION MODE OF OPERATION OR "QUICK VERIFY". THE CHAIN FILE TO BE EXECUTED MUST HAVE AN EXTENSION OF .CCC.

THE CHAIN FILE AND THE OBJECTIVE PROGRAMS TO BE RUN MUST RESIDE IN THE SAME TRDP MEDIUM AND MUST BE MOUNTED ON DRIVE 0 OF TRDP DEVICE

WHEN IN CHAIN MODE SWITCH REGISTER OR SOFTWARE SWITCH REGISTER SHOULD BE SET TO 000000.

THE TRDP MONITOR WILL TYPE EACH COMMAND THAT IT EVALUATES AND THEN PROCEED TO EXECUTE IT.

IF THE MONITOR ENCOUNTERS A PROGRAM THAT DOES NOT HAVE A .BIC EXTENSION IT TYPES "NEXFIL". THEN IF THE ERROR RESULTED FROM A R (RUN COMMAND) ONLY, IT WILL CONTINUE WITH THE CHAIN FILE COMMAND, OTHERWISE IT TERMINATES THE CHAIN OPERATION.

WHEN THE LAST COMMAND OTHER THAN ANOTHER "C" COMMAND HAS BEEN EXECUTED THE TRDP MONITOR TERMINATES CHAIN MODE AND TYPES A DOT(.), READY TO ACCEPT ANOTHER COMMAND FROM THE CONSOLE.

IF THE USER WISHES TO TERMINATE CHAIN MODE BEFORE ITS NORMAL TERMINATION HE MAY DO SO BY REPEATEDLY TYPING CTL C (↑C) AT THE CONSOLE UNTIL THE MONITOR ACCEPTS IT AT THE END OF A PROGRAM PASS.

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5373. ERRORS  
-----3.1 TRDP RESIDENT MONITOR ERRORS  
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INVCMD/SW	INVALID COMMAND AND/OR SWITCH. CHECK COMMAND JUST GIVEN.
DEVERR	DEVICE ERROR ON EITHER INPUT OR OUTPUT DEVICE. CHECK THAT OUTPUT DEVICE IS WRITE-ENABLED.
EOM	END OF MEDIUM. OCCURS DURING INPUT OPERATIONS WHEN THE PROGRAM ATTEMPTS TO INPUT AND THE FILE IS AT AN END. SERIOUS PROBLEM. FILE IN STORAGE IS PROBABLY WIPE OUT.
INVADR	INVALID ADDRESS. MUST BE EVEN WITHIN EXISTING LOCORE AND HICORE LIMITS, AND MUST NOT BE WITHIN UPDATE PROGRAM.
CKSMER	CHECKSUM ERROR DURING "LOAD" COMMAND.
POFLO	PROGRAM TOO LARGE TO LOAD WITHIN EXISTING CORE SPACE.
INVNAM	INVALID CHARACTER TYPED FOR FILE NAME.
NEXFIL	NON-EXISTENT FILE. IF IN CHAIN MODE THE PROGRAM TO BE RUN DOES NOT HAVE .BIC EXTENSION.

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## APPENDIX A. TRDP RESIDENT MONITOR COMMANDS

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F<CR>	SET CONSOLE FILL COUNT.
D<CR>	DIRECTORY ON THE TTY CONSOLE.
D/F<CR>	SHORT DIRECTORY ON THE TTY CONSOLE.
D/L	DIRECTORY ON THE LINE PRINTER.
D/L/F	SHORT DIRECTORY ON LINE PRINTER.
R COPY	STARTS THE COPY PROGRAM.
R FILENAME	STARTS INDICATED PROGRAM.
L FILENAME	LOADS DESIRED PROGRAM.
S FILENAME	STARTS DESIRED PROGRAM WHICH WAS LOADED UNDER "L" COMMAND.
S ADDR	STARTS PROGRAM AT SPECIFIED ADDRESS.
C FILENAME	RUNS DESIRED CHAIN TABLE.
C FILENAME/QV	RUNS DESIRED CHAIN IN QUICK VERIFY.
E 0<CR>	ENABLE DRIVE 0(TADP)
E 1<CR>	ENABLE DRIVE 1(TADP)

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SECTION 3. TRDP UPDATE PROGRAMS #2 (UPD2TR)  
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APPENDIX A. UPD2TR COMMANDS

APPENDIX B. PERIPHERALS SUPPORTED BY UPDATE PROGRAMS

APPENDIX C. PROGRAM NAMING CONVENTIONS

1. ABSTRACT  
-----

EACH TRDP PACKAGE CONTAINS PROGRAM CALLED UPD2TR.BIN.  
THIS PROGRAMS IS USED TO ADD, DELETE, RENAME, OR PATCH PROGRAMS ON TRDP  
PACKAGES, AND IN GENERAL, PROVIDE FILE MAINTENANCE SERVICES.

UPD2TR IS A BK PROGRAM WHICH RELOCATES ITSELF TO THE TOP 8K OF  
MEMORY, LEAVING LOWER STORAGE FREE FOR OTHER PROGRAMS. IT IS  
CAPABLE OF PERFORMING OPERATIONS ON ALL TRDP MASS STORAGE DEVICES.

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6763. LOADING AND STARTING PROCEDURE

UPD2TR IS LOADED VIA THE TRDP MONITOR BY TYPING R UPD2TR<CR>.  
ONCE LOADED, IT OUTPUTS THE FOLLOWING MESSAGE:

XXXXX-X - TRDP UPDATE PROGRAM #2 21-FEB-76  
DATE:

TYPE THE DATE ACCORDING TO FOLLOWING FORMAT:

DATE:DD-MMM-YY<CR>

DD IS THE DAY OF THE MONTH, MMM IS JAN, FEB, MAR, APR, MAY,  
JUN, JUL, AUG, SEP, OCT, NOV, DEC, AND YY IS BETWEEN 70 AND 99.

TEST IS MADE TO MAKE SURE NO MONTH HAS MORE THAN 31 DAYS. BUT  
DATES LIKE FEB 30, APR 31, ETC., WILL NOT BE DETECTED AS ERRORS  
BUT WILL BE STORED AWAY AS FEB 30, APR 1, ETC.

THE PROGRAM WILL TYPE BACK THE DATE FOLLOWED BY:

PROGRAM RELOCATED TO:YYYYYY ;INITIAL ADDR WHERE PROGRAM RELOCATED TO.  
RESTART: XXXXXX ;UPD1 RESTART ADDRESS.  
\* ;\* INDICATES READY FOR KEYBOARD COMMANDS.

4. COMMAND DESCRIPTIONS

4.1 IN THE COMMAND DESCRIPTIONS THAT FOLLOW, AN INDICATION IS PROVIDED  
AS TO THE AVAILABILITY OF THE COMMAND UNDER UPD2TR.

4.2 THE FILL COMMAND (UPD2TR)

THE CONSOLE TERMINAL OUTPUT ROUTINE OF THE UPDATE PROGRAM NORMALLY OUTPUTS  
14(8) FILLER CHARACTERS AFTER A CARRIAGE RETURN, IN ORDER TO INSURE  
THAT THE LA30 TERMINAL PRINTS CORRECTLY. HOWEVER, ON TERMINALS OTHER  
THAN THE LA30 THE FILLER CHARACTERS ARE NOT REQUIRED AND ARE TIME  
CONSUMING AND ANNOYING. THE NUMBER OF FILLER CHARACTERS OUTPUT CAN  
BE CHANGED BY MEANS OF THE "FILL" COMMAND. THE FILL COMMAND SHOULD  
BE THE FIRST COMMAND ISSUED IN ORDER TO PROPERLY SET UP THE CONSOLE. TYPE:

FILL<CR>

000014 1 ;THE 000014 IS TYPED BY THE PROGRAM AND  
;INDICATES THE CURRENT FILLER COUNT. THE 1  
;INDICATES THE USER TYPED A FILLER COUNT OF 1.

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THE FILLER COUNT SHOULD BE SET TO A 1 FOR ASR33 AND ASR35 TERMINALS. FOR OTHER TERMINALS, SET THE NUMBER TO WHATEVER PRODUCES CORRECT PRINTING AFTER A CARRIAGE RETURN, WITHOUT UNDUE DELAY.

4.3 THE "CLR" COMMAND (UPD2TR)  
-----

THE "CLR" COMMAND IS USED TO CLEAR TO ZEROES ALL CORE STORAGE BELOW THE UPDATE PROGRAM. IT IS PROVIDED IN CASE THE USER WISHES CORE STORAGE TO BE "ZEROED" PRIOR TO LOADING A PROGRAM. TYPE:

CLR<CR>

THE PROGRAM RESPONDS WITH \*

4.4 LOAD COMMAND (UPD2TR)  
-----

THE LOAD COMMAND IS USED TO LOAD FILES STORED IN ABS FORMAT. (FILES WITH EXTENSIONS OF .BIN, .BIC, OR OTHER EXTENSIONS KNOWN TO INDICATE ABS FORMAT).

LOAD DEV: FILNAM.EXT ;COMMAND FORMAT

IF THE DEVICE HAS NO DIRECTORY, THEN THE FILE NAME AND EXTENSION SHOULD BE OMITTED.

LOAD PR: ;USER COMMAND TO LOAD FROM PAPER TAPE.  
XFRADR: 000050 CORE: 000000,017670  
\*

XFRADR: INDICATES THE STARTING ADDRESS OF THE PROGRAM LOADED. IF IT IS 000001 OR ODD, THE PROGRAM IS NOT SELF-STARTING.

CORE: LEFT NUMBER INDICATES THE LOWEST LOCATION LOADED INTO DURING THE LOAD. THE RIGHT NUMBER INDICATES THE HIGHEST LOCATION LOADED INTO DURING THE LOAD. THE LEFT AND RIGHT NUMBERS IN EFFECT INDICATE THE CORE LIMITS OF THE PROGRAM.

4.5 DUMP COMMAND (UPD2TR)  
-----

THE MEMORY CONTENTS CAN BE WRITTEN TO A TROP MEDIUM IN ABS FORMAT BY THE DUMP COMMAND.

DUMP DEV: FILNAM.EXT ;COMMAND FORMAT

PROCESSING STARTS FROM PROGRAM'S LOW CORE LIMIT AND PROCEEDS TO AND INCLUDES THE PROGRAM'S HIGH CORE LIMIT.

\*DUMP DKO:XXX.BIN ;DUMP PROGRAM ONTO DKO:. CALL IT XXX.BIN  
\*DIR DKO:

12-JAN-76  
ENTRY# FILNAM .EXT DATE LENGTH START  
000001 XXX .BIN 26-AUG-72 17 000105

733	000002	2	2-AUG-72	12C	000172
734	000003	3	2-AUG-72	12C	000206
735	FREE FILES: 445				

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 4.6 THE "XFR" COMMAND (UPD2TR)  
 -----  
 ONCE A PROGRAM HAS BEEN LOADED INTO CORE VIA THE "LOAD" COMMAND, IT CAN BE MADE SELF-STARTING OR NOT SELF-STARTING AT THE USER'S DISCRETION. AS DESCRIBED UNDER "LOAD COMMAND", THE LOAD ROUTINE TYPES: XFRADR :XXXXXX INDICATING WHETHER A PROGRAM IS OR IS NOT SELF-STARTING. THE USE OF "XFR" IS:

XFR<CR> ;REQUEST CURRENT TRANSFER ADDRESS.  
 000001 000050 ;000001 IS THE CURRENT XFR ADDRESS. 000050 IS THE  
 ;NEW XFR ADDRESS ENTERED BY THE USER.

NOTE: DIAGNOSTIC PROGRAMS ARE PURPOSELY MADE NOT SELF-STARTING.

4.7 THE "START" COMMAND (UPD2TR)  
 -----  
 THE "START" COMMAND IS USED TO BEGIN EXECUTION OF A PROGRAM IN CORE.  
 START<CR> ;USED TO START A SELF-STARTING PROGRAM.  
 START ADR<CR> ;USED TO A START A PROGRAM AT A SPECIFIC LOCATION.  
 NOTE: IF THE COMMAND START<CR> IS GIVEN FOR A NON-SELF-START PROGRAM, THE PROCESSOR WILL TRAP OUT WITHOUT AN ERROR MESSAGE.

4.8 THE SAVE COMMAND (UPD2TR)  
 -----  
 THE CONTENTS OF CORE ARE WRITTEN ONTO THE OUTPUT DEVICE AS A SINGLE BLOCK OF DATA, STARTING AT LOC 000000 AND PROCEEDING TO THE HIGH LIMIT OF THE PROGRAM IN CORE. THE SAVE COMMAND IN EFFECT, SAVES A "CORE IMAGE" OF THE CONTENTS OF CORE. FOR TRDP PURPOSES THE ONLY VALID EXTENSION FOR SAVED PROGRAMS IS .SAV.

THE ONLY CURRENT USE OF THE SAVE COMMAND IS TO PLACE A CORE IMAGE OF THE TRDP MONITOR ON CASSETTE AND MAGTAPE. TRDP PACKAGES DO NOT CONTAIN ANY OTHER CORE IMAGE FILES  
 NOTE: .SAV IS A CORE IMAGE FILE.

SAVE DEV: FILNAM.EXT ;COMMAND FORMAT.

\*SAVE DKO: UPDATE.SAV  
 \*DIR DKO:

12-JAN-76					
ENTRY#	FILNAM	.EXT	DATE	LENGTH	START
000001	UPDATE	.BIN	26-AUG-72	17	000105

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000002      2      2-AUG-72      12C      000172
000003      UPDATE .SAV      26-AUG-72      12C      000247
FREE FILES: 445
*
```

## 4.9 THE GET COMMAND (UPD2TR)

-----

THE GET COMMAND PLACES THE "SAVED" PROGRAM INTO CORE STARTING AT LOC 000000.

GET DEV:FILNAM.EXT

```

↑C
*GET DKD:UPDATE.SAV
*
```

NOTE: SAVE CORE IMAGE FILES (.SAV FILES) ARE NO LONGER IN USE. THE "GET" COMMAND IS NO LONGER VERY USEFUL. IT HAS BEEN LEFT AS THE COMPLEMENTARY COMMAND FOR THE SAVE COMMAND.

## 4.10 THE MOD COMMAND (UPD2TR)

-----

ONCE A PROGRAM IS LOADED IT CAN BE PATCHED BY THE MOD COMMAND.

MOD ADR CAUSES UPDATE TO PRINT THE FOLLOWING:

ADR CONTENTS OF ADR,  
AND WAITS FOR USER RESPONSE.

THE USER MAY TYPE IN AN OCTAL NUMBER AND A TERMINATOR, OR JUST A TERMINATOR.

IF A NUMBER IS TYPED, IT IS USED AS THE NEW CONTENT OF ADR.

THE TERMINATOR CAN BE EITHER A CARRIAGE RETURN OR A LINE FEED. CARRIAGE RETURN TAKES THE PROGRAM BACK TO COMMAND MODE, WHEREAS THE LINE FEED CAUSES THE NEXT WORD (ADR+2) TO BE OPENED FOR MODIFICATION

```

*MOD 50
000050 000005 3 <LF>
000052 012737 4 <LF>
000054 000340 5 <CR>
*MOD 50
000050 000003 <LF>
000052 000004 <CR>
*
```

THE MOD COMMAND WILL NOT ALLOW THE USER TO GO BEYOND THE PROGRAM'S PROTECTION LIMIT, AN "INVCOR" ERROR WILL OCCUR.  
(SEE SECTION 4.13)



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4.11 THE CORE COMMAND (UPD2TR)  
-----

THE CORE COMMAND CAUSES THE LOWER AND UPPER LIMITS OF THE PROGRAM IN CORE TO BE TYPED:

\*CORE<CR>  
000000,014776 ;LEFT NUMBER IS THE LOWER CORE LIMIT.  
;RIGHT NUMBER IS THE UPPER CORE LIMIT.

4.12 THE "LOCORE" COMMAND (UPD2TR)  
-----

THE "LOCORE" COMMAND IS USED TO CHANGE THE LOWER LIMIT OF THE PROGRAM IN CORE:

\*LOCORE ADR<CR> ;WHERE ADR IS THE NEW LOW CORE LIMIT. IT IS RECOMMENDED  
;THAT ADDRESS BE EVEN.

4.13 THE "HICORE" COMMAND (UPD2TR)  
-----

THE "HICORE" COMMAND IS USED TO CHANGE THE UPPER LIMIT OF THE PROGRAM IN CORE:

\*HICORE ADR<CR> ;WHERE ADR IS THE NEW HIGH CORE LIMIT. RECOMMEND THAT  
;ADDRESS BE EVEN, BUT MUST BE HIGHER THAN THE LOWER  
;LIMIT, AND MUST BE LOWER THAN START OF UPDATE PROGRAM.

TYPICALLY, THE HICORE COMMAND IS USED TO RESERVE AN AREA FOR PATCHING A PROGRAM. THE UPDATE PROGRAM WILL NOT ALLOW MODIFICATION OF CORE OUTSIDE THE UPPER AND LOWER CORE LIMITS. THEREFORE, THE NEW LIMITS MUST BE SET FIRST. THIS PROTECTS THE CORE OUTSIDE THE PROGRAM FOR THE USER.

4.14 THE DIRLP AND DIR COMMANDS  
-----

DIR (UPD2TR)  
DIRLP (UPD2TR)  
\*DIRLP DEV: ;COMMAND FORMAT  
COMMAND EXAMPLES;  
UPD2TR ONLY

\*DIR DEV:\*.BIN ;GIVES A DIRECTORY OF ALL FILES WITH A ".BIN" EXTENSION.  
\*DIR DEV:\*.BI? ;GIVES A DIRECTORY OF ALL FILES WITH AN EXTENSION BEGINING WITH "BI" AND ANY OTHER CHARACTER SUCH AS BIN OR BIC.  
DIR DEV:ZTC???.BI? ;GIVES A DIRECTORY OF ALL FILES WITH THE FIRST THREE CHARACTERS OF THE FILENAME BEING "ZTC" AND HAVING AN EXTENSION BEGINING WITH "BI". EXAMPLES; ZTCA.BIN, ZTCB.BIN, ZTCC.BIC.

NOTE: AT THE END OF THE DIRECTORY THE FREE FILES AND FREE BLOCKS WILL BE

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INDICATED ONLY ON RANDOM ACCESS DEVICES.

NOTE: DIR IN UPDATE #1 GIVES ONLY THE SHORT DIRECTORY (NO LENGTH, NO START).

DIRLP CAUSES THE DIRECTORY OF DEV: TO PRINTED ON LINE PRINTER. IF DIR IS USED, THE DIRECTORY IS TYPED ON CONSOLE DEVICE. DO NOT USE DIRLP UNLESS A LINE PRINTER EXISTS, AS NO CHECK IS MADE FOR ITS EXISTENCE. THE PROGRAM WILL PROBABLY TRAP.

```

*DIR DKO:
12-JAN-76
ENTRY#      FILNAM .EXT      DATE          LENGTH      START
000001      1          2-AUG-72      14          000105
000002      2          2-AUG-72      12C         000172
000003      3          2-AUG-72      12C         000206
000004      5          2-AUG-72      12C         000222
FREE FILES: 444
*

```

LENGTH IS THE NUMBER OF BLOCKS (10) THE FILE OCCUPIES. A "C" AFTER THE FILE LENGTH INDICATES THE FILE IS CONTIGUOUS.

START IS THE ADDR OF FIRST BLOCK OF FILE. OCTAL NUMBER.  
DATE IS THE FILE CREATION DATE.

4.15 THE DELETE COMMAND (UPD2TR)

-----  
DEL DEV: FILNAM.EXT

CAUSES THE FILE NAMED TO BE DELETED FROM THE DIRECTORY.

\*DEL DKO: 1  
\*DIR DKO:

```

12-JAN-76
ENTRY#      FILNAM .EXT      DATE          LENGTH      START
000002      2          2-AUG-72      12C         000172
000003      3          2-AUG-72      12C         000206
000004      5          2-AUG-72      12C         000222
FREE FILES: 444
*

```

4.16 THE ZERO COMMAND (UPD2TR)

-----  
ZERO DEV:

DESTROYS THE DIRECTORY. AS FAR AS UPDATE IS CONCERNED, THERE IS NOTHING ON THE DEVICE. THIS SHOULD BE DONE ON A BRAND NEW TAPE OR CARTRIDGE SINCE UPDATE USES THE ZERO COMMAND TO RESERVE SOME ROOM FOR USE BY THE TRDP MONITOR. VALID FOR ALL MASS STORAGE DEVICES.

\*ZERO DKO:

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\*DIR DKO:  
 26-AUG-72

FILNAM.EXT      LENGTH    START    DATE

FREE FILES: 448  
 \*

4.17    THE BOOT            (UPD2TR)  
 -----

4.17.1    BOOT DEV:

CAUSES BLOCK 0 OF DEV TO BE LOADED INTO MEMORY, STARTING AT LOC 000000.  
 BLOCK 0 IS ASSUMED TO HAVE A BOOT LOADER. THE PROGRAM THEN JUMPS TO  
 LOC 000000 TO START THE BOOT LOADER.

EXAMPLE:

BOOT DKO:<CR>                    ;BOOTS IN THE RKDP MONITOR.

BOOT MTD:<CR>                    ;BOOTS IN THE TRDP MONITOR.

4.17.2    SAVM DEV:            (UPD2TR)  
 -----

CAUSES THE FIRST 4K TO BE WRITTEN IN .SAV FORMAT (CORE IMAGE)  
 STARTING AT THE MONITOR CORE IMAGE BLOCK OF THE DEVICE.  
 THIS COMMAND IS USED TO WRITE THE TRDP MONITOR ON THE  
 DEVICE AS A CORE IMAGE THAT IS BOOTABLE.

\*LOAD DKO:RKDP.BIN                ;LOAD RKDP MONITOR.  
 \*SAVM DKO:                        ;SAVE IT AS CORE IMAGE ON DKO:

THE SAVM COMMAND IS VALID ONLY ON RANDOM ACCESS DEVICES.

NOTE: SAVM IS NOT A DIRECTORY ENTRY IT WILL NOT SHOW  
 ON DIRECTORY.

4.18    THE RENAME COMMAND        (UPD2TR)  
 -----

\*REN DEV:NEWNAM.EXT+DEV:OLDNAM.EXT

RENAMES THE OLD FILE. THE DEVICES MUST BE THE SAME. NOT ALLOWED  
 ON MAGTAPE OR CASSETTE.

\*DIR DKO:

12-JAN-76  
 ENTRY#                    FILNAM .EXT      DATE                    LENGTH            START

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000001 ASD .123 26-AUG-76 16C 000105  
 FREE FILES: 447

\*REN DKO:123.ASD+DKO:ASD.123

\*DIR DKO:

12-JAN-76

ENTRY#	FILNAM	.EXT	DATE	LENGTH	START
000001	123	.ASD	26-AUG	16C	000105

FREE FILES: 447

\*

4.19 PIP COMMAND (UPD2TR)

-----  
 PIP IS USED TO COPY A LINKED FILE FROM ANY DEVICE THAT CAN INPUT TO ANY DEVICE THAT CAN PERFORM OUTPUT OPERATIONS. FILE DATA IS NOT CHECKED FOR FORMAT OR CHECKSUMS.

PIP DEV1:FILNAM.EXT+DEV2:FILNAM.EXT

PIP PP:+PR: (COPIES PAPER TAPE)

\*PIP DKO:123.456<PR: ;PAPER TAPE TO DISK

\*PIP PP:<DKO:123.456 ;DISK TO PAPER TAPE PUNCH.

\*DIR DKO:

12-JAN-76

ENTRY#	FILNAM	.EXT	DATE	LENGTH	START
000001	123	.ASD	26-AUG-72	16C	000105
000002	123	.456	26-AUG-72	3	000125

FREE FILES: 446

\*

THE USER SHOULD MAKE SURE THAT THE OUTPUT FILE NAME DOESN'T EXIST ALREADY ON THE OUTPUT DEVICE DIRECTORY.

PIP DKO:A+DKO:A ;IS A NO NO.

DELOLD ;CAUSES THIS ERROR. DELETE OLD FILE 1ST.

PIP HAS OTHER USEFUL FEATURES:

PIP PP:+PR: COPIES A PAPER TAPE.

IMPORTANT!!!

A PROGRAM THAT HAS BEEN "PIPPED" TO A TRDP DEVICE MUST BE LOADED IMMEDIATELY VIA THE "LOAD" COMMAND TO INSURE THAT NO ERRORS HAVE OCCURRED DURING THE "PIP" COMMAND AS THE PIP COMMAND DOES NOT CHECKSUM INPUT DATA!

4.20 THE "FILE" COMMANDS (UPD2TR)

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-----  
 UPD2TR INCLUDES A GROUP OF COMMANDS WHICH CAN EXECUTE ON MULTIPLE FILES WITHOUT REQUIRING THE NAME OF EACH FILE TO BE INDIVIDUALLY LISTED IN THE COMMAND STRINGS. THESE ARE THE "FILE" COMMANDS, INCLUDING FILE, FILEF, FILEL, FILEG, FILED, AND FILET. FOLLOWING THIS GENERAL DESCRIPTION, THEIR DIFFERENCES WILL BE INDIVIDUALLY EXPLAINED. NOTE THAT THE "FILE" COMMANDS IN GENERAL, CAN NOT BE USED WITH NON-DIRECTORY DEVICES (SUCH AS PR, PP, LP).

THE "FILE" COMMANDS RECOGNIZE TWO SPECIAL CHARACTERS IN THE FILE NAME AND EXTENSION. THESE CHARACTERS, THE ASTERISK (\*) AND THE QUESTION-MARK (?) ALLOW A SINGLE NAME TO REFERENCE SEVERAL FILES.

NOTE THAT FILE NAMES ARE ALWAYS RECORDED AS HAVING 6 CHARACTERS, AND EXTENSIONS ALWAYS HAVE 3 CHARACTERS. THEY ARE LEFT-JUSTIFIED WITH TRAILING BLANKS ADDED, AND THE BLANKS ARE PART OF THE NAME.

BECAUSE THE "FILE" COMMANDS CAN HANDLE SEVERAL FILES PER COMMAND ISSUED, THEIR TREATMENT OF ERROR CONDITIONS SHOULD BE NOTED. IF A DEVICE ERROR OCCURS IN THE PROCESS OF FINDING A FILE (I.E. WHEN THE DIRECTORY IS REFERENCED IN THE CASE OF DISK OR DECTAPE, OR THE BLOCKS ARE SCANNED IN THE CASE OF CASSETTE OR MAGTAPE), THE "FILE" COMMAND IS ABORTED AND THE ERROR IS PRINTED. IF A DEVICE ERROR, CHECKSUM ERROR, OR END OF MEDIUM ERROR OCCURS WHILE READING A FILE (FILEL, FILEG, AND FILET) THE ERROR IS REPORTED AND THEN PROCESSING OF THE COMMAND IS CONTINUED.

THE "FILE" COMMANDS LIST THE DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION ABOUT EACH FILE AS IT IS PROCESSED, INCLUDING FILE NAME, TRANSFER ADDRESS, AND LOCORE AND HICORE VALUES. THE /N AND /LP SWITCHES ARE INCLUDED TO ALTER THIS IF DESIRED.

#### 4.21 THE "ASTERISK" CONSTRUCTION

-----

THE "ASTERISK" CONSTRUCTION PERMITS REFERENCE TO ALL FILES HAVING A DESIRED EXTENSION (ANY FILENAME), TO ALL FILES HAVING A DESIRED FILENAME (ANY EXTENSION), OR TO ALL FILES ON A DEVICE. ITS USE IN THE FILENAME POSITION MEANS "ANY FILENAME" AND IN THE FILE EXTENSION POSITION MEANS "ANY EXTENSION".

TO REFER TO ALL FILES HAVING A DESIRED EXTENSION (ANY FILENAME), AN ASTERISK IS TYPED FOR THE FILENAME:

DKO:\*.OBJ            MEANS ALL FILES ON DISK 0 WITH  
A .OBJ EXTENSION

TO REFER TO ALL FILES WITH A DESIRED FILENAME (ANY EXTENSION), AN ASTERISK IS TYPED FOR THE EXTENSION:

DKO:UPD2TR.\*        MEANS ALL FILES ON DISK 0 WITH THE  
FILENAME UPD2TR, SUCH AS UPD2TR.P11,  
UPD2TR.LST, AND UPD2TR.DOC

TO REFER TO ALL FILES ON A DEVICE (ANY FILENAME, ANY EXTENSION),  
ASTERISKS ARE TYPED FOR BOTH THE FILENAME AND THE EXTENSION:

MT3:\*. \* MEANS ALL FILES ON MAGTAPE 3

4.22 THE "WILD CHARACTER" CONSTRUCTION  
-----

THE "WILD CHARACTER" CONSTRUCTION PERMITS REFERENCE TO ALL FILES  
WHOSE FILE NAMES DIFFER IN SPECIFIC CHARACTER POSITIONS. WHEN  
SEARCHING FOR FILES CORRESPONDING TO THE NAME IN THE COMMAND STRING,  
ANY CHARACTER IS ACCEPTED AS MATCHING A QUESTION MARK. FOR EXAMPLE:

DKO:UPD?.DOC MEANS ANY FILE WHOSE NAME BEGINS WITH "UPD",  
HAS ANY CHARACTER NEXT (INCLUDING A BLANK)  
AND THEN TWO BLANKS, WITH A .DOC EXTENSION.  
UPD1.DOC AND UPD2TR.DOC WOULD BOTH QUALIFY.

4.23 THE FILE COMMAND (UPD2TR)  
-----

THE FILE COMMAND IS USED TO DO BULK TRANSFERS FROM ONE DEVICE TO  
ANOTHER. IT IS SIMILAR TO A PIP COMMAND EXCEPT THAT IT CAN UTILIZE  
THE "ASTERISK" AND "WILD CHARACTER" CONSTRUCTIONS. IF A FILE OF THE  
SAME NAME ALREADY EXISTS ON THE OUTPUT DEVICE, THE FILE COMMAND  
(UNLIKE THE PIP COMMAND) WILL DELETE THE OLD FILE. NOTE ALSO THAT  
THE FILE COMMAND CAN TRANSFER BOTH LINKED AND CONTIGUOUS (CORE-  
IMAGE) FILES.

FILE DEV:<DEV:FILNAM.EXT ;COMMAND FORMAT

WHERE THE DEVICE NAME ON THE LEFT IS THE OUTPUT DEVICE AND  
THAT ON THE RIGHT IS THE INPUT DEVICE.

4.24 THE FILEF COMMAND (UPD2TR)  
-----

THE FILEF COMMAND IS USED TO DO FAST TRANSFERS ONTO ALL DIRECTORY DEVICES.  
FOR MAG TAPE LOGICAL END OF TAPE IS FOUND AND ALL THE REQUESTED  
FILES ARE TRANSFERRED SEQUENTIALLY ONTO THE TAPE STARTING AT THAT  
POINT. THIS FAST TRANSFER COMMAND ELIMINATES THE CHECK OF THE TAPE  
DIRECTORY WHICH IS MADE BEFORE EACH FILE TRANSFER IF THE FILE COMMAND  
IS USED.

FOR RANDOM ACCESS DEVICES THE FILE IS TRANSFERED TO THE FIRST  
AVAILABLE SPACE ON THE DEVICE.

FILEF DEV:<DEV:FILNAM.EXT ;COMMAND FORMAT

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1181 4.25 THE FILED COMMAND (UPD2TR)  
 1182 -----  
 1183 THE FILED COMMAND DELETES THE FILES NAMED FROM THE DEVICE'S DIRECTORY.  
 1184 FILED DEV:FILNAM.EXT ;COMMAND FORMAT  
 1185 UPD2TR NOW PERMITS THE USE OF THE DEL(ETE) COMMAND WITH \* AND WILD CHARACTER  
 1186 FILENAME CONSTRUCTION. EXAMPLE:  
 1187 DEL DKO:\*.BIN ;DELETES ALL FILES IN DKO: WITH .BIN  
 1188 ;EXTENSION.  
 1189 CAUTION!!! THE UPD2TR PROGRAM DOES NOT REQUIRE VERIFICATION OF A MASS  
 1190 DELETION COMMAND. THE USER MUST BE CAREFUL NOT TO  
 1191 SPECIFY A DELETE THAT HE DOES NOT REALLY MEAN TO OCCUR.  
 1192 IF IT SHOULD, TYPING CONTROL C WILL ABORT THE COMMAND  
 1193 AT THE EARLIEST OPPORTUNITY.  
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 1200 4.26 THE FILEL COMMAND (UPD2TR)  
 1201 -----  
 1202 THE FILEL COMMAND SEQUENTIALLY LOADS INTO CORE EACH FILE REFERENCED.  
 1203 IT ASSUMES THAT ALL REFERENCED FILES ARE ABS FORMAT (IF NOT A CKSMER  
 1204 OR EOM ERROR WILL OCCUR). ITS PURPOSE IS TO SHOW THAT ALL ABS  
 1205 FORMATTED FILES CAN BE CORRECTLY LOADED (CHECKS FOR DEVICE AND  
 1206 CHECKSUM ERRORS). IF AN ERROR OCCURS, IT WILL IDENTIFY THE TYPE OF  
 1207 ERROR AND THE DEVICE.  
 1208 FILEL DEV:FILNAM.EXT ;COMMAND FORMAT  
 1209 THE LOAD COMMAND MAY ALSO BE USED IN UPD2TR TO PERFORM THE SAME FUNCTIONS  
 1210 AS THE FILEL COMMAND.  
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 1215 4.27 THE FILEG COMMAND (UPD2TR)  
 1216 -----  
 1217 THE FILEG (FILE GET) COMMAND IS SIMILAR TO THE FILEL COMMAND EXCEPT  
 1218 THAT IT LOADS AND CHECKS CONTIGUOUS (CORE-IMAGE) FILES INSTEAD OF  
 1219 ABS FORMAT FILES. DEVICE ERRORS AND SIZE ERRORS WILL BE REPORTED.  
 1220 FILEG DEV:FILNAM.EXT ;COMMAND FORMAT  
 1221 THE GET COMMAND MAY ALSO BE USED IN UPD2TR TO PERFORM THE SAME FUNCTIONS  
 1222 AS THE FILEG COMMAND.  
 1223  
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 1226 4.28 THE FILET COMMAND (UPD2TR)  
 1227 -----  
 1228 THE FILET COMMAND TESTS ALL FILES NAMED BY READING THEM INTO A BUFFER  
 1229 TO MAKE CERTAIN THAT NO DEVICE ERRORS OCCUR. ANY DEVICE ERRORS ARE  
 1230 LISTED AS THEY OCCUR.  
 1231 FILET DEV:FILNAM.EXT ;COMMAND FORMAT  
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12924.29 THE /LP AND /N SWITCHES (UPD2TR)  
-----

THE "FILE" COMMANDS NORMALLY CAUSE PRINTING OF THE NAMES OF THE FILES CHECKED, THEIR TRANSFER ADDRESSES, AND LOCORE AND HICORE VALUES, ON THE CONSOLE TERMINAL. THE /LP SWITCH CAUSES THIS INFORMATION TO BE OUTPUT ON THE LINE PRINTER INSTEAD. THE /N SWITCH INHIBITS PRINTING OF THIS INFORMATION, SO THAT ONLY ERROR PRINTOUTS ARE OUTPUT. SWITCHES MUST NOW BE SPECIFIED AT END OF THE COMMAND STRING.

```
FILET DKO:*.*/LP           ;TEST ALL FILES ON DKO AND PRINT
                           ;THE FILE INFORMATION AND ERROR
                           ;INFORMATION ON THE LINE PRINTER
```

```
FILEL /N MT2:*.BIN/LP     ;LOAD ALL .BIN FILES FROM MAGTAPE 2,
                           ;REPORTING ONLY ERROR INFORMATION
                           ;ON THE LINE PRINTER
```

```
DEL DKO:*.TXT/LP         ;DELETE ALL .TXT FILES FROM DKO: AND
                           ;PRINT DELETED FILES ON LINE PRINTER.
```

4.30 THE "EOT" COMMAND (UPD2TR)  
-----

THE "EOT" COMMAND IS PROVIDED AS A MEANS OF PLACING AN "END-OF-TAPE" MARK OR SENTINEL FILE AT A SELECTED SPOT ON MAGTAPE OR CASSETTE. APPLICATIONS OF THIS COMMAND INCLUDE REPLACING AN "EOT" MARK WHEN IT HAS BEEN ACCIDENTALLY DESTROYED, OR WHEN THE USER WISHES TO DELETE FILES AT THE END OF THE MEDIUM, AND STILL BE ABLE TO USE THE SPACE TAKEN UP BY THOSE DELETED FILES.

THE PROCEDURE TO BE USED IS AS FOLLOWS:

A. POSITION THE MAGTAPE BY PERFORMING A FILET COMMAND ON THE FILE PRECEDING THE SPOT WHERE THE "EOT" IS TO BE PLACED. IN PRACTICE, IF AN "EOT" HAS BEEN LOST, THE USER SHOULD FILET THE NEXT TO THE LAST FILE, SINCE THE LAST FILE MAY BE UNRECOVERABLE.

B. PERFORM AN "EOT" COMMAND.

EXAMPLE:

```
*FILET MTO:ZGRADO.BIN<CR> ;READS FILE ZGRADO.BIN AND STOPS.
*EOT<CR>                  ;WRITES EOT.
```

4.31 THE TEXT COMMAND (UPD2TR)  
-----

UPD2TR INCLUDES THE FACILITY TO EXECUTE A SEQUENCE OF COMMANDS CONTAINED IN AN ASCII TEXT FILE. THIS ASCII TEXT FILE IS CREATED VIA THE TEXT COMMAND. ALSO SEE SECTION 4. XTECO TEXT EDITOR.

```
TEXT DEV:FILNAM.EXT           ;COMMAND FORMAT
```

WHEN THE TEXT COMMAND IS ISSUED UPD2TR OPENS THE NAMED FILE FOR



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OUTPUT AND RESPONDS WITH A QUOTATION MARK (") TO INDICATE ITS READINESS TO ACCEPT TEXT. ANY ASCII CHARACTER (EXCEPT CONTROL C AND RUBOUT) WILL BE ACCEPTED AS INPUT TO THE TEXT FILE. CONTROL C (↑C) WILL ABORT TEXT MODE, RETURNING TO COMMAND MODE AND CLOSING THE OUTPUT FILE. CONTROL Z (↑Z) IS THE STANDARD TERMINATOR FOR INPUT TO THE TEXT FILE. RUBOUT CAN BE USED TO DELETE CHARACTERS ON THE CURRENT LINE (BUT NOT ON PRECEDING LINES).

THREE CHARACTERS, THE POUND SIGN (#), THE SEMICOLON (;), AND THE DOLLAR SIGN (\$) HAVE SPECIAL SIGNIFICANCE IN THE TEXT FILE. THE # SIGN AND ; ARE USED TO START A COMMENT WHICH IS TO BE PRINTED DURING COMMAND FILE EXECUTION. THE \$ SIGN IS USED TO START A COMMENT WHICH IS TO BE PRINTED AND FOLLOWED BY A HALT DURING COMMAND FILE EXECUTION (SUCH AS "\$PRESS CONT WHEN READY").

#### 4.32 THE PRINT COMMAND (UPD2TR)

-----

THE PRINT COMMAND OUTPUTS A FILE ON THE LINE PRINTER. IT IS USED TO PRINT TEXT FILES, AND WILL OUTPUT TO THE LINE PRINTER. AFTER THE TEXT FILE IS PRINTED THE PROGRAM OUTPUTS 10 CARRIAGE RETURNS AND LINE FEEDS TO SIMULATE A FORM FEED. NOTE THAT BOTH PRINT AND TYPE COMMANDS ACCEPT \* AND WILD CHARACTER CONSTRUCTION IN FILENAMES, SO THAT MULTIPLE TEXT FILES MAY BE PRINTED WITH ONE COMMAND.

PRINT DEV:FILNAM.EXT ;COMMAND FORMAT

PRINT DEV:\*.TXT

WHERE DEV IS THE SOURCE DEVICE ON WHICH THE FILE RESIDES.

NOTE THAT NO CHECK IS MADE OF FILE PRINTABILITY.

#### 4.33 THE TYPE COMMAND (UPD2TR)

-----

SAME AS THE PRINT COMMAND EXCEPT THAT IT OUTPUTS TO THE CONSOLE TERMINAL INSTEAD OF TO THE LINE PRINTER.

TYPE DEV:FILNAM.EXT ;COMMAND FORMAT

#### 4.34 THE DO COMMAND (UPD2TR)

-----

THE DO COMMAND IS USED TO CAUSE THE EXECUTION OF A COMMAND FILE. THE FILE MUST BE ON ONE OF THE TROP STORAGE MEDIA (DECTAPE, MAGTAPE, CASSETTE, OR DISK). THE FILE IS EXECUTED LINE BY LINE, AND MUST BE TERMINATED BY A ↑Z (CONTROL Z). EXECUTABLE FILES ARE CREATED VIA THE TEXT COMMAND, OR VIA THE XTECO TEXT EDITOR PROGRAM (SEE SECTION 4.) FOR NOTES ON THE FILE'S FORMAT AND THE USE OF SPECIAL CHARACTERS, SEE THE PRECEDING TEXT COMMAND DESCRIPTION.

DO DEV:FILNAM.EXT ;COMMAND FORMAT

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14044.35 THE ASG (ASSIGN) COMMAND (UPD2TR)  
-----

THE ASG (ASSIGN) COMMAND ALLOWS THE USE OF LOGICAL DEVICE NAMES IN COMMAND FILES. ALLOWED LOGICAL DEVICE NAMES ARE 1, 2, 3, 4, AND SYS. A COMMAND FILE MAY USE A LOGICAL NAME SUCH AS "1" INSTEAD OF SPECIFYING, FOR EXAMPLE, DK0 OR DK1. THEN, BEFORE EXECUTING THE COMMAND FILE, THE USER CAN ASSIGN THE DESIRED PHYSICAL DEVICE TO THE LOGICAL NAME, PERMITTING USE OF ANY AVAILABLE UNIT.

ASG PHYSICAL DEV = LOGICAL DEV ;COMMAND FORMAT

REVERSAL OF PHYSICAL AND LOGICAL DEVICE NAMES IN THE COMMAND STRING RESULTS IN "INVDEV" ERROR MESSAGE. THE COMMAND IS NOT PERFORMED.

ASG DK1: = 2: ;ASSIGNS DISK 1 TO LOGICAL DEVICE "2"

4.37 THE PATCH COMMAND (UPD2TR)  
-----

THE PATCH COMMAND ENABLES THE USER TO PATCH A PROGRAM ON ANY DIRECTORY-ORIENTED (RANDOM ACCESS) TRDP SUPPORTED DEVICE. NO OUTPUT DEV: FILE SPECIFICATION IS REQUIRED OR PERMITTED, THE INPUT DEVICE IS ASSUMED TO BE THE DESIRED OUTPUT DEVICE.

THE FILE(S) TO BE PATCHED MUST BE IN ABS FORMAT BINARY FILE. THE PATCH ROUTINE DOES NOT CHECK IN ADVANCE FOR CORRECT FILE FORMAT. THE FOLLOWING EXTENSION ARE FOR TRDP ABS FORMAT FILES; .BIN, .BIC, .MPG.

CARRIAGE-RETURN OR LINE-FEED ARE THE ONLY CHARACTERS WHICH MAY BE USED FOR TERMINATING A TYPED ENTRY. THE LINE-FEED MAY BE THOUGHT OF AS AN "ADVANCE" KEY, WHICH WILL GO TO THE NEXT ADDRESS. THE RUBOUT KEY MAY BE USED TO CORRECT TYPING MISTAKES MADE ON INPUT. ALL ADDRESSES ENTERED MUST BE EVEN. IF AN ADDRESS IS TYPED (IN RESPONSE TO A PROMPT) WHICH IS ODD, THE PROMPT WILL BE RE-ASKED.

IF AN ADDRESS IS TYPED WHICH IS NOT WITHIN THE CORE LOAD LIMITS OF THE FILE BEING OPERATED UPON, THE UNKNOWN CONTENTS OF THE SPECIFIED ADDRESS WILL BE INDICATED BY "XXXXXX". THE PROGRAM WILL THEN GIVE THE USUAL "?" PROMPT, ASKING IF MODIFICATION IS DESIRED.

IN RESPONSE TO THE "ADDR?" PROMPT, IF A CARRIAGE-RETURN OR A LINE-FEED IS TYPED AS THE ONLY THING ON THE INPUT LINE, THE EXIT SEQUENCE WILL BE ENTERED. AT SUCH TIME, THE USER IS ASKED TO WRITE-ENABLE THE OUTPUT DEVICE AND CONFIRM THE FACT THAT THE PATCHES SHOULD BE ENTERED INTO THE SPECIFIED FILE.

IF A FILE IS MODIFIED BY THE USE OF THE "PATCH" COMMAND, THE DATE AND LENGTH OF THE FILE OPERATED UPON ARE UPDATED IN THE DEVICE DIRECTORY AS

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REQUIRED.

IF THE FILE BEING PATCHED CONTAINS REPRESENTATIONS OF ISOLATED SINGLE-BYTE DATA, FOR EXAMPLE THOSE GENERATED BY THE FOLLOWING ASSEMBLY CODE SEQUENCES;

A.        .=24  
           .BYTE 120  
           .EVEN               ;GENERATES ONLY 1 BYTE OF DATA

B.        .=413  
           .BYTE-1            CORE LIMITS. OCCURS DURING DUMP COMMAND.

DIRERR        INVALID NAME IN DEVICE DIRECTORY.

DELERR        BIT MAP ERROR DURING DELETE OPERATION ON DECTAPE OR DISK. NOT USUAL UNLESS MEDIUM HAS BEEN WIPED OUT. TRANSFER FILES TO OTHER MEDIUM. (SEE SECTION 4.).

POFLOW        PROGRAM TOO LARGE TO LOAD WITHIN EXISTING CORE SPACE.

INVSU        INVALID SWITCH SPECIFIED IN COMMAND STRING.

DUMP ERROR    ACT MODE ONLY (SEE SECTION 7). OCCURS DURING DUMP COMMAND WHEN DATA DUMPED ON OUTPUT DEVICE DOES NOT MATCH DATA IN CORE.

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1435	5.	ERRORS	
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1438		INVCMD	INVALID COMMAND. CHECK COMMAND JUST GIVEN.
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1440		INVDEV	INVALID DEVICE SPECIFIED FOR COMMAND GIVEN.
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1442		INVAOR	INVALID ADDRESS. MUST BE EVEN, WITHIN EXISTING LOCORE AND HICORE LIMITS, AND MUST NOT BE WITHIN UPDATE PROGRAM.
1443			
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1445		INVNAM	INVALID FILE NAME. NO SPECIAL CHARACTERS ALLOWED. A THROUGH Z, AND 0 THROUGH 9 ARE ONLY VALID CHARACTERS. ALSO OCCURS IF * OR WILD CHARACTER CONSTRUCTION FILENAMES ARE SPECIFIED TO A COMMAND THAT DOES NOT ALLOW IT.
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1450		NEXFIL	NON-EXISTENT FILE. FILE DOES NOT EXIST IN DEVICE DIRECTORY.
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1452		DELOLD	DELETE OLD FILE BEFORE GIVING COMMAND THAT WOULD CREATE
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14815.1 ERRORS UNIQUE TO THE FILCMP COMMAND  
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UNEQUAL FILE TYPES	INDICATES THE TWO FILES BEING COMPARED ARE NOT OF SIMILAR STRUCTURE.
UNEQUAL FILE SIZES	INDICATES THE TWO FILES BEING COMPARED ARE NOT THE SAME SIZE.
SCRATCH FILE SHORTER THAN MASTER FILE	THE SCRATCH FILE IS THE FILE ON THE DEVICE WHICH IS ON THE LEFT OF THE BACK ARROW IN THE COMMAND STRING.
SCRATCH FILE LONGER THAN MASTER FILE	THE SCRATCH FILE WHICH IS ON THE LEFT OF THE BACK ARROW IS LONGER THAN THE FILE ON THE RIGHT.
BLOCK COMPARE ERROR XTH BLOCK, YTH BYTE	THIS INDICATES THERE WAS AN ERROR IN THE COMPARE. X AND Y INDICATE THE BLOCK NUMBER AND BYTE NUMBER WHERE THE ERROR OCCURRED.

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15376. UPDATING TRDP MEDIA  
-----

UPDATING TRDP MEDIA CONSISTS OF:

- A. PATCHING EXISTING PROGRAMS (DEPO), OR
- B. REPLACING PROGRAMS WITH NEWER VERSIONS, OR
- C. ADDING NEW PROGRAMS.

WHEN FIRST BECOMING ACQUAINTED WITH THE USE OF THE UPDATE PROGRAMS THE USER SHOULD MAKE EXTRA SURE THAT A BACKUP FOR THE MEDIUM TO BE MODIFIED EXISTS, IN ORDER TO BE ABLE TO RECOVER FROM FATAL ERRORS. (ZEROING THE MEDIUM, DELETING THE WRONG FILE, ETC.).

6.1 PATCHING EXISTING PROGRAMS  
-----

PATCHING A PROGRAM IN A TRDP MEDIUM CONSISTS OF:

- A. LOADING EXISTING PROGRAM INTO MEMORY (LOAD COMMAND)
- B. MAKING MODIFICATIONS (PATCHING - MOD COMMAND)
- C. DELETING OLD PROGRAM (DEL COMMAND)
- D. STORING MODIFIED PROGRAM (DUMP COMMAND).

AN ALTERNATE, SAFER, PROCEDURE WOULD STORE THE PATCHED PROGRAM FIRST, AND THEN AFTER TRYING THE MODIFIED PROGRAM, THE OLD PROGRAM WOULD BE DELETED.

EXAMPLE:

```

↑C
*LOAD MTO:DOSAO.BIN          (LOAD PROGRAM)
*MOD 3450                    (MODIFY PROGRAM)
003450 012737 000000
*MOD 3766
003766 012737 000000
003770 000005 000000
*DEL MTO:DOSAO.BIN          (DELETE OLD PROGRAM)
*DUMP MTO:DOSA1.BIN        (STORE MODIFIED PROGRAM)
*LOAD MTO:DOSA1.BIN        (LOAD NEW PROGRAM)
*START 200                  (TRY OUT NEW PROGRAM)

```

IT IS IMPORTANT WHEN IMPLEMENTING DEPO'S THAT THE NAME OF THE PROGRAM REFLECT THE DEPO LEVEL OF THE PROGRAM. SEE APPENDIX D. PROGRAM NAMING CONVENTIONS.

6.2 REPLACING PROGRAMS WITH NEWER VERSIONS, OR  
-----  
ADDING NEW PROGRAMS  
-----

TO REPLACE A PROGRAM, OR TO ADD A NEW ONE:

- A. DELETE OLD PROGRAM IF REPLACING IT,

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B. LOAD NEW PROGRAM INTO MEMORY,  
C. DUMP PROGRAM ONTO DEVICE.

## EXAMPLE 1:

```
*DEL MTO:DOSA1.BIN      (DELETE OLD PROGRAM)
*LOAD PR:                (LOAD NEW PROGRAM )
*DUMP MTO:DOSBO.BIN     (STORE NEW PROGRAM)
*LOAD MTO:DOSBO.BIN     (LOAD NEW PROGRAM)
*START 200               (TRY NEW PROGRAM)
```

## EXAMPLE 2:

```
DEL MTO:DOSA1.BIN      ;DELETES OLD PROGRAM.
LOAD PR:                ;LOADS NEW PROGRAM FROM PAPER TAPE.
DUMP MTO:DOSBO.BIN     ;ADDS NEW PROGRAM.
LOAD MTO:DOSBO.BIN     ;CHECKS THAT PROGRAM LOADS CORRECTLY.
```

NOTE: DELETING A PROGRAM FROM CASSETTE OR MAGTAPE DOES NOT PHYSICALLY REMOVE THE PROGRAM FROM THE MEDIUM. IT STILL TAKES UP SPACE. TO CLEAN UP THE CASSETTE OR MAGTAPE, IT MUST BE COPIED VIA ITS TROP MONITOR'S COPY ROUTINE, WHICH COPIES ONLY "GOOD" FILES.

```
*PIP MTO:OVLY.BIN+PR:   (PIP TO MTO: FROM PR:)
*LOAD MTO:OVLY.BIN     (LOAD OVERLAY)
```

RELOADING OF A PROGRAM THAT HAS BEEN "PIPPED" DIRECTLY TO A DEVICE IS IMPORTANT, TO INSURE THAT NO READING ERRORS HAVE OCCURRED. THE PIP COMMAND DOES NOT CHECKSUM INPUT DATA.

### 6.3 GENERATING A TROP MEDIUM

-----

IT MAY BE DESIRABLE TO CREATE A CUSTOM MADE MEDIUM CONTAINING ONLY THOSE PROGRAMS REQUIRED TO TEST A PARTICULAR SYSTEM. AS AN EXAMPLE, SUCH A MEDIUM COULD CONTAIN:

- A. PROCESSOR TESTS
- B. MEMORY TESTS
- C. I/O PROGRAMS FOR THAT SYSTEM

WITH SUCH A MEDIUM, THE ENTIRE SYSTEM COULD BE TESTED USING THE CHAIN MODE OF OPERATION, WITHOUT HAVING TO SWITCH DECTAPES, OR CASSETTES.

THE PROCEDURES FOR GENERATING A NEW MEDIUM FOLLOW.

#### 6.3.1 CREATING A NEW TROP MAGTAPE

-----

- A. MOUNT "NEW" MAGTAPE ON DRIVE 0
- B. PERFORM THE FOLLOWING COMMANDS:

FOR A TR79F

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ZERO: MTO:  
 LOAD DKO:TRDP.BIN  
 SAVE MTO:TRDP.SAV  
 DUMP MTO:TRDP.BIN  
 LOAD DKO:UPDTR.BIN  
 DUMP MTO:UPDTR.BIN

6.3.9 CREATING A TRDP MEDIUM - COMMON PROCEDURE  
 -----

ONCE THE MONITOR HAS BEEN SAVED ON THE MEDIUM, UPD2TR.BIN SHOULD BE SAVED:

FILEF DEV1:<DEVO:UPD?.BIN ; TRANSFERS UPD1.BIN AND UPD2TR.BIN

CONTIGUOUS (CORE-IMAGE) FILES SHOULD BE TRANSFERRED NEXT (TO GUARANTEE ROOM ON THE MEDIUM). THIS CAN BE DONE VIA THE FILEF COMMAND:

FILEF DEV1:<DEVO:A.SAV ; TRANSFER A.SAV

FROM THIS POINT ON, THE DESIRED PROGRAMS ARE TRANSFERRED FROM THE INPUT MEDIA TO THE OUTPUT MEDIUM VIA THE FILEF COMMAND. USE OF THE SPECIAL FEATURES CAN CONSIDERABLY INCREASE THE NUMBER OF COMMANDS REQUIRED. FOR EXAMPLE, TO TRANSFER ALL DECTAPE DIAGNOSTICS TO THE NEW MEDIUM A SINGLE FILEF COMMAND WILL SUFFICE:

FILEF DEV1:<DEVO:XTC???.\* ; TRANSFERS ALL PROGRAMS WHOSE  
 ; NAMES START WITH "XTC"

AFTER ALL THE DESIRED FILES HAVE BEEN STORED ON THE NEW MEDIUM, IT SHOULD BE TESTED VIA THE FILET, FILEL, AND FILEG COMMANDS:

FILET DEV1:\*.\*/LP ; READ EVERY FILE ON THE NEW MEDIUM,  
 ; LISTING ALL INFORMATION ON THE  
 ; LINE PRINTER  
 FILEL DEV1:\*.BI?/N ; LOAD ALL ABS FORMAT FILES  
 ; TO VERIFY THAT NO ERRORS  
 ; OCCUR. LIST ERRORS ONLY.  
 FILEG DEV1:\*.SA?/N ; LOAD ALL CONTIGUOUS FILES TO  
 ; VERIFY THAT NO ERRORS OCCUR.  
 ; LIST ERRORS ONLY.

IT IS ALSO A GOOD IDEA TO DUPLICATE THE NEW MEDIUM TO PROVIDE A BACKUP.



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## APPENDIX B. UPD2TR PROGRAM COMMANDS

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FILL<CR>                SETS UP TERMINAL FOR CORRECT PRINT
                        AFTER CRLF.

CLR<CR>                 CLEARS CORE BELOW UPDATE PROGRAM

XFR<CR>                 PERMITS MAKING PROGRAM SELF-STARTING,
                        OR NON SELF-STARTING.

DUMP DEV:FILNAM.EXT     WRITES MEMORY CONTENTS IN ABS FORMAT

LOAD DEV:DILNAM.EXT     LOADS ABS FORMAT PROGRAM (.BIN, .BIC)

PIP DEV1:FILNAM.EXT+DEV2:FILNAM.EXT  COPIES FILE FROM ONE DEVICE TO ANOTHER.

SAVE DEV:FILNAM.EXT     WRITES MEMORY CONTENTS ONTO CONTIGUOUS BLOCKS

GET DEV:FILNAM.EXT      LOADS CORE IMAGE PROGRAM

MOD ADR                 MODIFIES CORE CONTENTS

CORE                   TYPES PROTECTION LIMITS

LOCORE ADR             ENTERS LOW PROTECTION LIMIT

HICORE ADR             ENTERS HIGH PROTECTION LIMIT

DIR DEV:               TYPES DEV DIRECTORY ON TTY

DIRLP DEV:             TYPES DEV DIRECTORY ON LINE PRINTER.

DEL DEV:FILNAM.EXT     DELETES FILE FROM DEV DIRECTORY

ZERO DEV:              ZEROES DEVICE DIRECTORY

BOOT DEV:              LOADS BLOCK 0 OF DEV STARTING AT LOC 000000
SAVM DEV:              WRITES 4K ONTO DEV STARTING AT BLOCK 30

START                  STARTS PROGRAM AT LOC 000000

START ADR              STARTS PROGRAM AT ADR

ACT                    PUTS UPD2TR PROGRAM IN "ACT MODE"

NOTACT                 TAKES UPD2TR PROGRAM OUT OF "ACT MODE"

FILE DEV:<DEV:FILENAM.EXT  COPIES FILE(S) FROM ONE DEVICE TO
                        ANOTHER, DELETING FILE OF SAME NAME
                        BEFORE DOING THE TRANSFER

FILEF DEV:<DEV:FILNAM.EXT  SAME AS FILE EXCEPT THAT WITH CASSETTE OR
                        MAGTAPE FAST TRANSFERS ARE PERFORMED (NO DIR CHE

```

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1699	FILET DEV:FILNAM.EXT	READS FILE AND CHECKS FOR DEVICE ERRORS (FILE "TEST")
1700		
1701		
1702	FILEL DEV:FILNAM.EXT	LOADS FILES (ASSUMES ABS FORMAT) CHECKING FOR DEVICE AND CHECKSUM ERRORS
1703		
1704		
1705	FILEG DEV:FILNAM.EXT	LOADS FILES (ASSUMES CONTIGUOUS FORMAT) CHECKING FOR DEVICE AND FILE SIZE ERRORS
1706		
1707		
1708	FILED DEV:FILNAM.EXT	DELETES NAMED FILES
1709		
1710	FILCMP DEV:<DEV:FILNAM.EXT	COMPARES TWO FILES AGAINST EACH OTHER ON TWO TROP MEDIUMS.
1711		
1712		
1713	PATCH	ENABLE THE USER TO PATCH A PROGRAM.
1714		
1715	TEXT DEV:FILNAM.EXT	CREATES TEXT FILE FOR PRINTING OR FOR COMMAND EXECUTION
1716		
1717		
1718	PRINT DEV:FILNAM.EXT	OUTPUTS A FILE TO THE LINE PRINTER (ASSUMES IT ENDS WITH A ↑Z)
1719		
1720		
1721	TYPE DEV:FILNAM.EXT	OUTPUTS A FILE TO THE CONSOLE TERMINAL
1722		
1723	DO DEV:FILNAM.EXT	EXECUTES A COMMAND FILE.
1724		
1725	ASG PHYSICAL = LOGICAL	ASSIGNS A PHYSICAL DEVICE TO A LOGICAL DEVICE NAME
1726		
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1728	EOT	WRITES END OF TAPE MARK (FILE) ON MAGTAPE OR CASSETTE AFTER TAPE HAS BEEN POSITIONED.
1729		
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1731	PATCH DEV:FILNAM.EXT	ENABLES PATCHING CAPABILITIES TO A FILE ON THE TROP MEDIA.
1732		
1733		
1734	FILCMP DEV:=DEV:FILNAM.EXT	COMPARES TWO FILES WITH EACH OTHER.
1735		
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1738	↑C (CONTROL C)	RETURNS TO COMMAND MODE (OPEN OUTPUT FILE IS CLOSED).
1739		
1740	↑Z (CONTROL Z)	ENDS INPUT TO A TEXT FILE
1741		
1742		
1743	*	USED FOR FILE NAMING TO MEAN "ANY" (ANY FILE NAME OR ANY FILE EXTENSION)
1744		
1745	?	USED FOR FILE NAMING TO INDICATE A WILD CHARACTER (ANY CHARACTER WILL MATCH IT)
1746		
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1748		
1749	* OR ;	USED IN A FILE OF EXECUTABLE COMMANDS TO START A COMMENT LINE WHICH IS TO BE TYPED DURING EXECUTION
1750		
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1753	\$	SAME AS * BUT CAUSES A HALT AFTER

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DMQXAB.M11

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THE COMMENT IS PRINTED

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1777APPENDIX C. PERIPHERALS SUPPORTED BY UPDATE PROGRAMS  
-----

TRDP SUPPORTS OR WILL SUPPORT THE FOLLOWING DEVICES:

PR: PC11 HIGH SPEED PAPER TAPE READER (UPD2TR)  
PP: PC11 HIGH SPEED PAPER TAPE PUNCH (UPD2TR)  
KB: TTY KEYBOARD, OR LOW SPEED READER (UPD2TR)  
PT: TTY PRINTER AND PUNCH (UPD2TR)

DKN: RK11/RK05 DISK (UPD2TR, N=0-3)  
MTN: TR79F MAGTAPE 9 TRACK (UPD2TR, N=0)  
CTN: TA11 CASSETTE (UPD2TR, N=0 OR 1).

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APPENDIX D. PROGRAM NAMING CONVENTIONS

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 THE FOLLOWING PROGRAM NAMING CONVENTION HAS BEEN USED FOR TRDP.  
 ITS USE WILL PERMIT USERS TO DETERMINE BOTH THE VERSION, AND THE  
 MCN LEVEL OF THE STORED PROGRAMS. CONTINUED USE OF THIS SCHEME WHEN  
 PROGRAMS ARE UPDATED IN THE FIELD IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED.

```

D      ZFPKA#
↑      ↑↑↑↑↑↑
I      II III
I      II III-----# = INDICATES MCN LEVEL
I      II II      0 = INDICATES NO MCN ISSUED
I      II II-----A THRU 2 = REVISION DESIGNATION
I      II I-----A THRU 2 = PROGRAM DESIGNATION
I      II      0 THRU 9 = OVERLAY DESIGNATION
I      II-----2 DIGITS = OPTION DESIGNATION
I      I-----A = 11/05, 15, 20 PROCESSORS
I      B = 11/25 PROCESSOR
I      C = 11/45 PROCESSOR
I      Z = ALL PROCESSORS
I
I-----D INDICATES A DIAGNOSTIC PROGRAM, AND IS NOT USED
          IN NAMING A PROGRAM.
  
```

.BIN EXTENSION USED TO STORE PROGRAM IN ABS FORMAT.  
 .SAV EXTENSION USED TO STORE PROGRAM IN CORE IMAGE FORMAT.  
 .BIC EXTENSION INDICATES ABS FORMAT CHAINABLE PROGRAM.

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7. HELP ASCII REDRENCE FILE

THIS FILE RESIDENT TO THE DIAGNOSTIC DISTRIBUTION MEDIA IS FOR QUICK COMMAND STRING REFERENCE. THE FILE CAN BE TYPED/PRINTED OUT BY USING STANDARD UPDATE COMMANDS.

DETAILED CHM'D DISCRPTION REFERENCE TRDP USER MANUAL M-11-DMQXA

TRDP RESIDENT MONITOR COMMANDS

F<CR> SET CONSOLE FILL COUNT  
D<CR> DIRECTORY ON THE TTY CONSOLE  
D/F<CR> SHORT DIRECTORY ON THE TTY CONSOLE  
D/L<CR> DIRECTORY ON THE LINE PRINTER  
D/L/F<CR> SHORT DIRECTORY ON THE LINE PRINTER  
R FILENAME<CR> STARTS THE INDICATED PROGRAM  
L FILENAME<CR> LOADS THE INDICATED PROGRAM  
S FILENAME<CR> STARTS THE DESIRED PROGRAM THAT WAS LOADED UNDER "L" COMMAND.  
S ADDR<CR> STARTS PROGRAM AT SPECIFIED ADDRESS  
C FILENAME<CR> RUNS DESIRED CHAIN TABLE  
C FILENAME/QV<CR> RUNS DESIRED CHAIN IN QUICK VERIFY

XXDP RESIDENT MONITOR ERRORS

INVCMD/SW INVALID COMMAND AND/OR SWITCH, CHECK COMMAND JUST GIVEN.  
DEVERR DEVICE ERROR ON INPUT DEVICE.  
EOM END OF MEDIUM, OCCURS DURING INPUT OPERATIONS WHEN THE PROGRAM ATTEMPTS TO INPUT AND THE FILE IS AT AN END. SERIOUS PROBLEM. FILE IN STORAGE IS PROBABLY WIPED OUT.  
INVAOR INVALID ADDRESS. MUST BE EVEN.  
CKSMER CHECKSUM ERROR DURING "LOAD" COMMAND.  
POFLO PROGRAM TOO LARGE TO LOAD WITHIN AVAILABLE CORE SPACE.  
INVNAM INVALID CHARACTER USED FOR FILE NAME  
NEXFIL NON-EXISTENT FILE, FILE DOES NOT EXIST ON MEDIUM

UPD2 PROGRAM COMMANDS

FILL<CR> SETS UP TERMINAL FOR CORRECT PRINT AFTER CRLF.  
CLR<CR> CLEARS CORE BELOW UPDATE PROGRAM  
XFR<CR> PERMITS MAKING PROGRAM SELF-STARTING, OR NON SELF-STARTING.  
DUMP DEV:FILNAM.EXT ADR WRITES MEMORY CONTENTS IN ABS FORMAT  
LOAD DEV:FILNAM.EXT LOADS ABS FORMAT PROGRAM (.BIN, .BIC)  
PIP DEV1:FILNAM.EXT+DEV2:FILNAM.EXT COPY FILE FROM DEVICE TO DEVICE  
SAVE DEV:FILNAM.EXT ADR WRITES MEMORY CONTENTS ONTO CONTIGUOUS BLOCKS  
GET DEV:FILNAM.EXT READ CONTIGUOUS BLOCKS INTO MEMORY  
MOD ADR MODIFIES CORE CONTENTS

1868	CORE	TYPES PROTECTION LIMITS
1869	LOCORE ADR	ENTERS LOW PROTECTION LIMIT
1870	HICORE ADR	ENTERS HIGH PROTECTION LIMIT
1871	DIR DEV:	TYPES DEV DIRECTORY ON TTY
1872	DIRLP DEV:	TYPES DEV DIRECTORY ON LINE PRINTER.
1873	DEL DEV: FILNAM.EXT	DELETES FILE FROM DEV DIRECTORY
1874	ZERO DEV:	ZERO DEVICE DIRECTORY
1875	BOOT DEV:	LOADS BLOCK 0 OF DEV STARTING AT LOC 000000
1876	SAVM DEV:	WRITES 4K ONTO DEV STARTING AT BLOCK 30
1877	START	STARTS PROGRAM AT ITS TRANSFER ADDRESS
1878	START ADR	STARTS PROGRAM AT ADR
1879	ACT	UPD2 "ACT MODE"
1880	NOTACT	UPD2 OUT OF "ACT MODE"
1881	FILE DEV: <DEV: FILNAM.EXT	COPIES FILE(S) FROM ONE DEVICE TO
1882		ANOTHER, DELETING FILE OF SAME NAME
1883		BEFORE DOING THE TRANSFER
1884	FILEF DEV: <DEV: FILNAM.EXT	SAME AS FILE EXCEPT THAT WITH CASSETTE OR
1885		MAGTAPE FAST TRANSFERS ARE PERFORMED (NO DIR CHECKING)
1886	FILET DEV: FILNAM.EXT	READS FILE AND CHECKS FOR DEVICE
1887		ERRORS (FILE "TEST")
1888	FILEL DEV: FILNAM.EXT	LOADS FILES (ASSUMES ABS FORMAT)
1889		CHECKING FOR DEVICE AND CHECKSUM ERRORS
1890	FILEG DEV: FILNAM.EXT	LOADS FILES (ASSUMES CONTIGUOUS FORMAT)
1891		CHECKING FOR DEVICE AND FILE SIZE ERRORS
1892	FILED DEV: FILNAM.EXT	DELETES NAMED FILES
1893	TEXT DEV: FILNAM.EXT	CREATES TEXT FILE FOR PRINTING
1894		OR FOR COMMAND EXECUTION
1895	PATCH DEV: FILNAM.EXT <CR>	ENABLES THE USER TO PATCH AN ABS FORMAT PROGRAM
1896		ON ANY XXDP RANDOM ACCESS DEVICE.
1897	PRINT DEV: FILNAM.EXT	OUTPUTS A FILE TO THE LINE PRINTER
1898	TYPE DEV: FILNAM.EXT	OUTPUTS A FILE TO THE CONSOLE TERMINAL
1899	DO DEV: FILNAM.EXT	EXECUTES A COMMAND FILE.
1900	ASG PHYSICAL = LOGICAL	ASSIGNS A PHYSICAL DEVICE TO A
1901		LOGICAL DEVICE NAME
1902	EOT	WRITES END OF TAPE MARK (FILE) ON MAGTAPE
1903		OR CASSETTE AFTER TAPE HAS BEEN POSITIONED.
1904	↑C (CONTROL C)	RETURN TO COMMAND MODE (OPEN OUTPUT FILE IS CLOSED).
1905	↑Z (CONTROL Z)	ENDS INPUT TO A TEXT FILE
1906	*	USED FOR FILE NAMING TO MEAN "ANY"
1907		(ANY FILE NAME OR ANY FILE EXTENSION)
1908	?	USED FOR FILE NAMING TO INDICATE A WILD
1909		CHARACTER (ANY CHARACTER WILL MATCH IT)
1910	# OR ;	USED IN A FILE OF EXECUTABLE COMMANDS
1911		TO START A COMMENT LINE WHICH IS TO
1912		BE TYPED DURING EXECUTION
1913	\$	SAME AS # BUT CAUSES A HALT AFTER
1914		THE COMMENT IS PRINTED
1915	/LP	LINE PRINTER OUTPUT
1916	/N	ABORTS TYPE OUTS
1917		
1918	ERRORS	
1919	-----	
1920	INVCMD	INVALID COMMAND
1921	INVDEV	INVALID DEVICE
1922	INVADR	INVALID ADDRESS
1923	INVNAM	INVALID FILE NAME

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NEXFIL NON-EXISTENT FILE  
 DELOLD DELETE OLD FILE BEFORE GIVING COMMAND  
 DEVERR DEVICE ERROR ON EITHER INPUT OR OUTPUT DEVICE  
 NOTROY PAPER TAPE DEVICE IS NOT READY  
 CKSMER CHECKSUM ERROR  
 EOM END OF MEDIUM  
 DEVFUL DEVICE FULL  
 INVCOR HIGH CORE LIMIT LOWER THAN LOWER CORE LIMIT  
 DIRERR INVALID NAME IN DEVICE DIRECTORY  
 DELERR BIT MAP ERROR DURING DELETE OPERATION ON DECTAPE OR DISK  
 POFLOW PROGRAM TOO LARGE TO LOAD WITHIN EXISTING CORE SPACE  
 INVSX INVALID SWITCH SPECIFIED IN COMMAND STRING  
 DUMP ERROR ACT MODE ONLY DATA DUMPED ON OUTPUT DEVICE DOES NOT MATCH

PERIPHERALS SUPPORTED BY UPDATE PROGRAMS

-----  
 PR: PC11 HIGH SPEED PAPER TAPE READER (UPD2)  
 PP: PC11 HIGH SPEED PAPER TAPE PUNCH (UPD2)  
 KB: TTY KEYBOARD OR LOW SPEED READER (UPD2)  
 PT: TTY PRINTER AND PUNCH (UPD2)  
 DKN: RK11/RK05 DISK (UPD2, N=0-3)  
 MTN: TR79F (UPD2, N=0)

CREATING A NEW XXDP DECPACK

-----  
 ZERO DK1:  
 LOAD DK0:RKDP.BIN  
 SAVM DK1:  
 DUMP DK1:RKDP.BIN  
 LOAD DK0:UPD1.BIN  
 DUMP DK1:UPD1.BIN  
 LOAD DK0:UPD2.BIN  
 DUMP DK1:UPD2.BIN

CREATING A NEW XXDP MAGTAPE (TR79F)

-----  
 ZERO: MTO:  
 LOAD DK0:TRDP.BIN  
 SAVE MTO:TRDP.SAV  
 DUMP MTO:TRDP.BIN  
 LOAD DK0:UPDTR.BIN  
 DUMP MTO:UPDTR.BIN

↑Z  
 %  
 .ENABLE ABS  
 .END

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DMQXAB.M11 SYMBOL TABLE

PC =%000007 R1 =%000001 R3 =%000003 R5 =%000005 . = 000000

ERRORS DETECTED: 0  
DEFAULT GLOBALS GENERATED: 0

\* DMQXAB.SEQ/SOL=DMQXAB.M11  
RUN-TIME: 1 3 0 SECONDS  
RUN-TIME RATIO: 108/4=23.6  
CORE USED: 5K (9 PAGES)

EOF1DMQXABSEQ 00010000 770325 PDP10 411 7